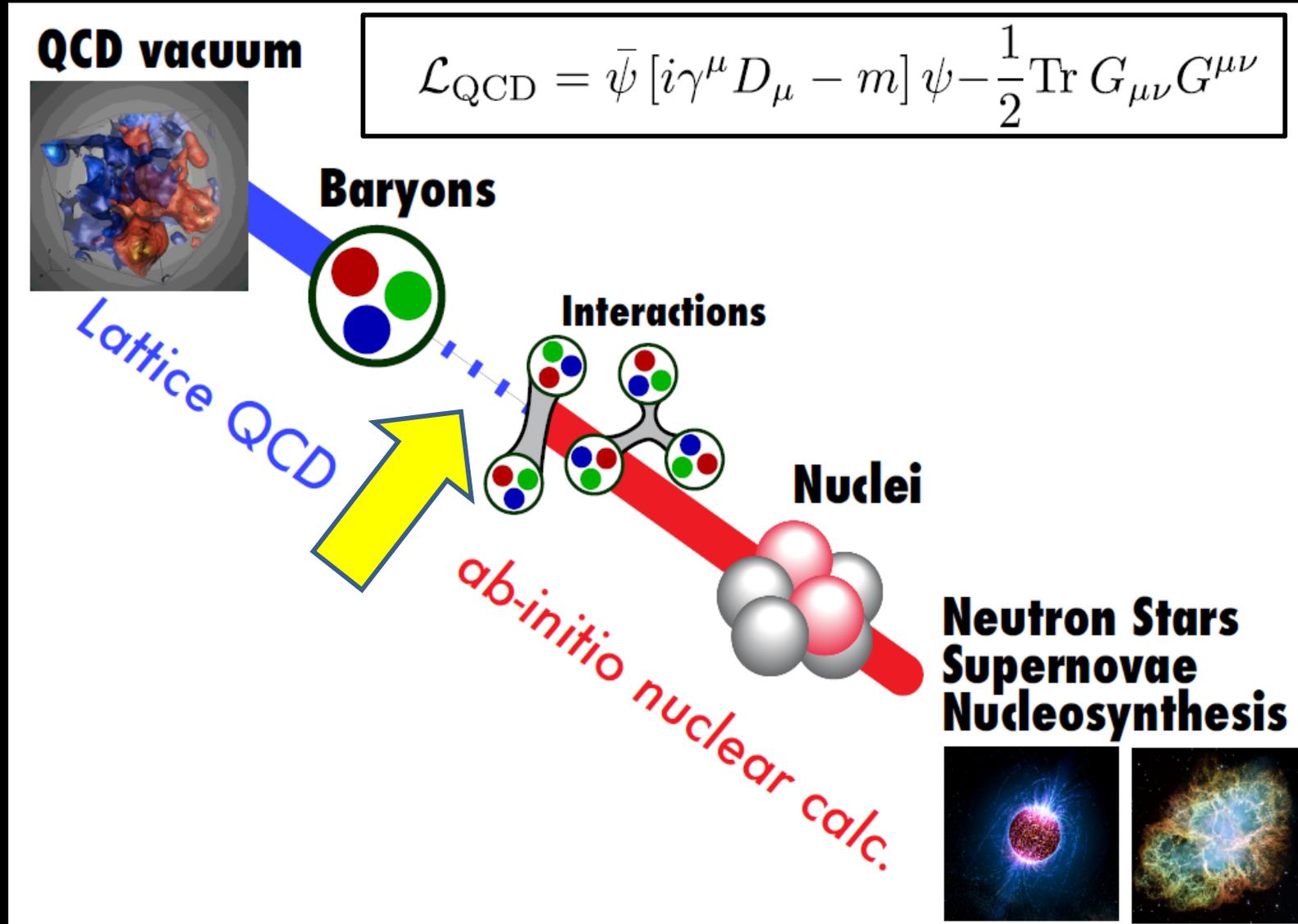


The Most Strange Dibaryon from Lattice QCD

Tetsuo Hatsuda (iTHEMS, RIKEN)



Quantum Chromodynamics (QCD)

$$\mathcal{L} = -\frac{1}{4}G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu} + \bar{q}\gamma^\mu(i\partial_\mu - gt^a A_\mu^a)q - m\bar{q}q$$

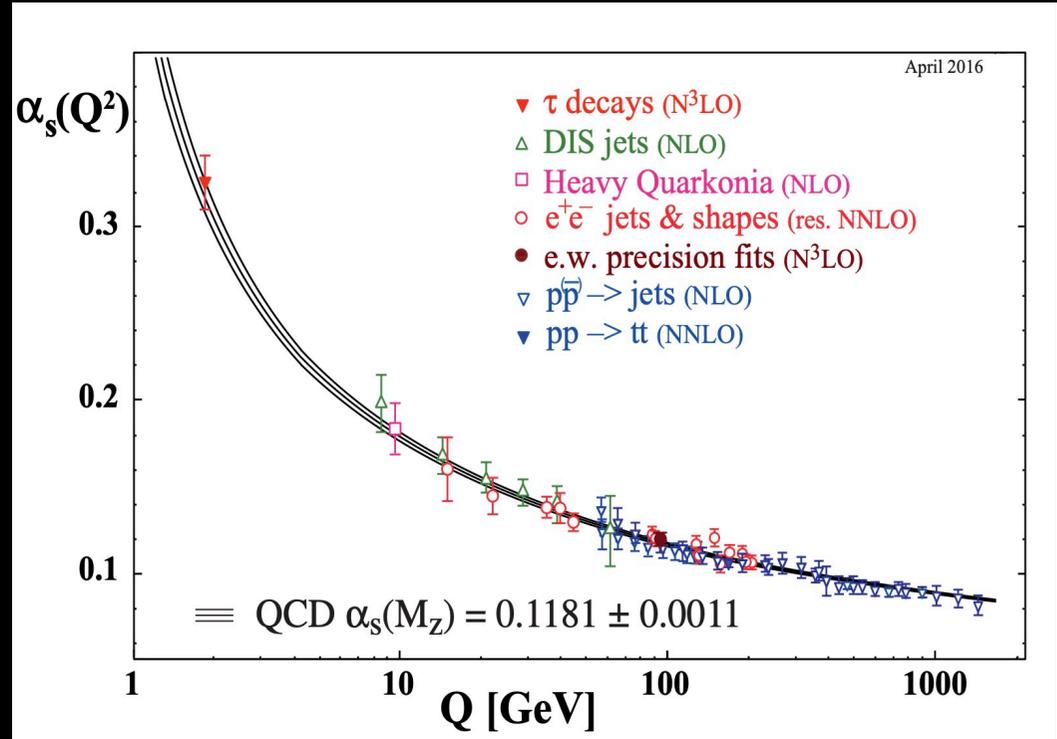
$$G_{\mu\nu}^a = \partial_\mu A_\nu^a - \partial_\nu A_\mu^a + gf_{abc}A_\mu^b A_\nu^c$$

Quark Masses

quark masses (from lattice QCD)	[MeV] (MS-bar @ 2GeV)
m_u	2.16 (9)(7)
m_d	4.68 (14)(7)
m_s	92.0(2.1)

FLAG Coll.(2016) <http://flag.unibe.ch/>

Gauge Coupling

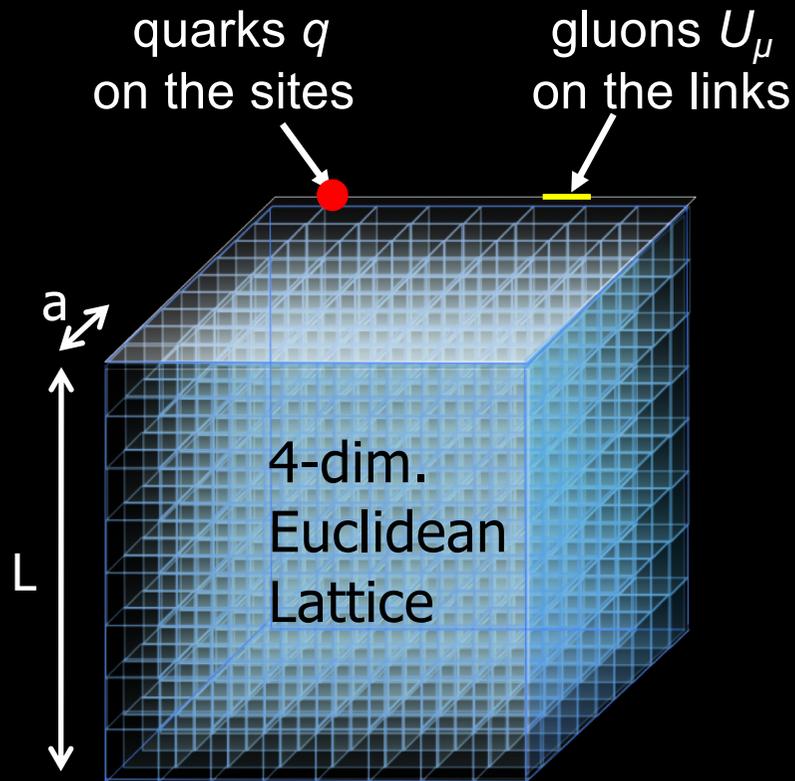


PDG (2018) <http://pdg.lbl.gov/>

Lattice QCD

Lattice QCD (LQCD)

$$Z = \int [dU][dq d\bar{q}] \exp \left[- \int d\tau d^3x \mathcal{L}_E \right]$$



Huge integration variables
 $\sim 10^{9-10}$ for 96^4 lattice

Importance Sampling

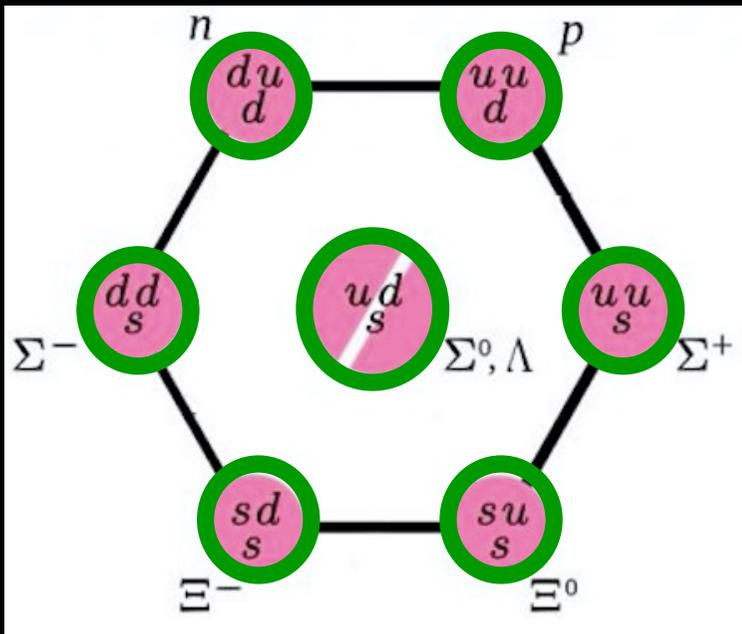
Hybrid MC = MD + Metropolis

Continuum & Thermodynamic Limits

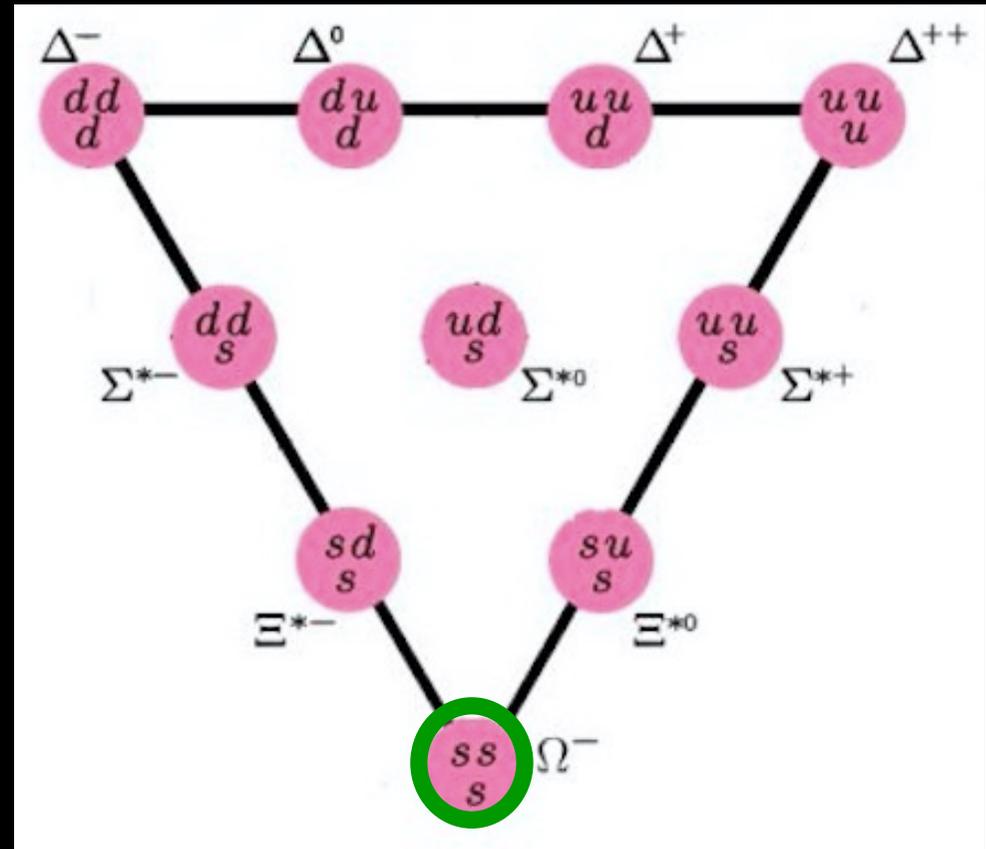
$(a \rightarrow 0 \ \& \ L \rightarrow \infty)$

B=1 system : $SU(3)_F$ classification

8 (Octet)



10 (Decuplet)

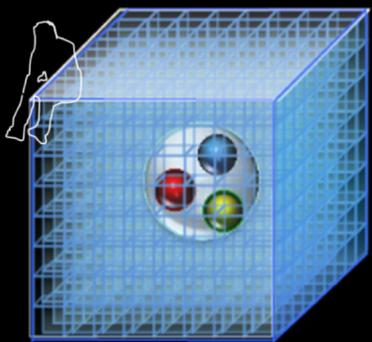


Ω^- (1672)

Weak decay ($\rightarrow \Lambda K, \Xi \pi$)

Mean Life $\sim 0.8 \times 10^{-10}$ sec

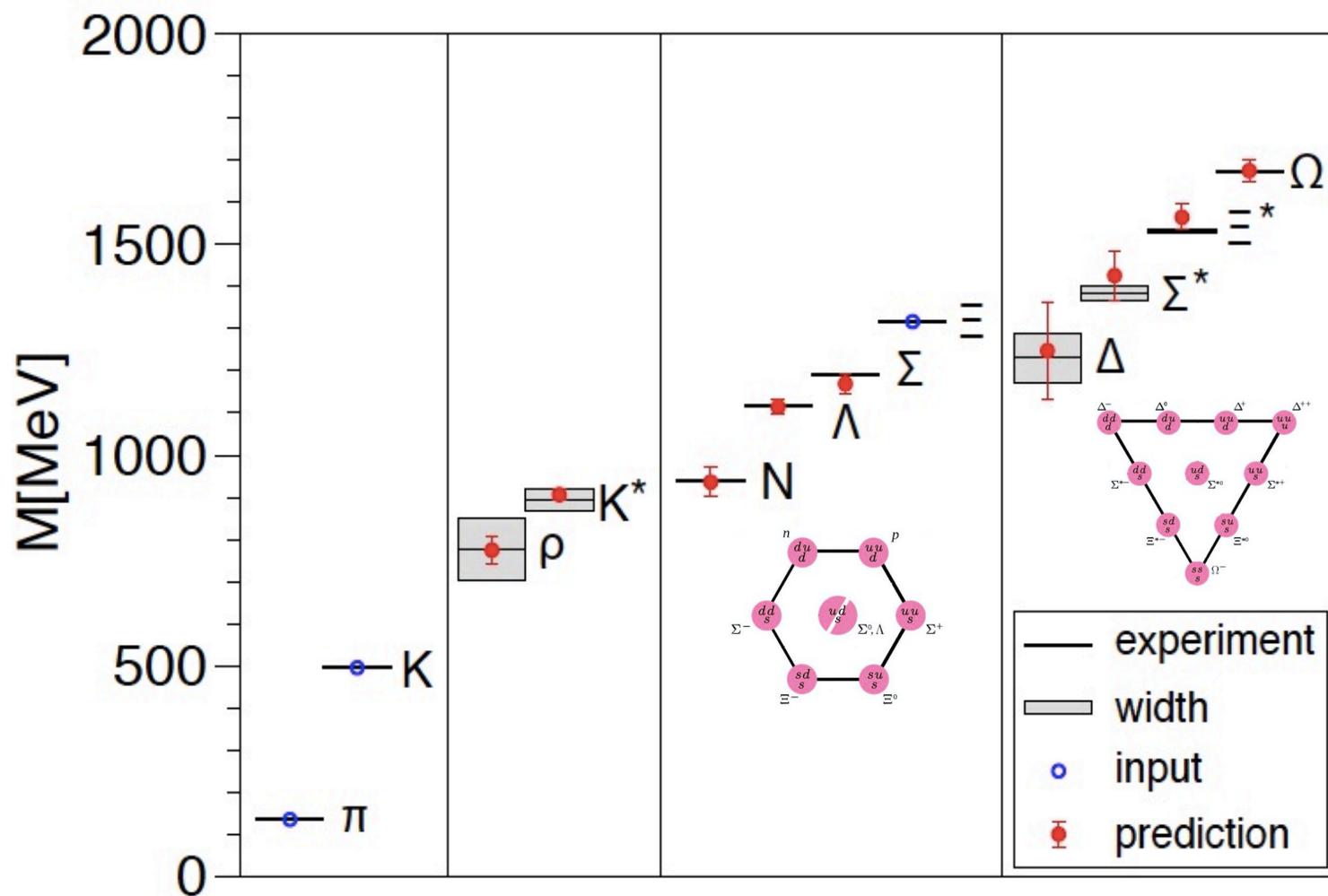
Hadron masses from LQCD



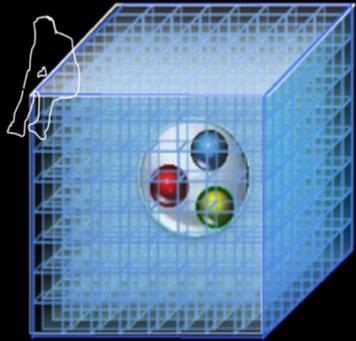
$a_{\min} = 0.065 \text{ fm}$

$L_{\max} = 4.1 \text{ fm}$

$m_{\pi, \min} = 190 \text{ MeV}$



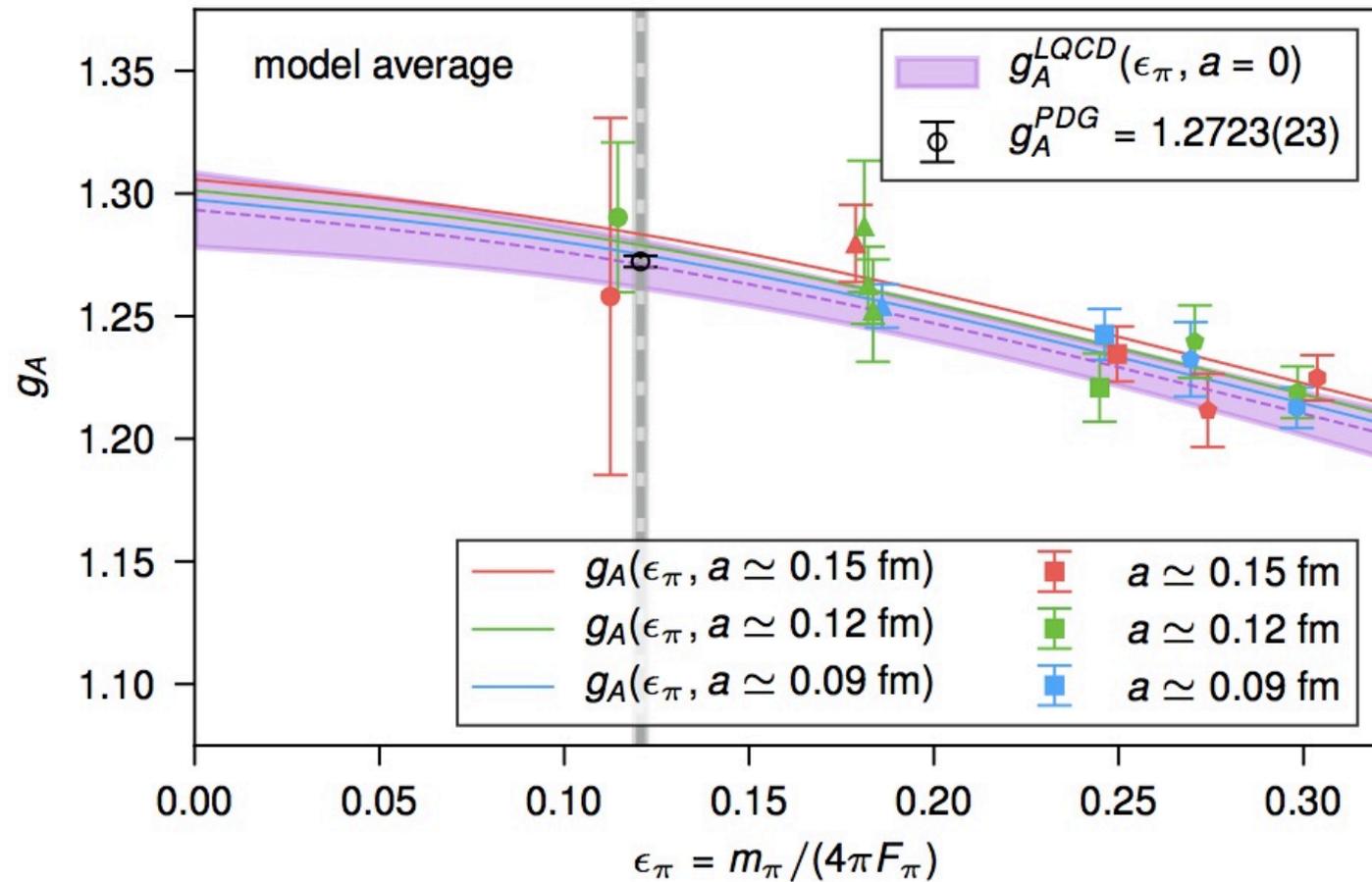
Nucleon axial charge (g_A) from LQCD



$$a_{\min} = 0.09 \text{ fm}$$

$$L_{\max} = 4.8 \text{ fm}$$

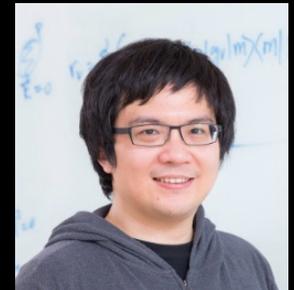
$$m_{\pi, \min} = 131 \text{ MeV}$$



$$(g_A)_{\text{lat}} = 1.2711(13)$$

$$(g_A)_{\text{exp}} = 1.2723(23)$$

Chang (iTHEMS/LBNL)+, Nature 558 (2018) 91



C. C. Chang

Baryon Interactions

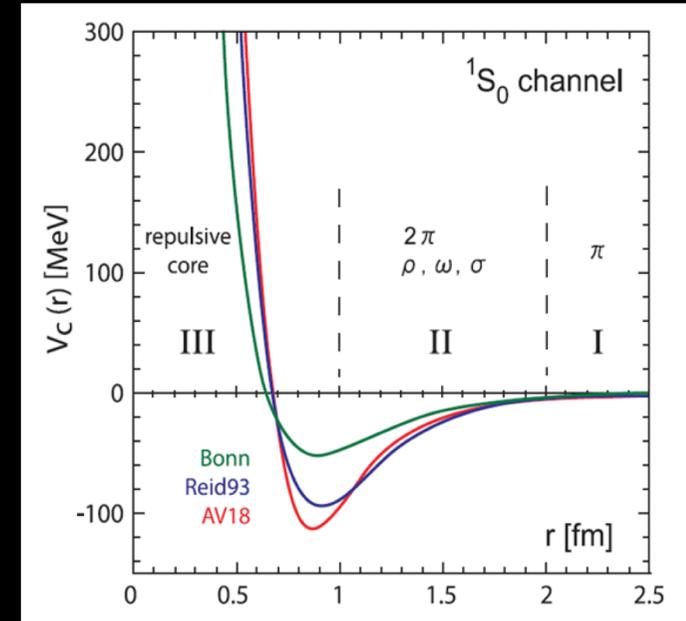
Baryon interactions from lattice QCD

- NN int.: about 4500 np and pp scattering data

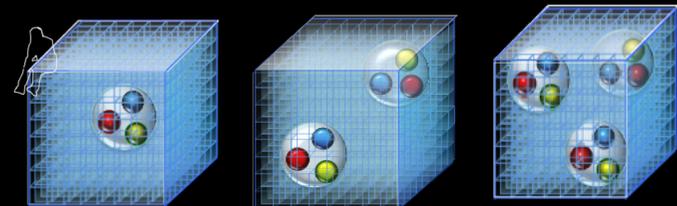
phenomenological NN interactions		# of parameters
CD Bonn	(p space)	38
AV18	(r space)	40
EFT in N ³ LO	(nπ+contact)	24

R. Machleidt, arXiv:0704.0807 [nucl-th]

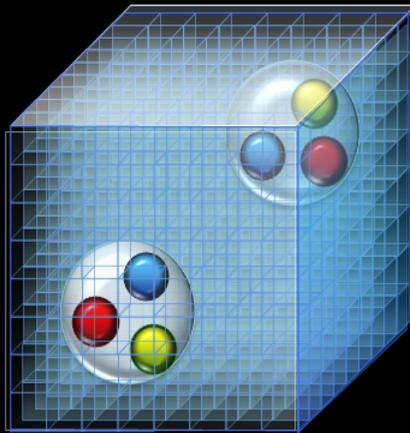
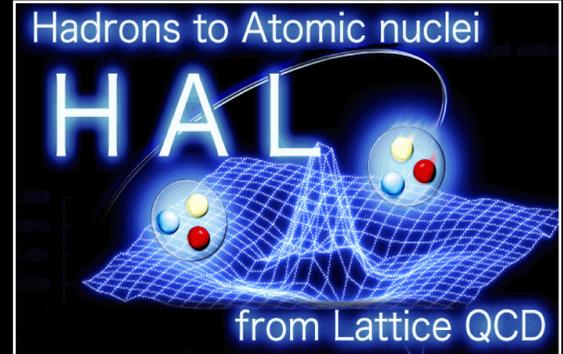
- NNN, YN, YY : data limited
- YYN, YNN, YYY : data very limited



Low energy QCD has only 4 parameters ($g, m_{u,d,s}$)



Baryon interactions from LQCD almost at physical point (HAL QCD Collaboration)



$$a = 0.085 \text{ fm}$$

$$L = 8.1 \text{ fm}$$

$$m_{\pi} = 146 \text{ MeV}$$

$$M_K = 525 \text{ MeV}$$



HAL (Hadrons to Atomic nuclei from Lattice) QCD Collaboration

S. Aoki
(YITP)

T. Doi
(RIKEN)

F. Etminan
(Birjand U.)

S. Gongyo
(RIKEN)

T. Hatsuda
(RIKEN)

Y. Ikeda
(RCNP)

T. Inoue
(Nihon U.)

N. Ishii
(RCNP)

T. Iritani
(RIKEN)

D. Kawai
(YITP)

T. Miyamoto
(YITP)

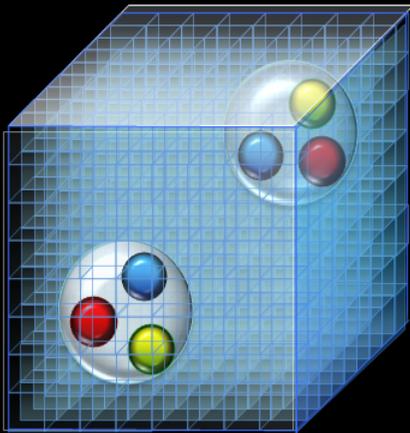
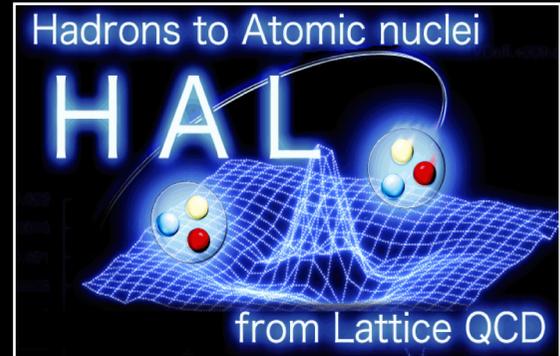
K. Murano
(RCNP)

H. Nemura
(RCNP)

T. Aoyama
(YITP)

T.M. Doi
(RIKEN)

Baryon interactions from LQCD
almost at physical point
 (HAL QCD Collaboration)



$a = 0.085 \text{ fm}$

$L = 8.1 \text{ fm}$

$m_\pi = 146 \text{ MeV}$

$M_K = 525 \text{ MeV}$



K computer at RIKEN

©RIKEN

S=0

S=-1

S=-2

S=-3

S=-4

S=-5

S=-6

NN

$N\Lambda, N\Sigma$

$\Lambda\Lambda, \Lambda\Sigma, \Sigma\Sigma, N\Xi$

$\Lambda\Xi, \Sigma\Xi$

$\Xi\Xi$

$\Xi\Omega$

$\Omega\Omega$



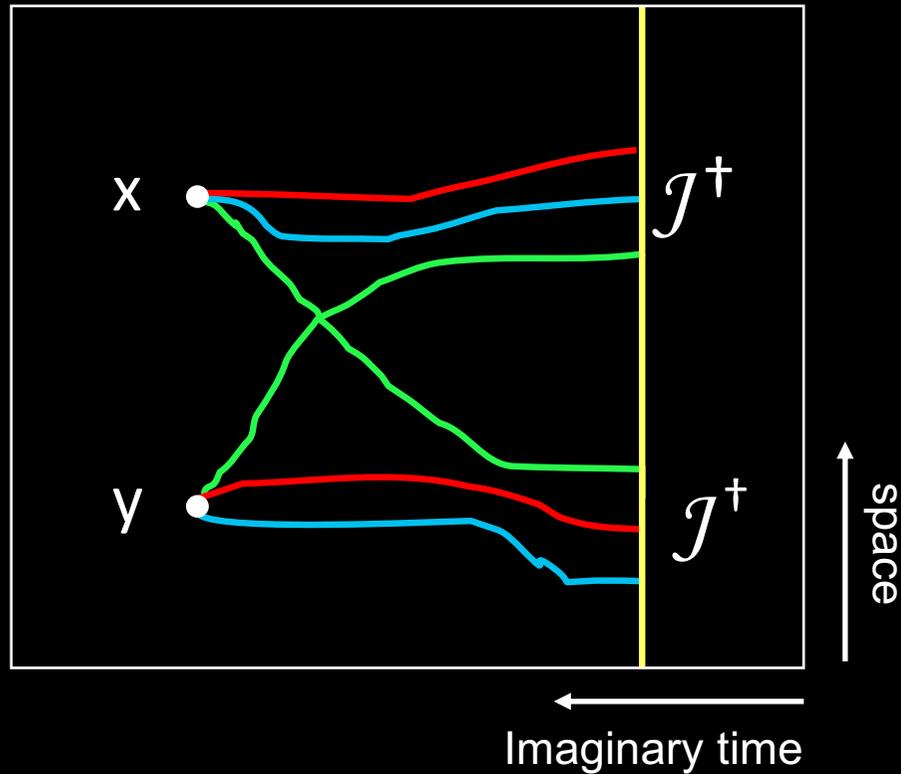
EXP

rich data

LQCD

better S/N

Scattering problem in LQCD



$$\begin{aligned} & \langle N_1(\mathbf{x}, t) N_2(\mathbf{y}, t) \mathcal{J}_1^\dagger(0) \mathcal{J}_2^\dagger(0) \rangle \\ &= \sum_n \langle 0 | N_1(\mathbf{x}) N_2(\mathbf{y}) | n \rangle a_n e^{-E_n t} \\ & \xrightarrow{t > t^*} \phi(\mathbf{r}, t) = \sum_{n < n^*} b_n \phi_n(\mathbf{r}) e^{-E_n t} \end{aligned}$$

HAL QCD Method

$\phi(\mathbf{r}, t) \rightarrow$ 2PI kernel ($T = U + GUT$) \rightarrow phase shift, binding energy

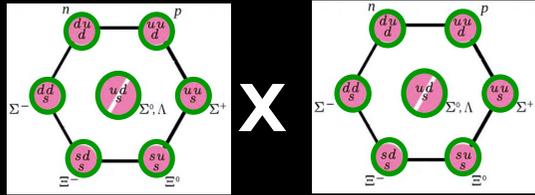
Ishii, Aoki & Hatsuda, PRL 99 (2007) 022001

Ishii+ [HAL QCD Coll.], PLB 712 (2012) 437

Results of
Physical Point Simulations
and
Their Applications

B=2 system : $SU(3)_F$ classification

c.f. M. Oka, Phys. Rev. D38 (1988)
A. Gal, arXiv:1511.06605 [nucl-th]



$$8 \times 8 = 27 + 8_s + 1 + 10^* + 10 + 8_a$$

$NN(^1S_0)$

$H_{\Lambda\Lambda-NE-\Lambda\Sigma} (^1S_0)$

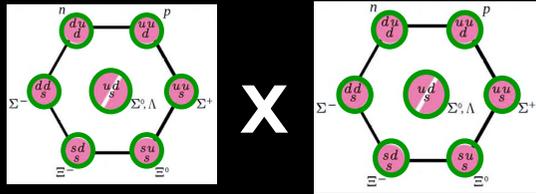
$NN(^3S_1)$

Jaffe (1977)

T. Inoue+ [HAL QCD Coll.],
arXiv:1809.08932 [hep-lat]

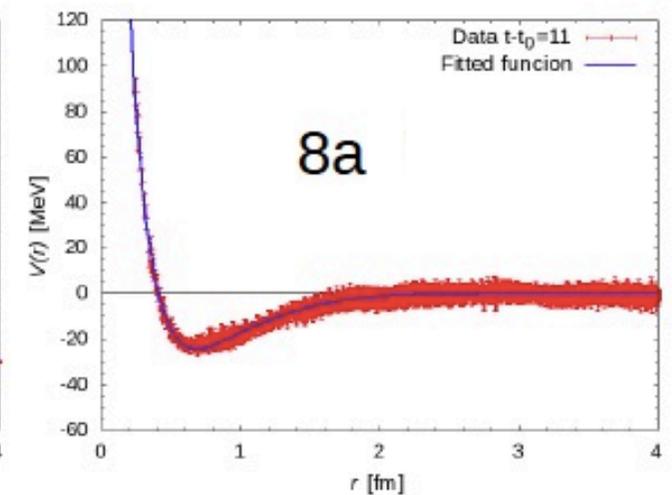
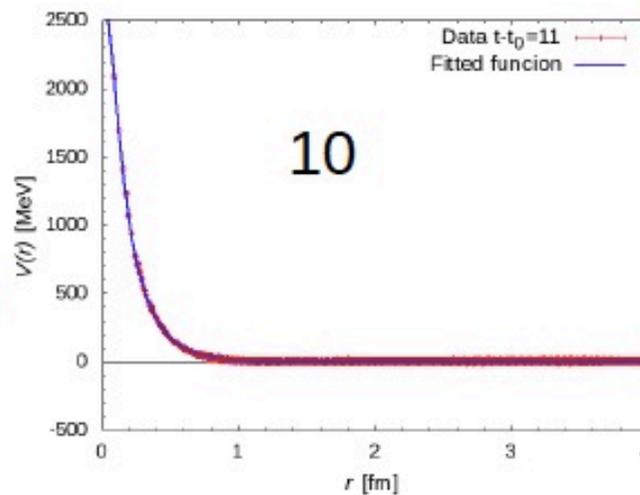
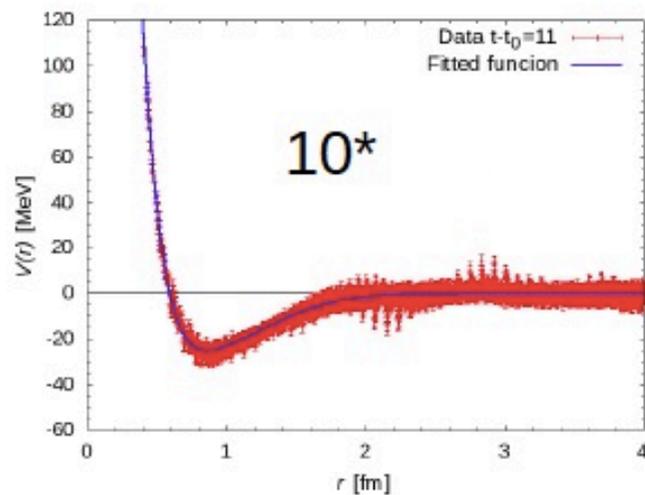
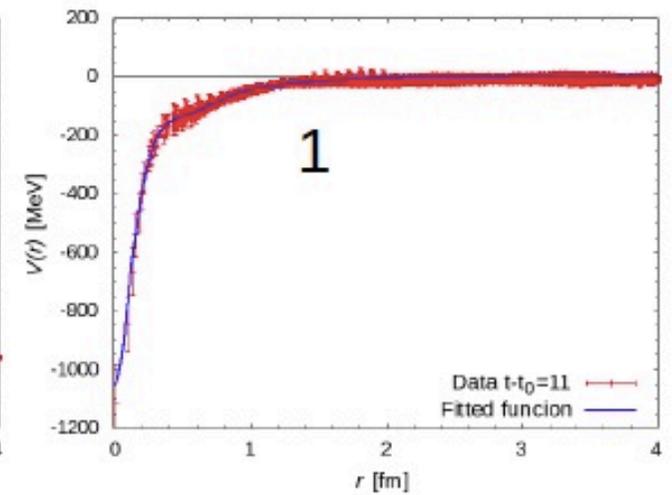
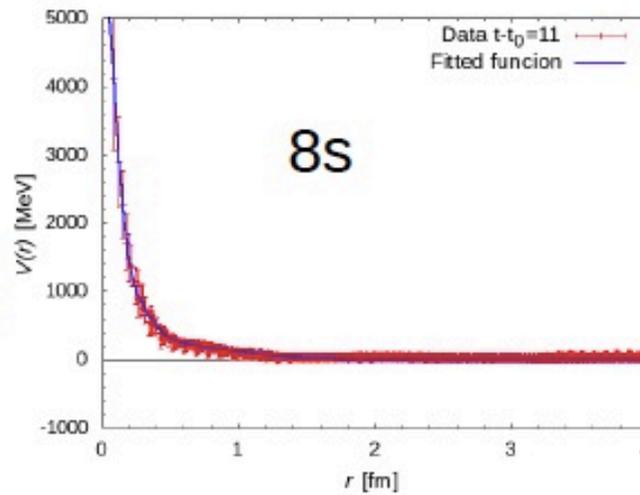
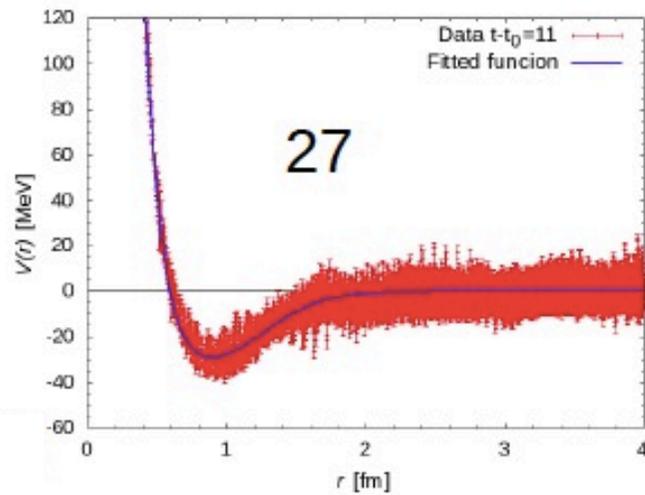


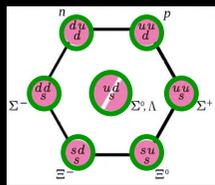
T. Inoue



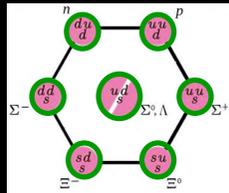
\times

$$8 \times 8 = 27 + 8_s + 1 + 10^* + 10 + 8_a$$





X

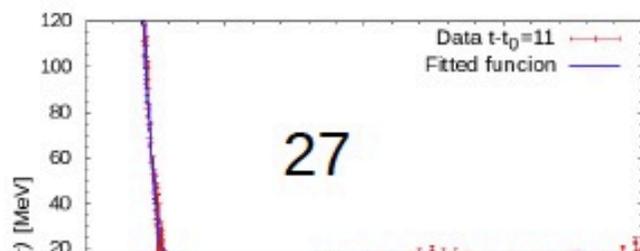


T. Inoue+ [HAL QCD Coll.],
arXiv:1809.08932 [hep-lat]

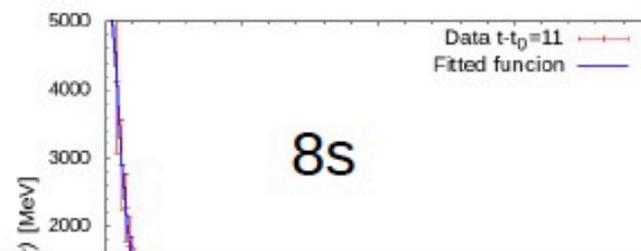


T. Inoue

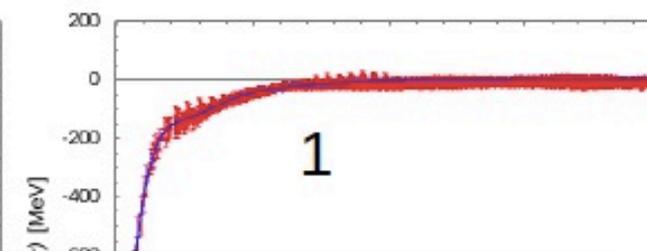
$$8 \times 8 = 27 + 8_s + 1 + 10^* + 10 + 8_a$$



27



8s

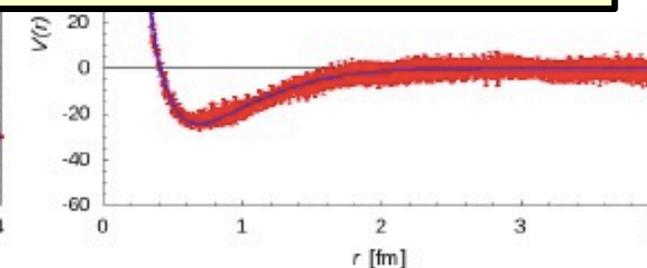
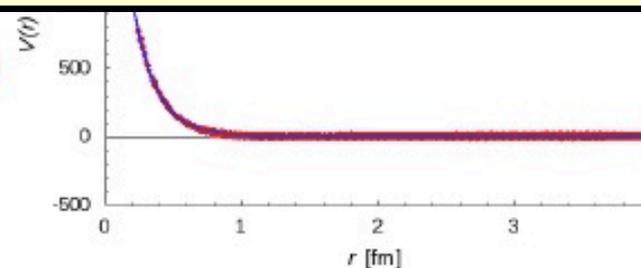
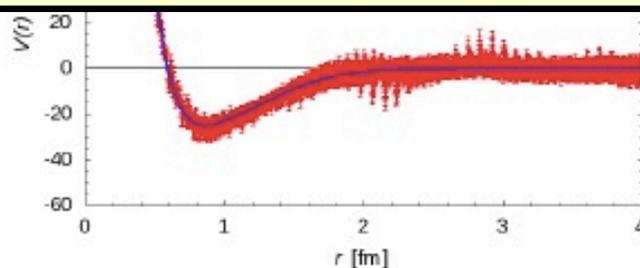


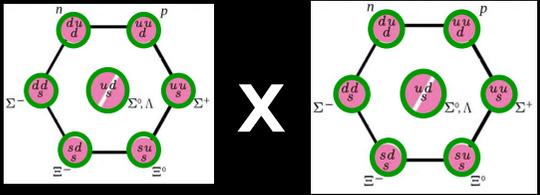
1

Repulsive core

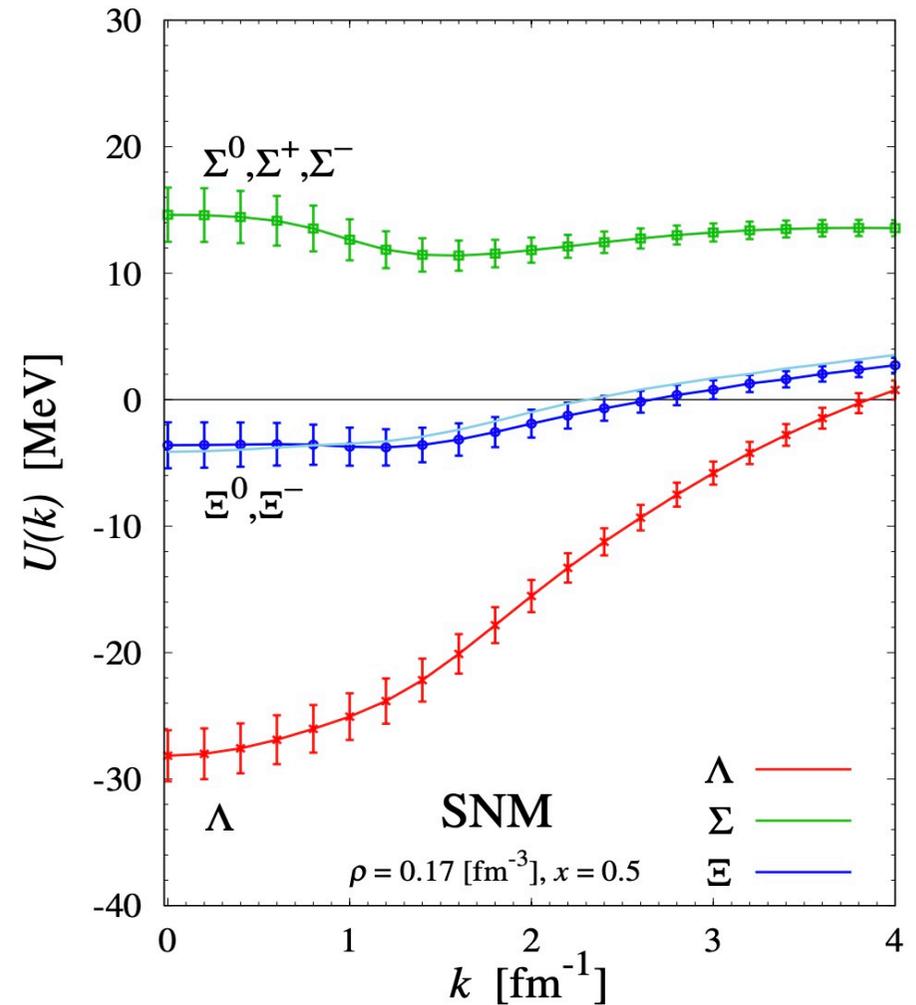
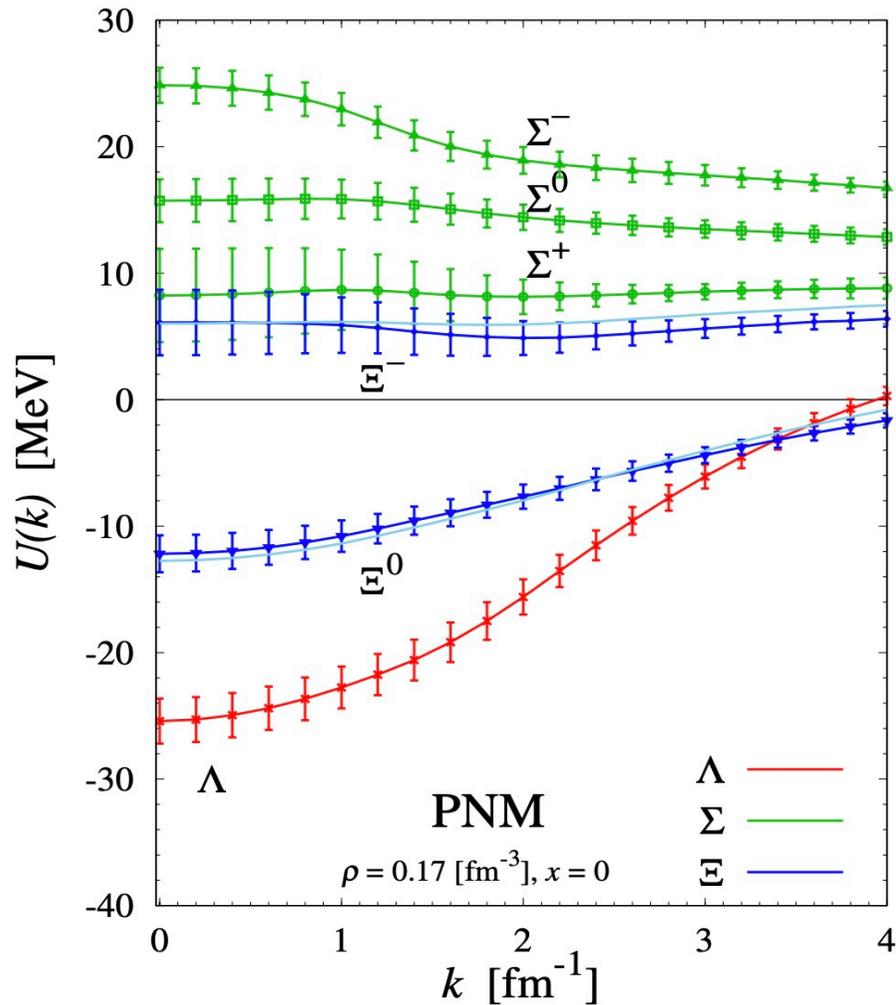
- (i) not universal
- (ii) consistent with Quark Pauli+OGE

⇔ Oka & Yazaki (1980)





$$8 \times 8 = 27 + 8_s + 1 + 10^* + 10 + 8_a$$

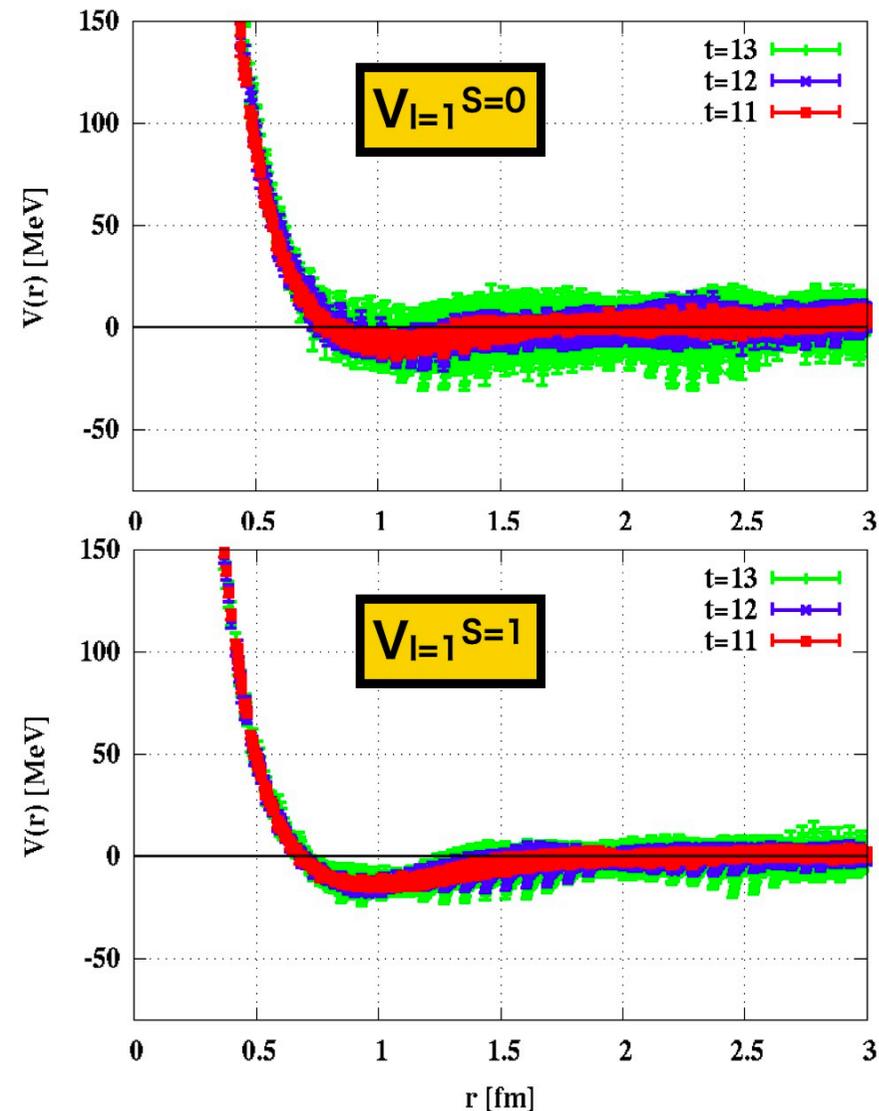
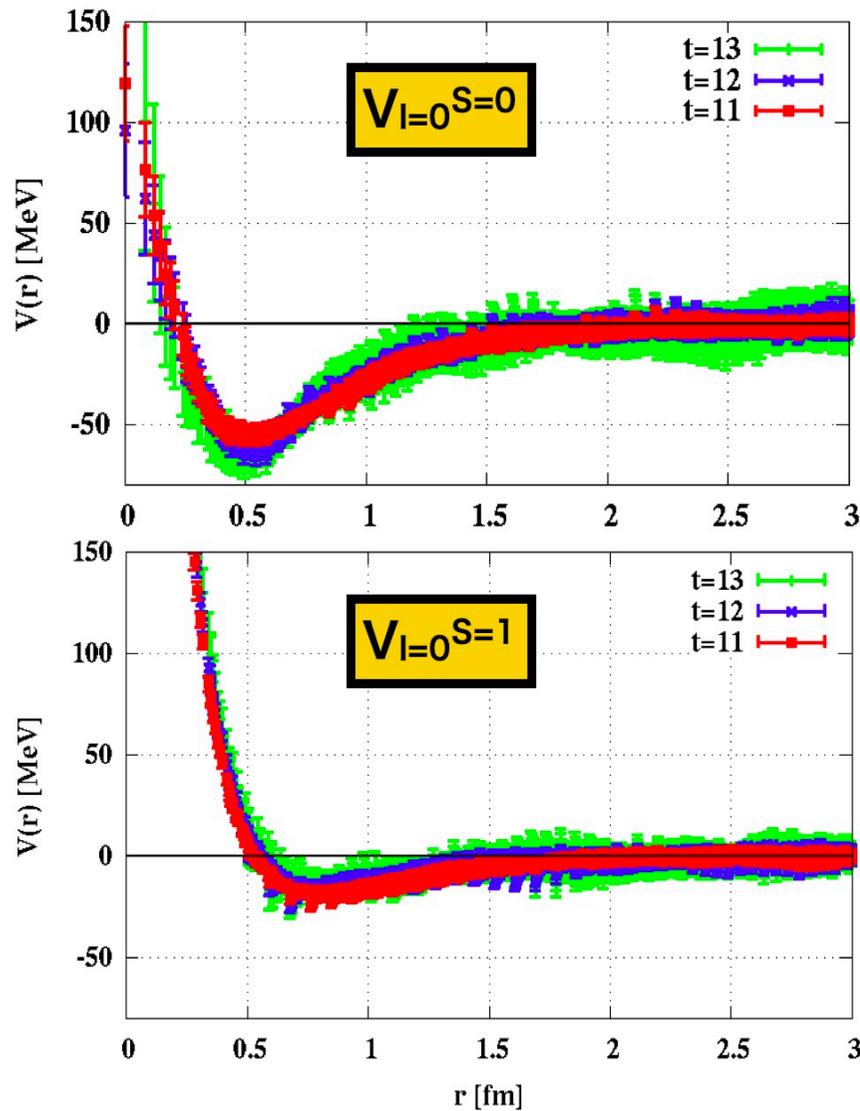


$N\Xi$ interaction $V_I^S(r)$ -- spin-Isospin dependence --

K. Sasaki+
[HAL QCD Coll.]
in preparation



K. Sasaki

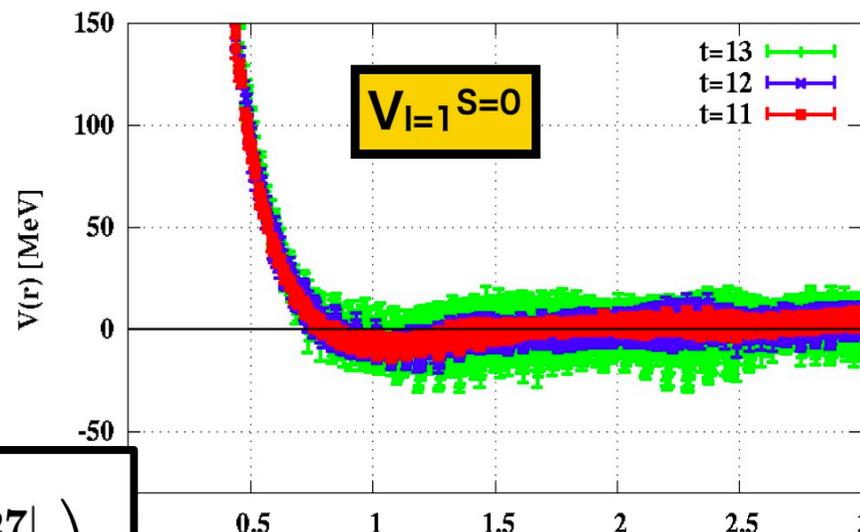
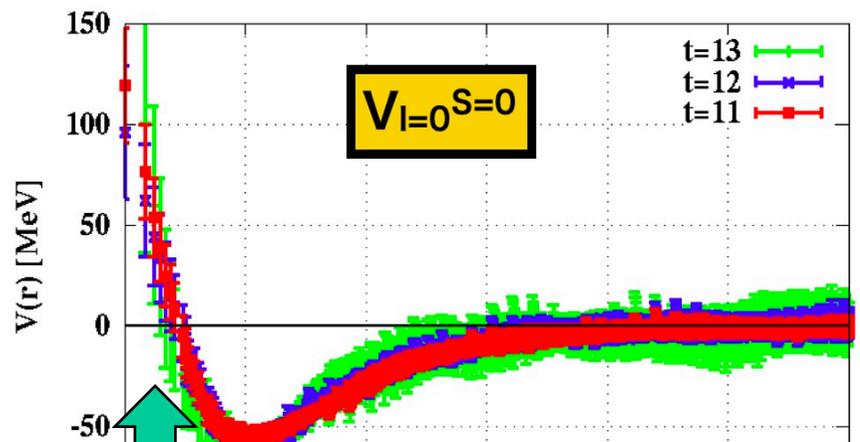


$N\Xi$ interaction $V_I^S(r)$ -- spin-Isospin dependence --

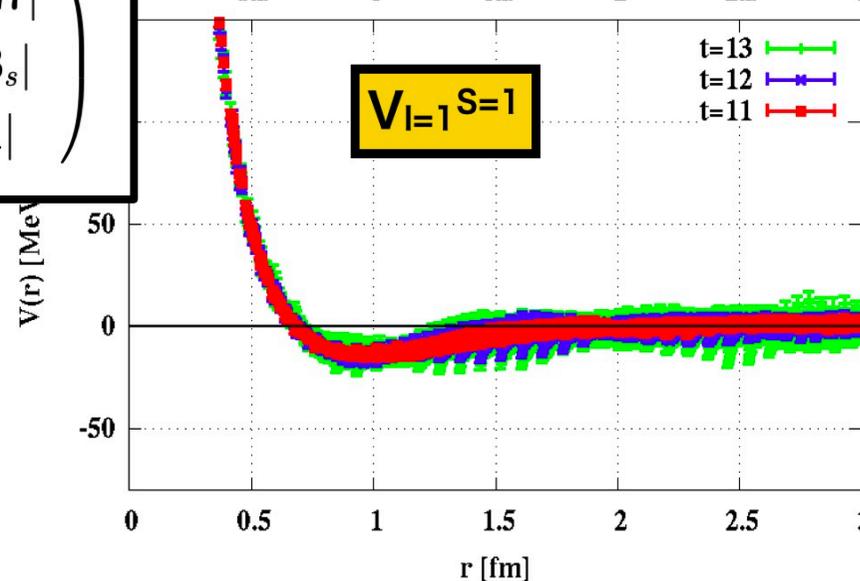
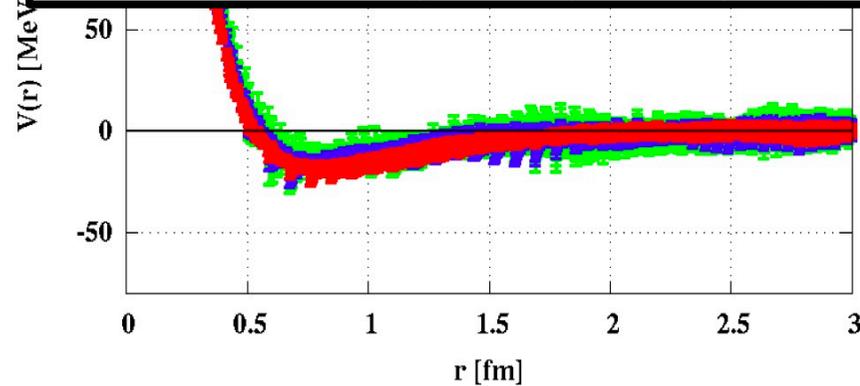
K. Sasaki+
 [HAL QCD Coll.]
 in preparation



K. Sasaki



$$\begin{pmatrix} \langle \Lambda\Lambda | \\ \langle \Sigma\Sigma | \\ \langle N\Xi | \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{27}{40}} & -\sqrt{\frac{8}{40}} & -\sqrt{\frac{5}{40}} \\ -\sqrt{\frac{1}{40}} & -\sqrt{\frac{24}{40}} & \sqrt{\frac{15}{40}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{12}{40}} & \sqrt{\frac{8}{40}} & \sqrt{\frac{20}{40}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle 27 | \\ \langle 8_s | \\ \langle 1 | \end{pmatrix}$$

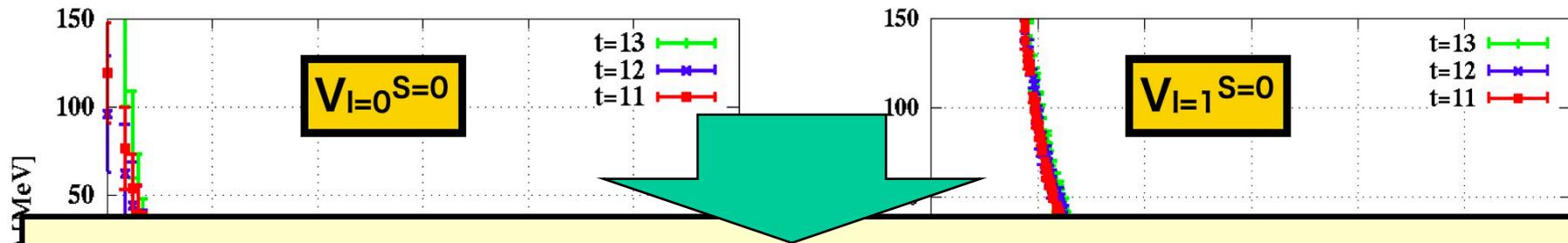


$N\Xi$ interaction $V_l^S(r)$
-- spin-Isospin dependence --

K. Sasaki+
[HAL QCD Coll.]
in preparation



K. Sasaki



H dibaryon around $N\Xi$ threshold
by Sasaki and Miyamoto

$\Lambda\Lambda$ and $N\Xi$ correlations in $p+p$, $p+Pb$ collisions
at LHC (ALICE Coll.)

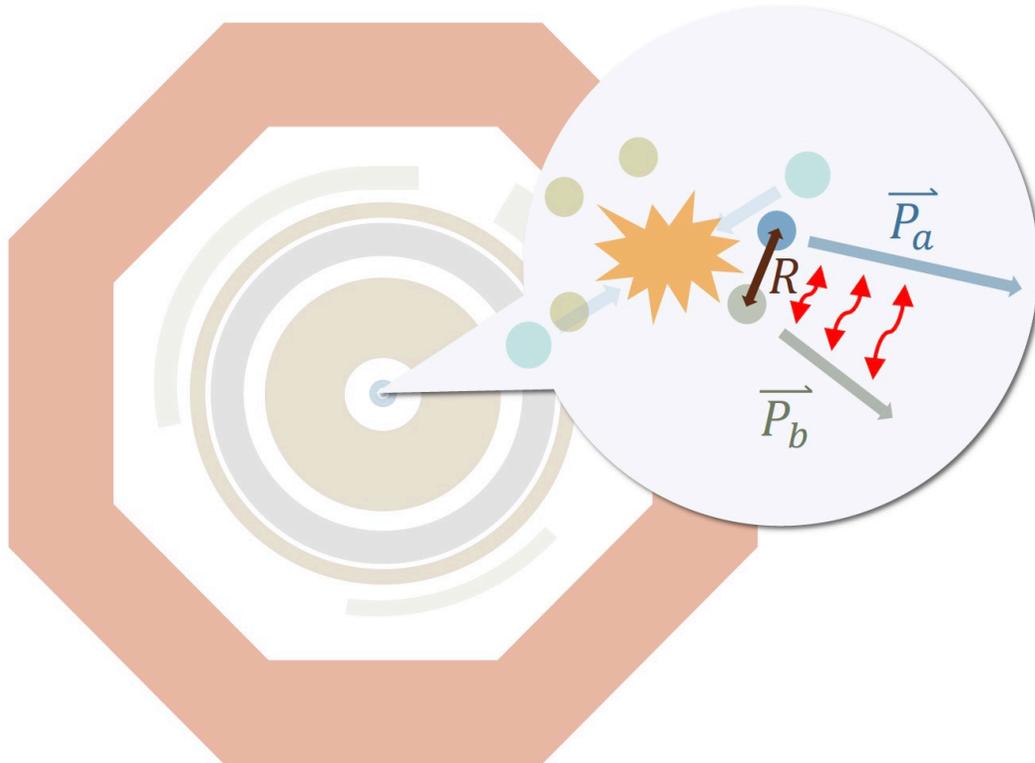
Hypernuclei e.g. $NN\Xi$ and $NNN\Xi$
by Hiyama+ in progress

Femtoscscopy

$$C(k) = \int S(\vec{r}, k) |\psi(\vec{r}, k)|^2 d\vec{r}$$



The ALICE data sets



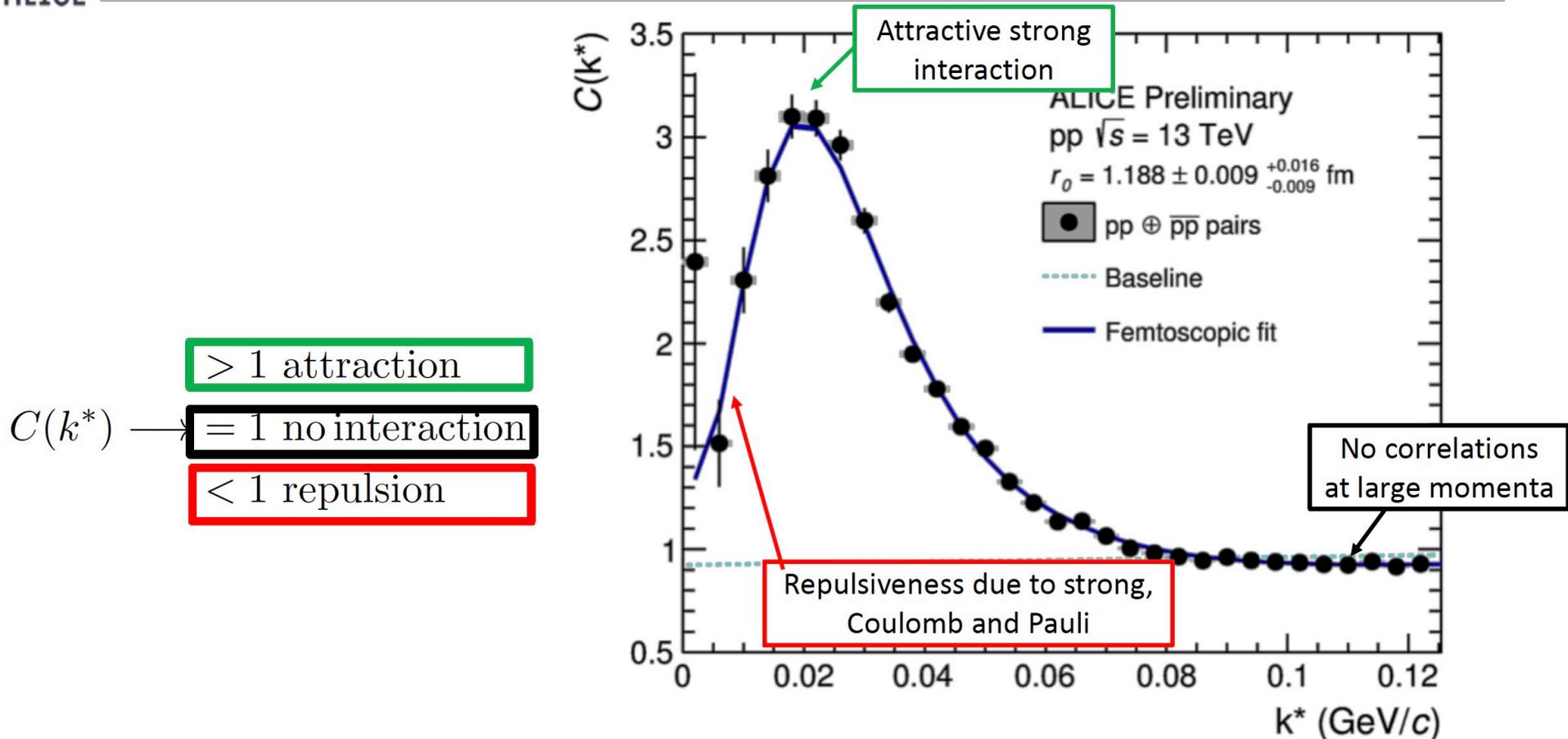
- We measure **p-p**, **p- Λ** , **Λ - Λ** , **p- Ξ** , **p-K**
- Proton identification with TPC and TOF
- Reconstruction of hyperons
 - $\Lambda \rightarrow p\pi^-$ (BR $\sim 64\%$)
 - $\Xi^- \rightarrow \Lambda\pi^-$ (BR $\sim 100\%$)
- Datasets:
 - **pp 7 TeV:** **$3.4 \cdot 10^8$ Events**
 - **pp 13 TeV:** **$10 \cdot 10^8$ Events**
 - **p-Pb 5.02 TeV:** **$6.0 \cdot 10^8$ Events**

Femtoscscopy

$$C(k) = \int S(\vec{r}, k) |\psi(\vec{r}, k)|^2 d\vec{r}$$



Correlation function and Interactions



ALI-PREL-144793

Femtoscscopy

$$C(k) = \int S(\vec{r}, k) |\psi(\vec{r}, k)|^2 d\vec{r}$$

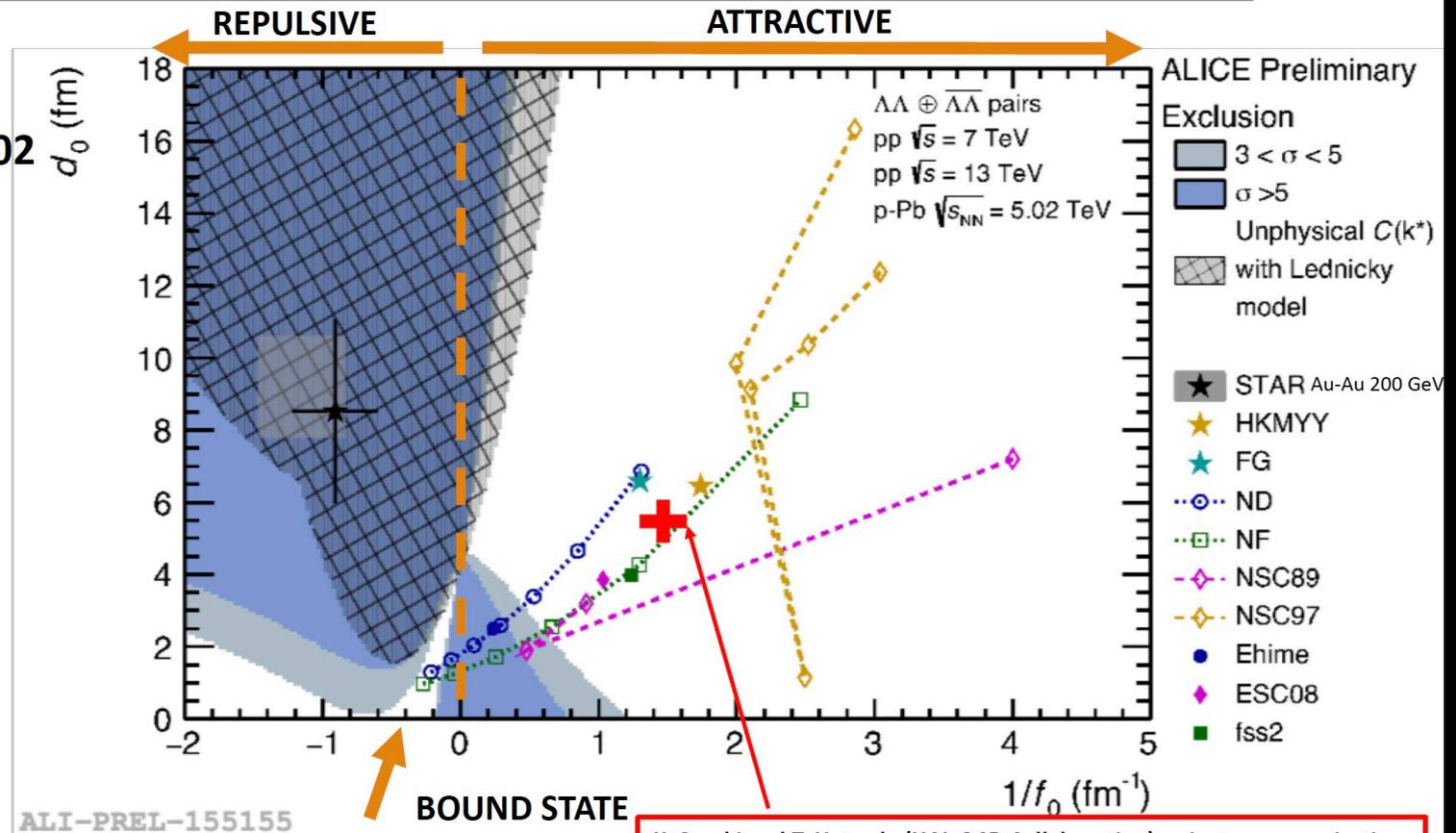


ALICE

Λ - Λ Correlations: Combined Exclusion Plot



- Combination of all available datasets: **pp 7 TeV, pp 13 TeV, p-Pb 5.02 TeV**
- **Full scan** of scattering parameters space with the **Lednicky model**
- Test of the **agreement** between data and the prediction by the Lednicky model by **no**



(STAR data: STAR coll. Phys.Rev.Lett. 114 (2015) no.2,022301)

Femtoscscopy

$$C(k) = \int S(\vec{r}, k) |\psi(\vec{r}, k)|^2 d\vec{r}$$



p-Ξ⁻ Correlation Function in p-Pb 5.02 TeV

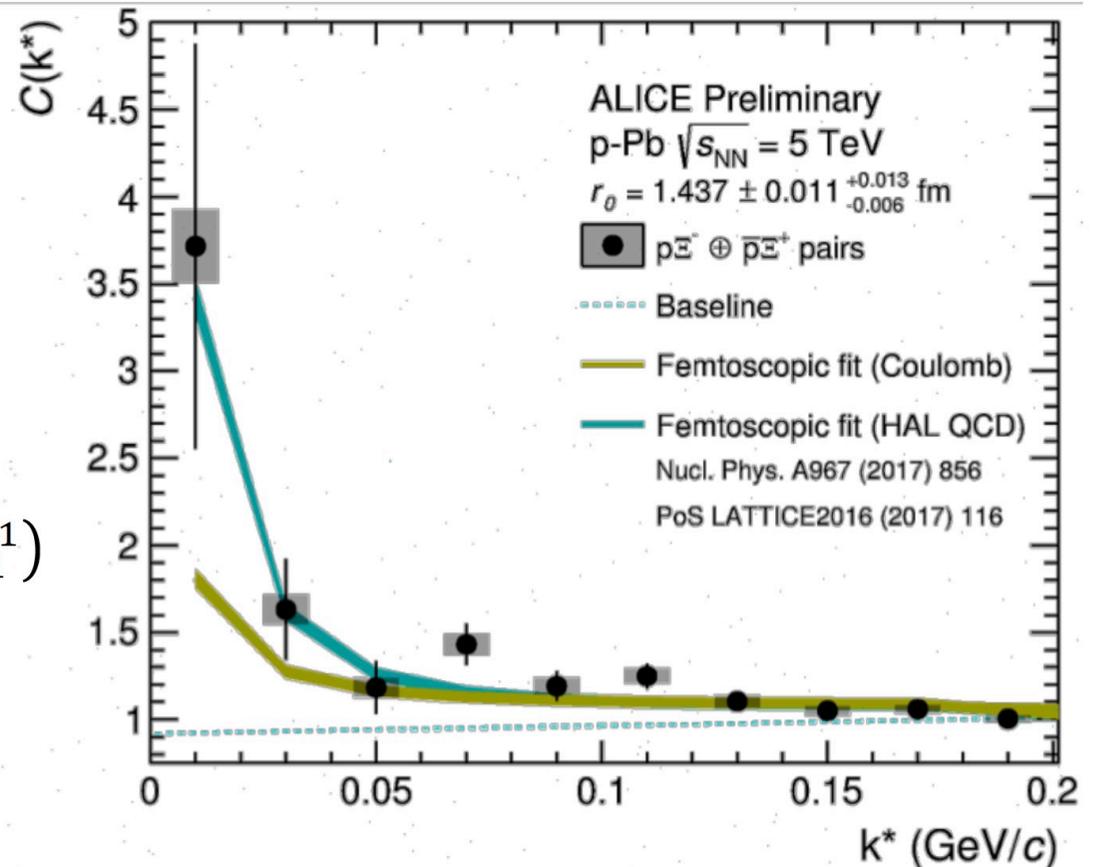


- **First observation of strong attractive interaction in p-Ξ⁻**
- modeled with preliminary QCD strong potential by the HAL QCD collaboration

Potential from Hatsuda et al., NPA967 (2017) 856, PoS Lattice2016 (2017) 116)

$$C(k^*) = \frac{1}{8} (C_{I=0}^{S=0} + C_{I=1}^{S=0}) + \frac{3}{8} (C_{I=0}^{S=1} + C_{I=1}^{S=1})$$

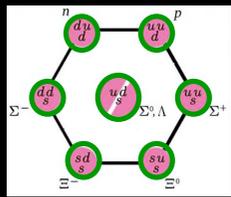
**COULOMB-ONLY
HYPHOTESIS EXCLUDED
AROUND 3σ**



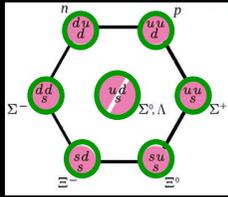
ALI-PREL-144825

B=2 system : $SU(3)_F$ classification

c.f. M. Oka, Phys. Rev. D38 (1988)
A. Gal, arXiv:1511.06605 [nucl-th]



X



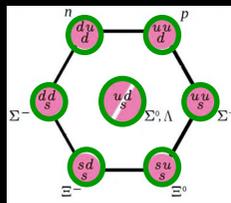
$$8 \times 8 = 27 + 8_s + 1 + 10^* + 10 + 8_a$$

$NN(^1S_0)$

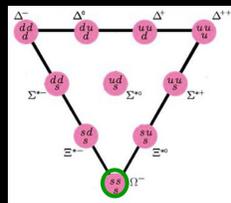
$H_{\Lambda\Lambda-NE-\Lambda\Sigma} (^1S_0)$

$NN(^3S_1)$

Jaffe (1977)



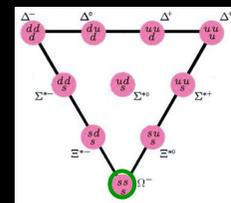
X



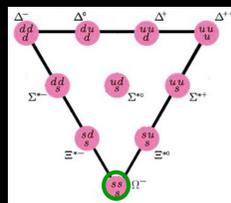
$$8 \times 10 = 35 + 8 + 10 + 27$$

$N\Omega (^5S_2)$

Goldman+ (1987)
Oka (1988)



X



$$10 \times 10 = 28 + 27 + 35 + 10^*$$

Kopeliovich+ (1990)

$\Omega\Omega (^1S_0)$

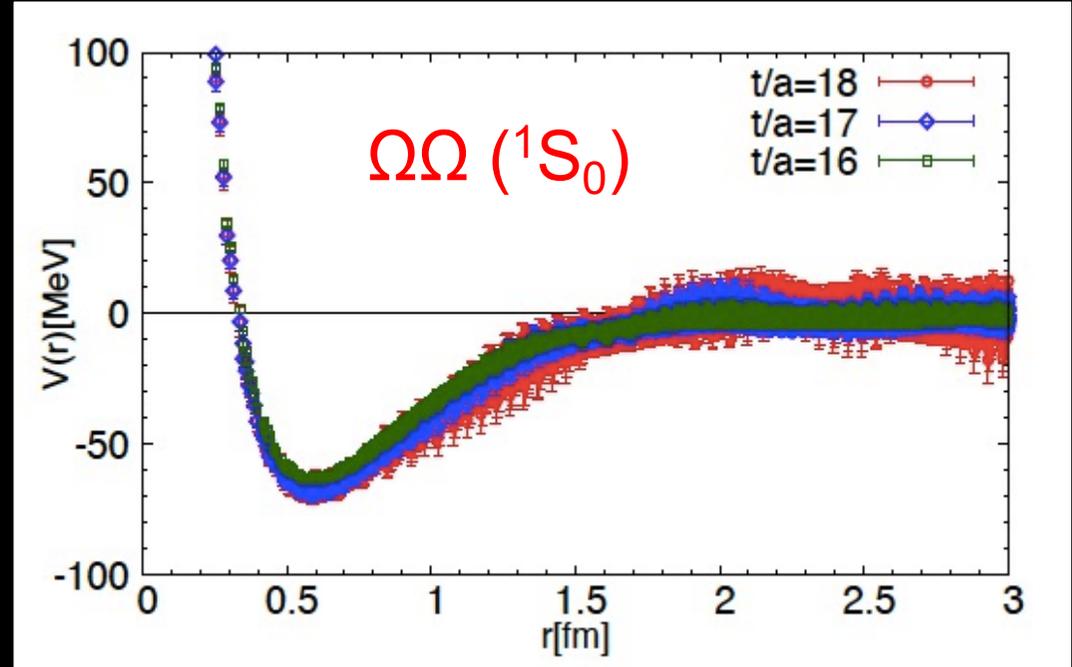
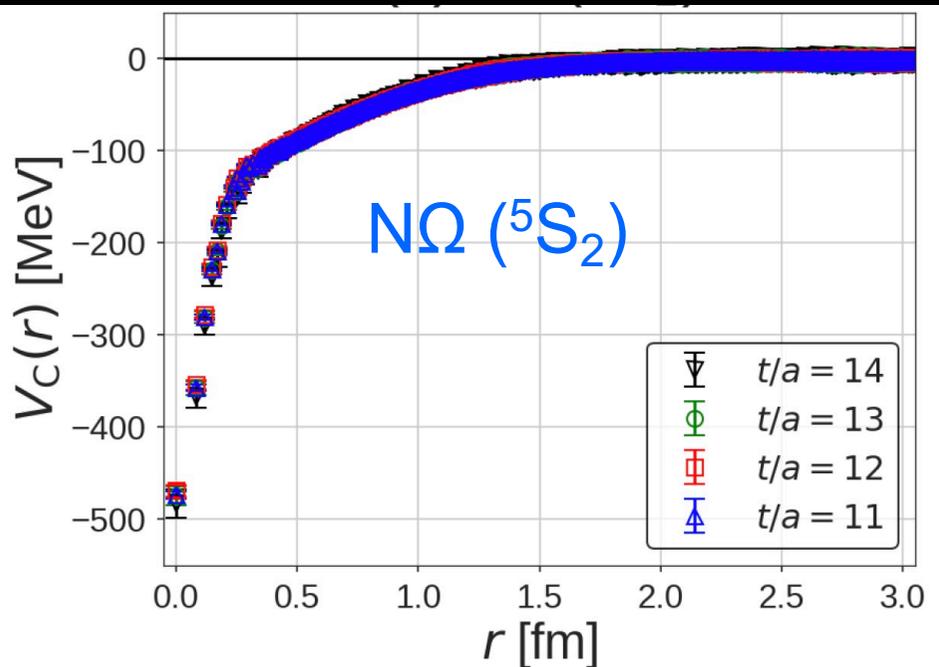
$\Delta\Delta (^7S_3)$

Dyson+ (1964)
Oka & Yazaki (1980)

S=-3 system (8-plet)

S=-6 system (28-plet)

Both Pauli allowed



T. Iritani

Iritani+ [HAL QCD Coll.],
arXiv:1810.03416 [hep-lat]

Gongyo+ [HAL QCD Coll.],
PRL 120 (2018) 212001

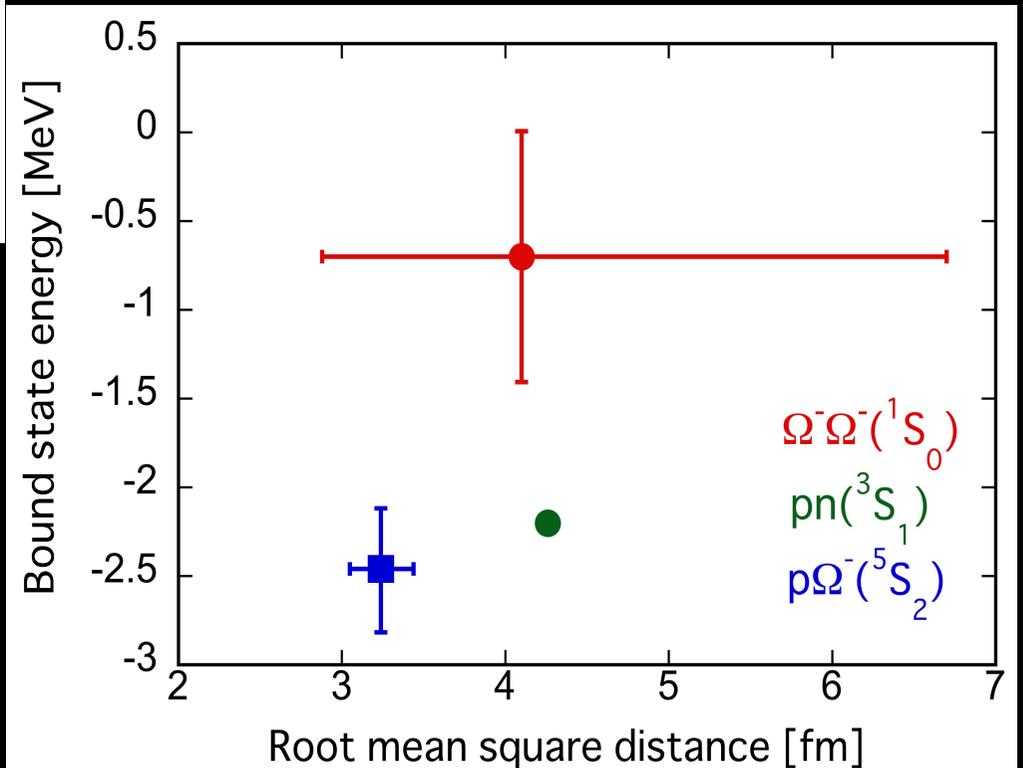
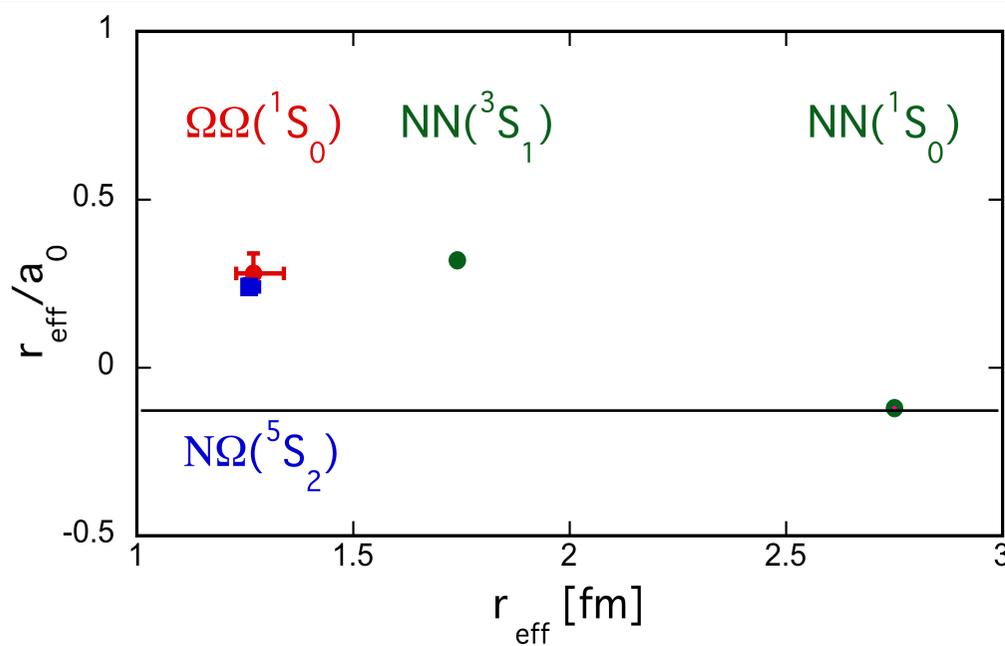
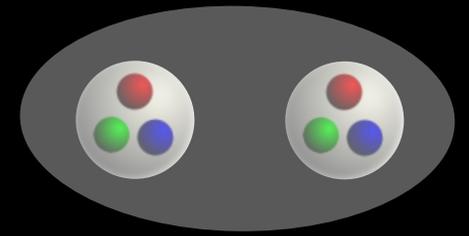


S. Gongyo

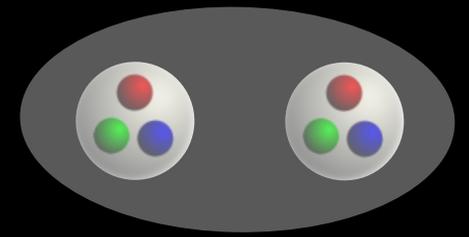
New quasi-stable dibaryons?

Gongyo et al. [HAL QCD Coll.], PRL 120 (2018) 212001

Iritani et al. [HAL QCD Coll.], arXiv:1810.03416v2 [hep-lat]



New quasi-stable dibaryons?

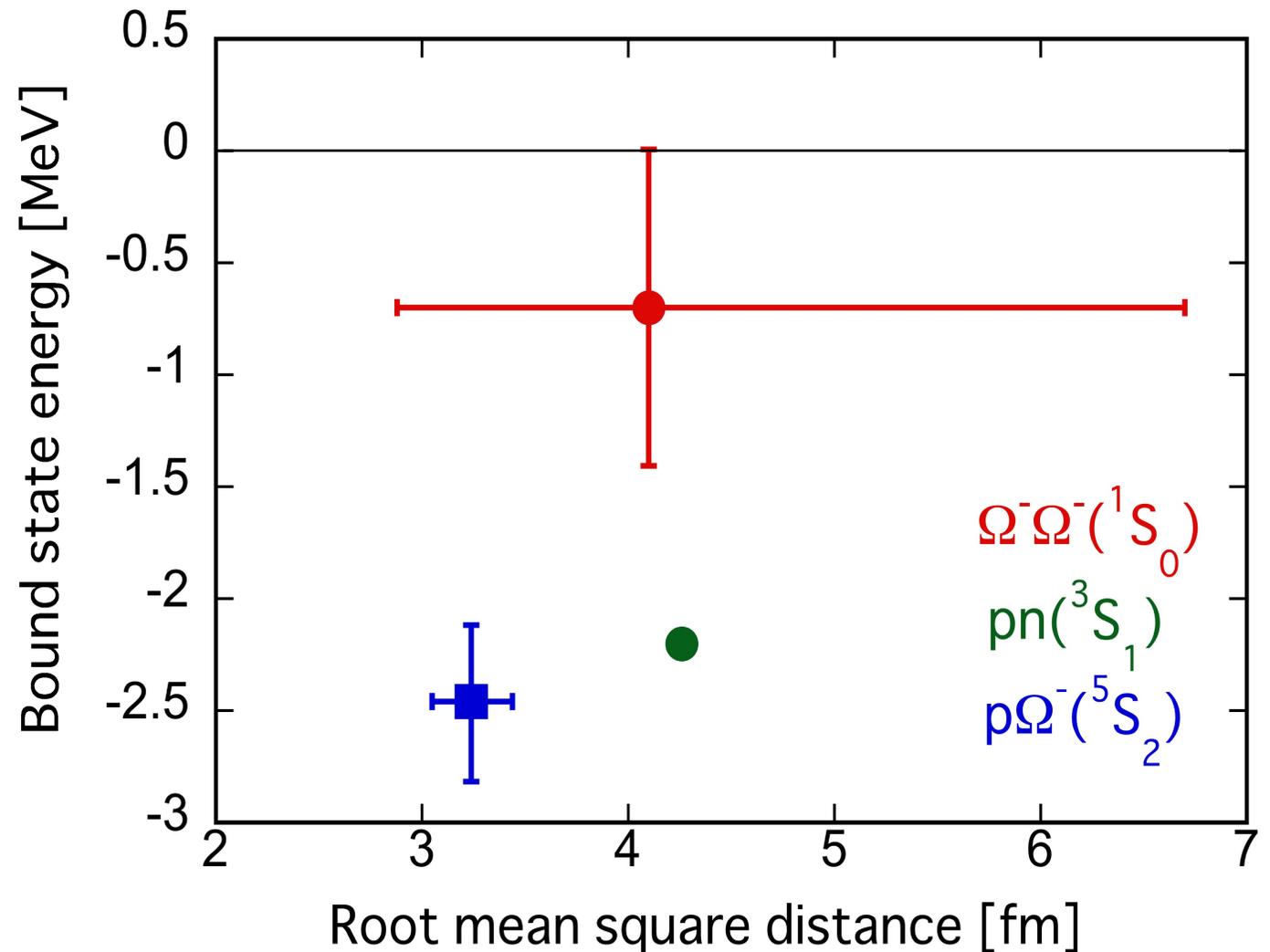


Gongyo et al. [HAL QCD Coll.], PRL 120 (2018) 212001

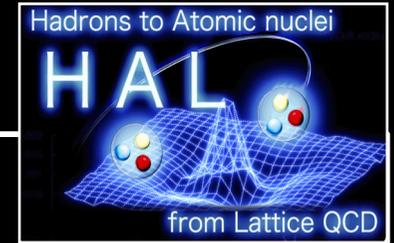
Iritani et al. [HAL QCD Coll.], arXiv:1810.03416v2 [hep-lat]



€23



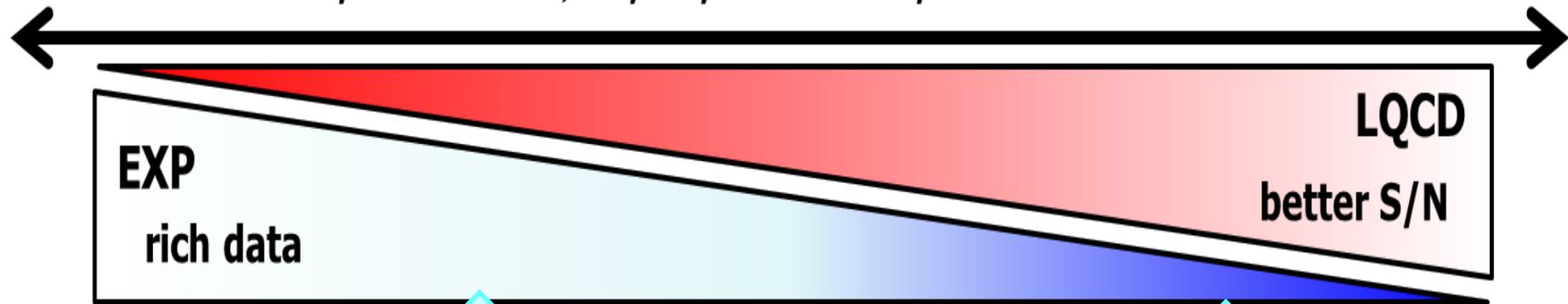
Summary



Baryon interactions from LQCD

Prediction by HAL QCD Coll. ($L=8.1\text{fm}$, $m_\pi=146\text{ MeV}$, $m_K=525\text{ MeV}$)

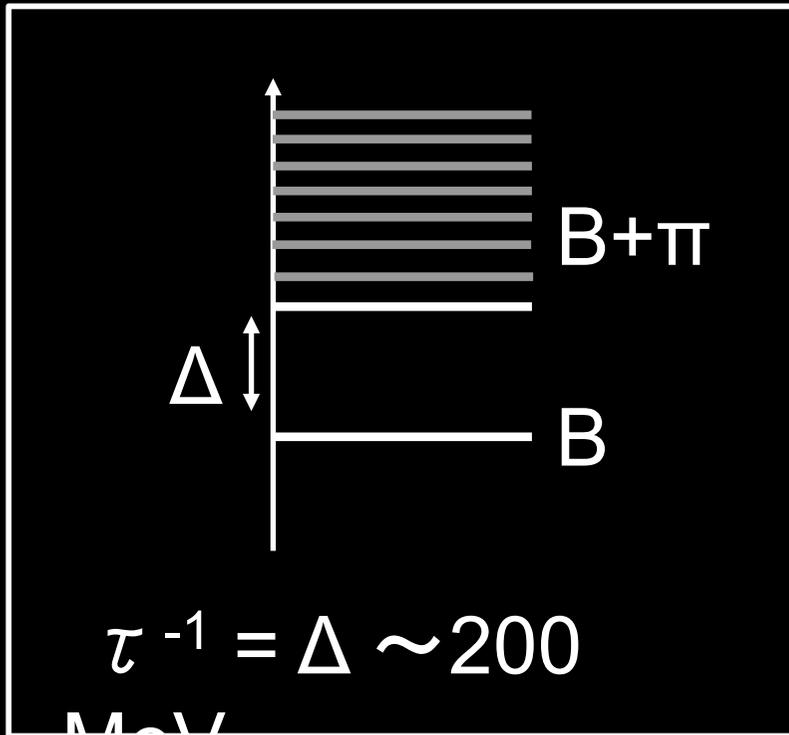
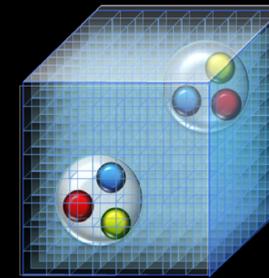
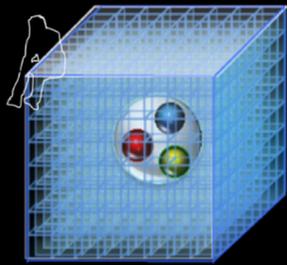
$S=0$ $S=-1$ $S=-2$ $S=-3$ $S=-4$ $S=-5$ $S=-6$
NN **N Λ , N Σ** $\Lambda\Lambda, \Lambda\Sigma, \Sigma\Sigma, \mathbf{N}\mathbf{E}$ $\Lambda\mathbf{E}, \Sigma\mathbf{E}$ $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{E}$ $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{\Omega}$ $\mathbf{\Omega}\mathbf{\Omega}$



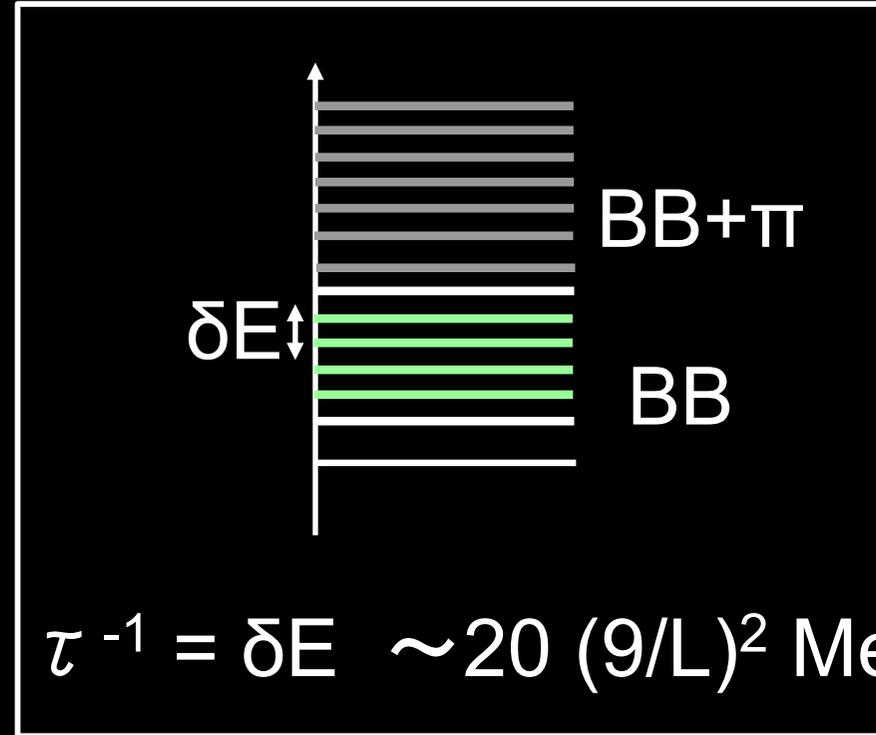
Femtoscscopy at RHIC, LHC
Hypernuclei at J-PARC

Femtoscscopy at upgraded LHC
FAIR? J-PARC?

Backup slide



$$\tau^{-1} = \Delta \sim 200 \text{ MeV}$$



$$\tau^{-1} = \delta E \sim 20 (9/L)^2 \text{ MeV}$$

$$\frac{S}{N} \sim \sqrt{N} \exp[-A(m_N - 1.5m_\pi)t]$$

Lepage 1989



10^{-2} (for $A=1$)



10^{-41} (for $A=2$)



Collapse of the Plateau Method for B=2

“Mirage in temporal correlation functions for baryon-baryon interactions in lattice QCD”,
JHEP 10 (2016) 101 by HAL QCD Coll.

“Are two nucleons bound in lattice QCD for heavy quark masses ?

– Sanity check with Luscher’s finite volume formula –”

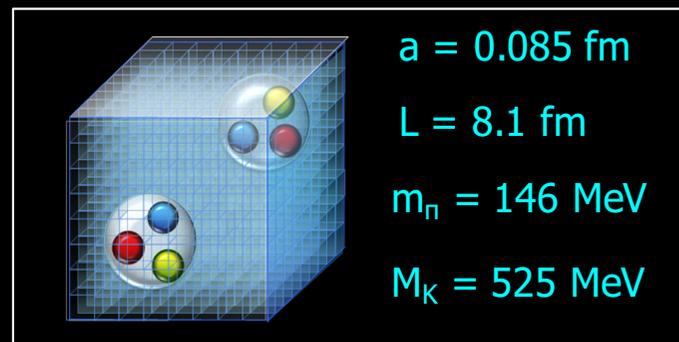
Phys. Rev. D96 (2017) 034521 by HAL QCD Coll.

“Sanity check for NN bound states in lattice QCD with Luscher's finite volume
formula -- Disclosing Symptoms of Fake Plateaux -- ”

EPJ Web Conf. 175 (2018) 05006 by Aoki, Doi, Iritani

Data	$NN(^1S_0)$				$NN(^3S_1)$			
	Source independence	Consistency check			Source independence	Consistency check		
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)		(i)	(ii)	(iii)
YKU2011 [24]	†	No	No	*	†	No	No	*
YIKU2012 [25]	No	†	No	*	No	†	No	*
YIKU2015 [26]	†	†	No	*	†	†	No	No
NPL2012 [27]	†	†	No	*	†	†	*	*
NPL2013 [28,29]	No	*	*	No	No	*	*	?
NPL2015 [30]	†	No	*	No	†	No	*	No
CalLat2017 [31]	No	?	*	No	No	?	*	No

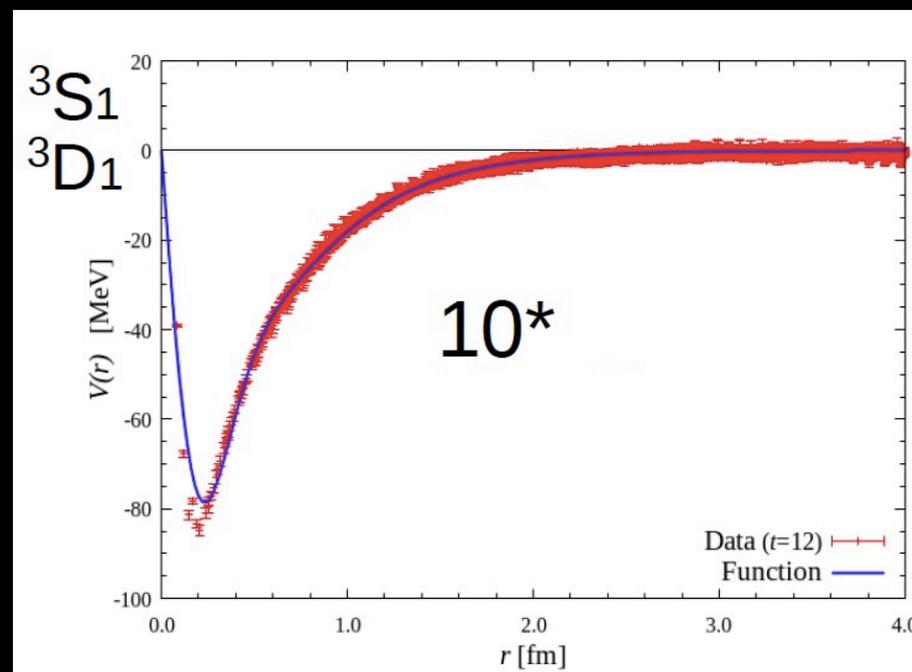
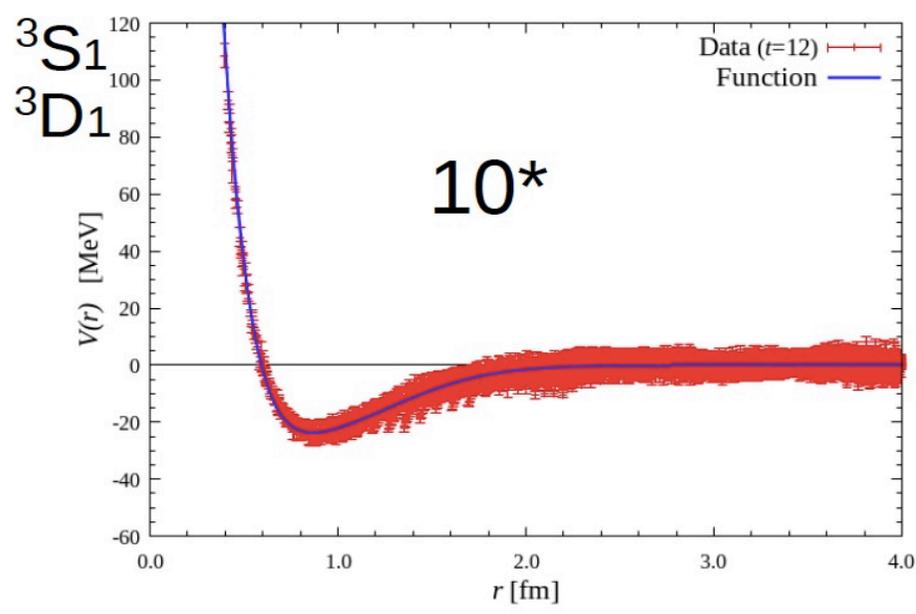
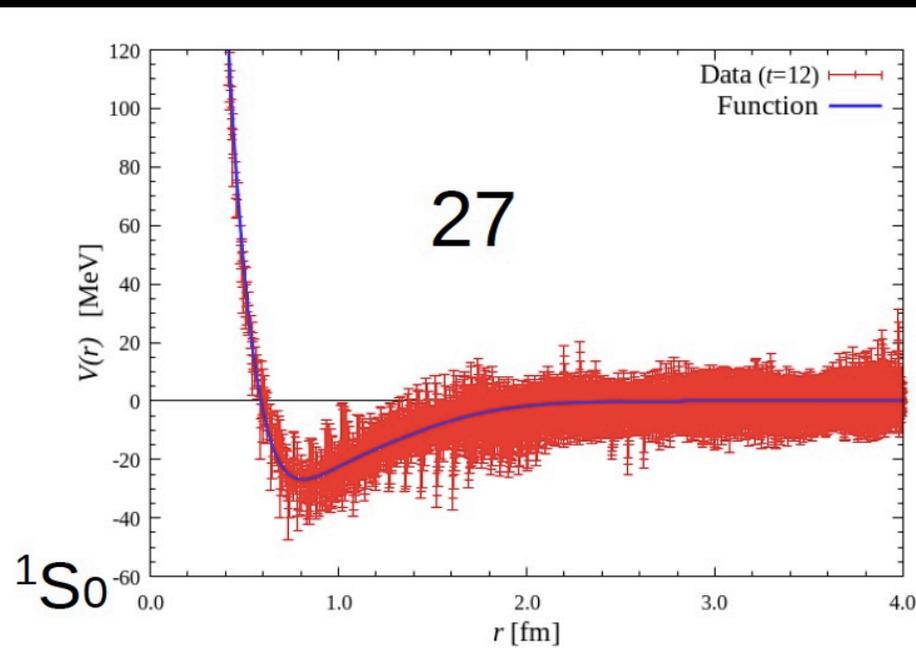
Nuclear Force: $V_C(r)$ and $V_T(r)$



Central
force

T. Inoue et al.
[HAL QCD Coll.]

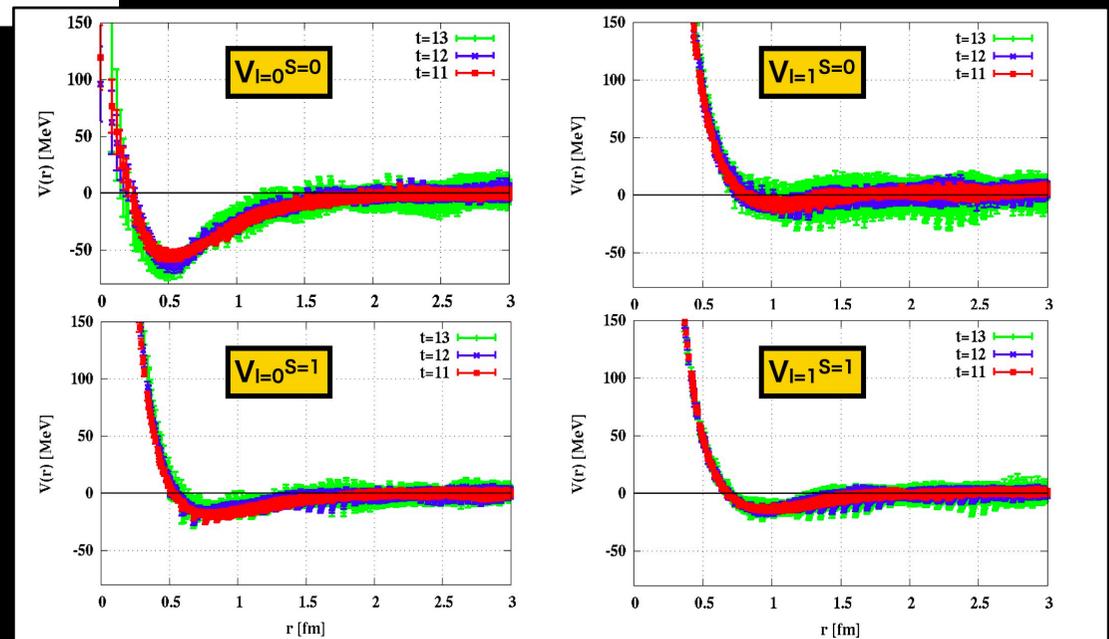
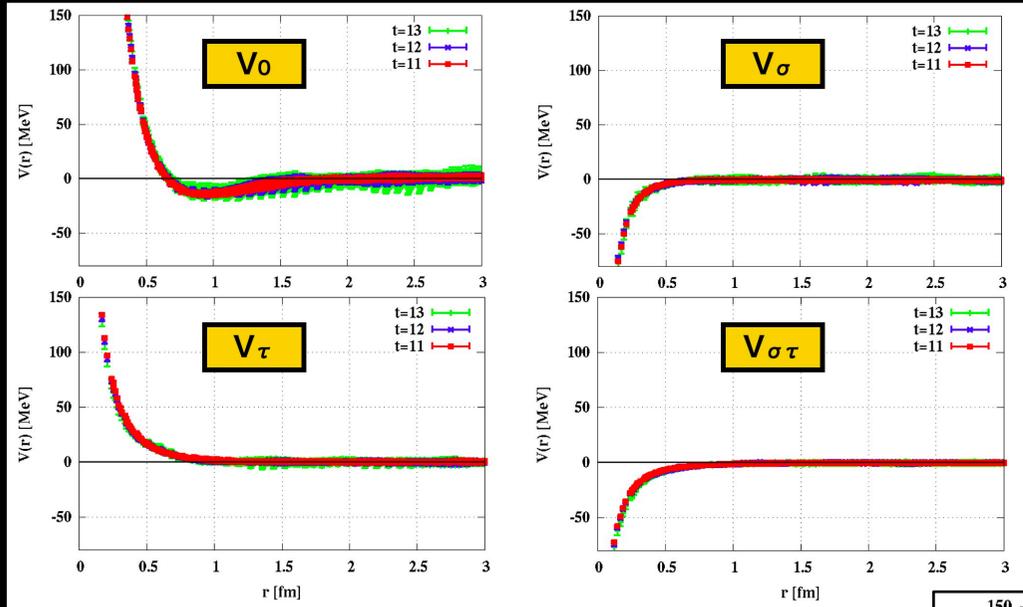
Tensor force

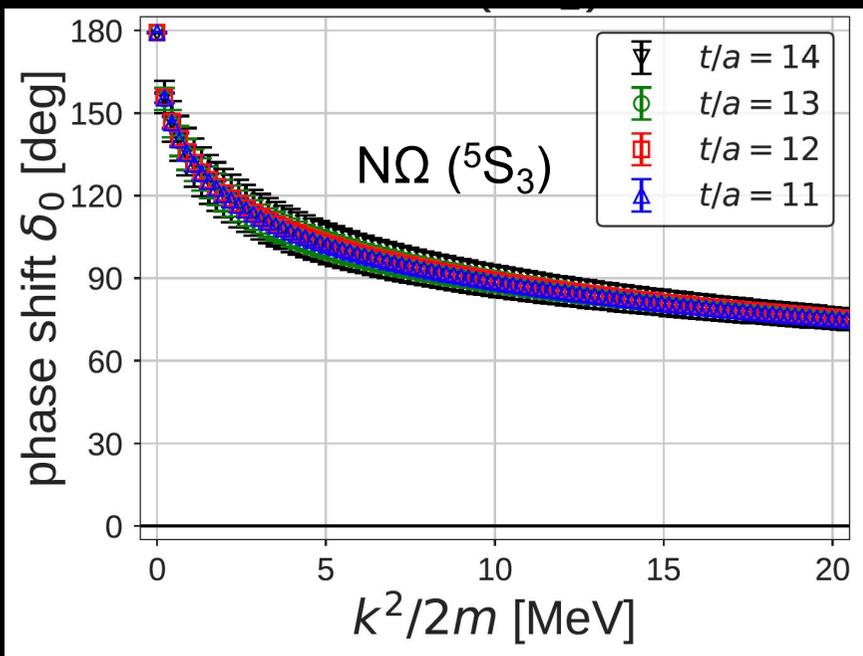
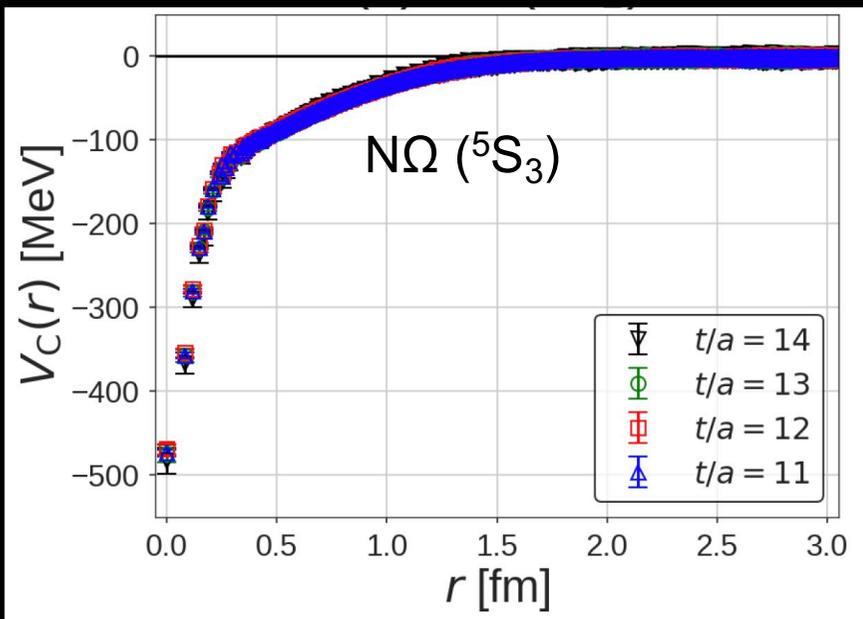
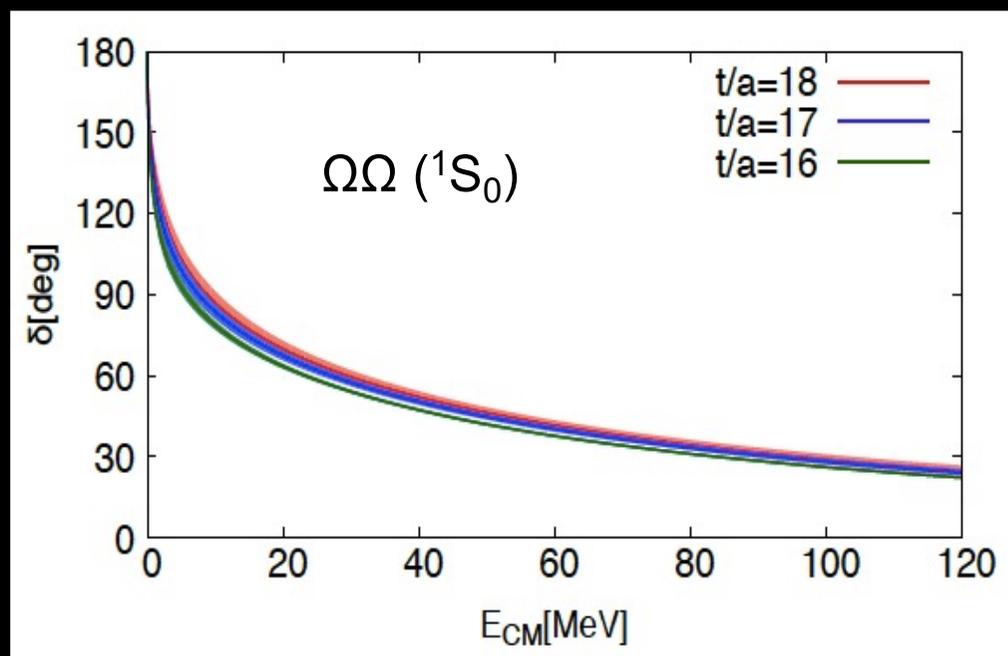
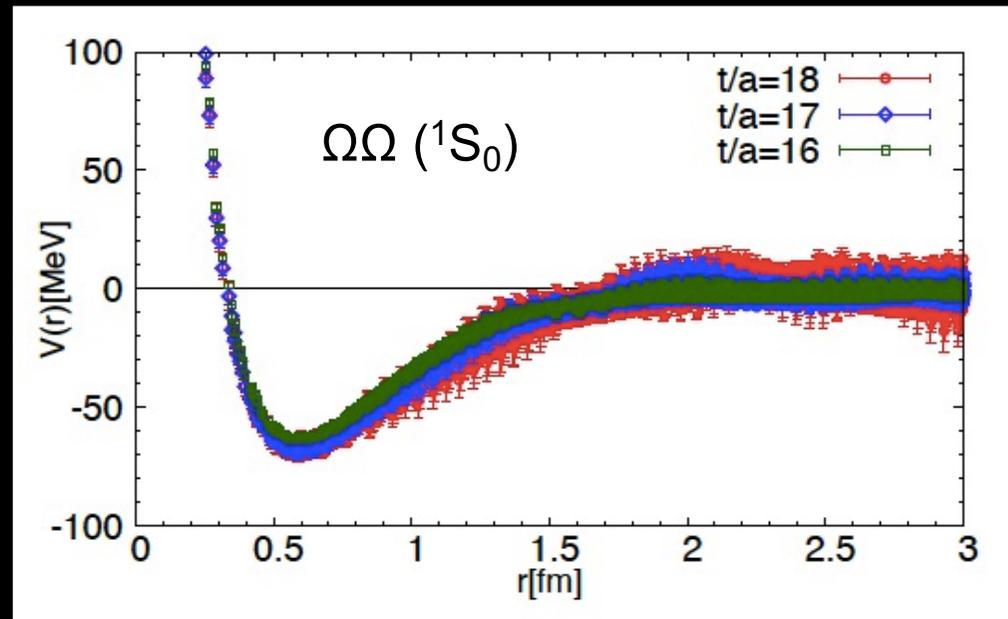


Spin-Isospin dependence of the $N\Xi$ interaction

$$\begin{pmatrix} V_{I=0}^{S=0} \\ V_{I=0}^{S=1} \\ V_{I=1}^{S=0} \\ V_{I=1}^{S=1} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & -3 & 9 \\ 1 & 1 & -3 & -3 \\ 1 & -3 & 1 & -3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_0 \\ V_\sigma \\ V_\tau \\ V_{\sigma\tau} \end{pmatrix}$$

K. Sasaki+ [HAL QCD Coll.] in preparation



S=-3Iritani+ [HAL QCD Coll.],
arXiv:1810.03416 [hep-lat]**S=-6**Gongyo+ [HAL QCD Coll.],
PRL 120 (2018) 212001

$S=-1, I=1/2, {}^1S_0$ sector.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \langle N\Lambda | \\ \langle N\Sigma | \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{9}{10}} & -\sqrt{\frac{1}{10}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{10}} & \sqrt{\frac{9}{10}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle \mathbf{27} | \\ \langle \mathbf{8}_s | \end{pmatrix}$$

$S=-1, I=1/2, {}^3S_1$ sector.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \langle N\Lambda | \\ \langle N\Sigma | \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle \mathbf{10}^* | \\ \langle \mathbf{8}_a | \end{pmatrix}$$

Inoue+ [HAL QCD Coll.],
Prog. Theor. Phys. 124 (2010) 591

$S=-2, I=0, {}^1S_0$ sector.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \langle \Lambda\Lambda | \\ \langle \Sigma\Sigma | \\ \langle N\Xi | \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{27}{40}} & -\sqrt{\frac{8}{40}} & -\sqrt{\frac{5}{40}} \\ -\sqrt{\frac{1}{40}} & -\sqrt{\frac{24}{40}} & \sqrt{\frac{15}{40}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{12}{40}} & \sqrt{\frac{8}{40}} & \sqrt{\frac{20}{40}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle \mathbf{27} | \\ \langle \mathbf{8}_s | \\ \langle \mathbf{1} | \end{pmatrix}$$

$S=-2, I=1, {}^1S_0$ sector.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \langle N\Xi | \\ \langle \Sigma\Lambda | \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} & -\sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} \\ \sqrt{\frac{3}{5}} & \sqrt{\frac{2}{5}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle \mathbf{27} | \\ \langle \mathbf{8}_s | \end{pmatrix}$$

$S=-2, I=1, {}^3S_1$ sector.

$$\begin{pmatrix} \langle N\Xi | \\ \langle \Sigma\Lambda | \\ \langle \Sigma\Sigma | \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} & -\sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{3}} \\ -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} & 0 \\ \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} & \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}} & \sqrt{\frac{4}{6}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle \mathbf{10}^* | \\ \langle \mathbf{10} | \\ \langle \mathbf{8}_a | \end{pmatrix}$$