# $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{B01 REPORT} \\ \textbf{(ANALYSIS STATUS OF } \Sigma P \text{ SCATTERING} \\ \text{EXPERIMENT)} \end{array}$

Koji Miwa (Tohoku Univ.)

#### Contents

#### B01 Group Introduction

- Σp scattering experiment at J-PARC
  - Physics motivation
  - Experimental setup
  - Analysis status
- Summary

#### **Goals of B01:** Hierarchy of matter investigated via strange hadron clusters

Answer the following questions at J-PARC using strange quarks

- (a) <u>Can we understand the nuclear force</u> <u>(B-B forces) from the quark hierarchy?</u>
  - $\Sigma^{\pm}$ -p scattering experiment (E40)  $\Sigma$  🔍
  - H-dibaryon search (E42) H
  - Ξ-hypernuclei via <sup>12</sup>C(K<sup>-</sup>,K<sup>+</sup>) (E70)



₽A

#### (b) Why are the nucleon hierarchy / the nuclear hierarchy well separated?

"K<sup>-</sup>pp" and "K<sup>-</sup>ppp" to explore the meson-baryon sub-hierarchy

Structure of "K<sup>-</sup>ppp"

How does K<sup>-</sup> behave in a nucleus?

Measure the  $\Lambda$ 's magnetic moment in a nucleus (E63) Does baryons change their structure in a nucleus?

Λ(1405

#### **Baryon-Baryon interactions with strangeness**



## ANALYSIS STATUS OF $\Sigma P$ SCATTERING EXPERIMENT

Koji Miwa (Tohoku Univ.) for the J-PARC E40 collaboration



#### Quark Pauli effect in $\Sigma N$ channel



# Current status of YN scattering experiment

- NN scattering data : quite accurate
- YN scattering data : very poor statistics

Y. Kondo Doctor thesis



#### **Comparison of Beam**

Proton beam (10<sup>12~13</sup> particle / pulse)



#### J-PARC E40 :

#### Measurement of d\sigma/d\Omega of $\Sigma p$ scatterings

- Physics motivations
  - Verification of repulsive force due to quark Pauli effect in the  $\Sigma^+ p$  channel
  - Systematic study of the  $\Sigma N$  interaction by separating isospin channel
- Measurement of d\sigma/d\Omega
  - Aim to detect 10,000 events
  - $\Sigma^+ p$  elastic scattering
  - $\Sigma^{-}p$  elastic scattering
  - $\Sigma p \rightarrow An$  inelastic scattering



Kinematical identification of  $\Sigma p$  scattering Using LH\_2 target and surrounding detector

#### Experimental key issues

- Usage of high intensity  $\pi$  beam :  $2 \times 10^7$  / spill (spill = 2 sec)
- Large acceptance detector for scattered proton

#### J-PARC E40 Collaborators

Tohoku Univ. : T. Aramaki, N. Chiga, N. Fujioka, M. Fujita, R. Honda, M. Ikeda, Y. Ishikawa, H. Kanauchi, S. Kajikawa, T. Koike, K. Matsuda, Y. Matsumoto, K. Miwa, S. Ozawa, T. Rogers, T. Sakao, T. Shiozaki, H. Tamura, H. Umetsu

JAEA : S. Hasegawa, S. Hayakawa, K. Hosomi, Y. Ichikawa, K. Imai, H. Sako, S. Sato, K. Tanida , T.O. Yamamoto, J. Yoshida

KEK : Y. Akazawa, M. leiri, S. Ishimoto, I. Nakamura, S. Suzuki, H. Takahashi, T. Takahashi, M. Tanaka, M. Ukai RIKEN : H. Ekawa

Chiba Univ. : H. Kawai, M. Tabata

Kyoto Univ. : S. Ashikaga, T. Gogami, T. Harada, M. Ichikawa, T. Nanamura, M. Naruki, K. Suzuki Osaka Univ. : K. Kobayashi, S. Hoshino, Y. Nakada, R. Nagatomi, M. Nakagawa, A. Sakaguchi RCNP : H. Kanda, K. Shirotori, T.N. Takahashi Okayama Univ. : K. Yoshimura Korea Univ. : J.K. Ahn, S.H. Kim, W.S. Jung, S.W. Choi, B.M. Kang OMEGA Ecole Polytechnique-CNRS/IN2P3 : S. Callier, C.d.L. Taille, L. Raux

Joint Institute for Nuclear Research : P. Evtoukhovitch, Z. Tsamalaidze



## E40 detector setup concept





## $\Sigma^-$ beam momentum distribution



## CATCH analysis : Particle ID



#### CATCH analysis w/ $\Sigma^-$ event



#### Proton event in $\Sigma^-$ production



![](_page_17_Figure_0.jpeg)

# $\Sigma^{-}p \rightarrow \Lambda n$ conversion

#### Simulation

 $\Lambda n$  conversion events are kinematically separated from other background

![](_page_18_Figure_3.jpeg)

1.  $\Sigma^{-}p \rightarrow \Lambda n$  conversion events can be clearly identified !

2. Background spectrum is almost consistent with our estimation.

## Identification of $\Sigma^-p$ reactions

We checked kinematical consistency for each reaction. The peak at  $\Delta p$  ( $\Delta E$ ) =0 satisfies the kinematical consistency for each reaction.

![](_page_19_Figure_2.jpeg)

We could detect ~150 scattering events for both reactions from ~700 k  $\Sigma^-$  beam. In the 2<sup>nd</sup> production run, ~18 M  $\Sigma^-$  beam was accumulated.

 $\rightarrow$  ~ 4000 scattering events are expected. (~100 times larger statistics than past experiment)

### Expected physics outputs

- Σp scattering observables
  - $\Sigma p \rightarrow An$  conversion
    - proton up-down asymmetry
    - cross section
  - $\Sigma$ -p elastic
    - cross section
  - $\Sigma^{+}p$  elastic
    - proton up-down asymmetry
    - proton left-light asymmetry (should be carefully corrected by CATCH acceptance)
    - cross section for two decay modes (systematics check)
- $\pi^- p \rightarrow K^0 \Lambda$  reaction for  $\Lambda p$  scattering
  - Important reaction to tag  $\Lambda$  beam with proton target

## Summary

B01 : Hierarchy of matter investigated via strange hadron clusters

- **\square**  $\Sigma N$  interaction from  $\Sigma p$  scattering
  - Quark Pauli effect in  $\Sigma^+$ p channel
  - Systematic study of  $\Sigma N$  inteaction
- $\Sigma^{-}$ p scattering experiment at J-PARC (1<sup>st</sup> run)
  - $\Sigma$  p scattering physics run was partially carried out with high intensity (20 M/spill)  $\pi$  beam
  - $\Sigma$  p elastic scattering and  $\Sigma$  p  $\rightarrow \Lambda$ n conversion were clearly identified.
  - We could realize "modern" Yp scattering experiment.
- E40 2<sup>nd</sup> run from 2019 February
  - ~18 M  $\Sigma^{-}$  beam was accumulated.
    - ~4, 000  $\Sigma^-$ p,  $\Sigma^-$ p →  $\Lambda$ n events are expected.
  - ~40 M  $\Sigma^{+}$  beam was accumulated
  - Analysis is on going. We are going to derive differential cross sections as soon as possible.