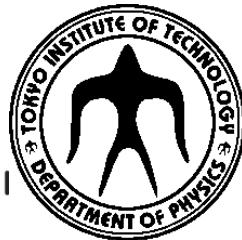


Exotic nuclei for investigating hierarchical structure of matter

Takashi Nakamura

Tokyo Institute of Technology



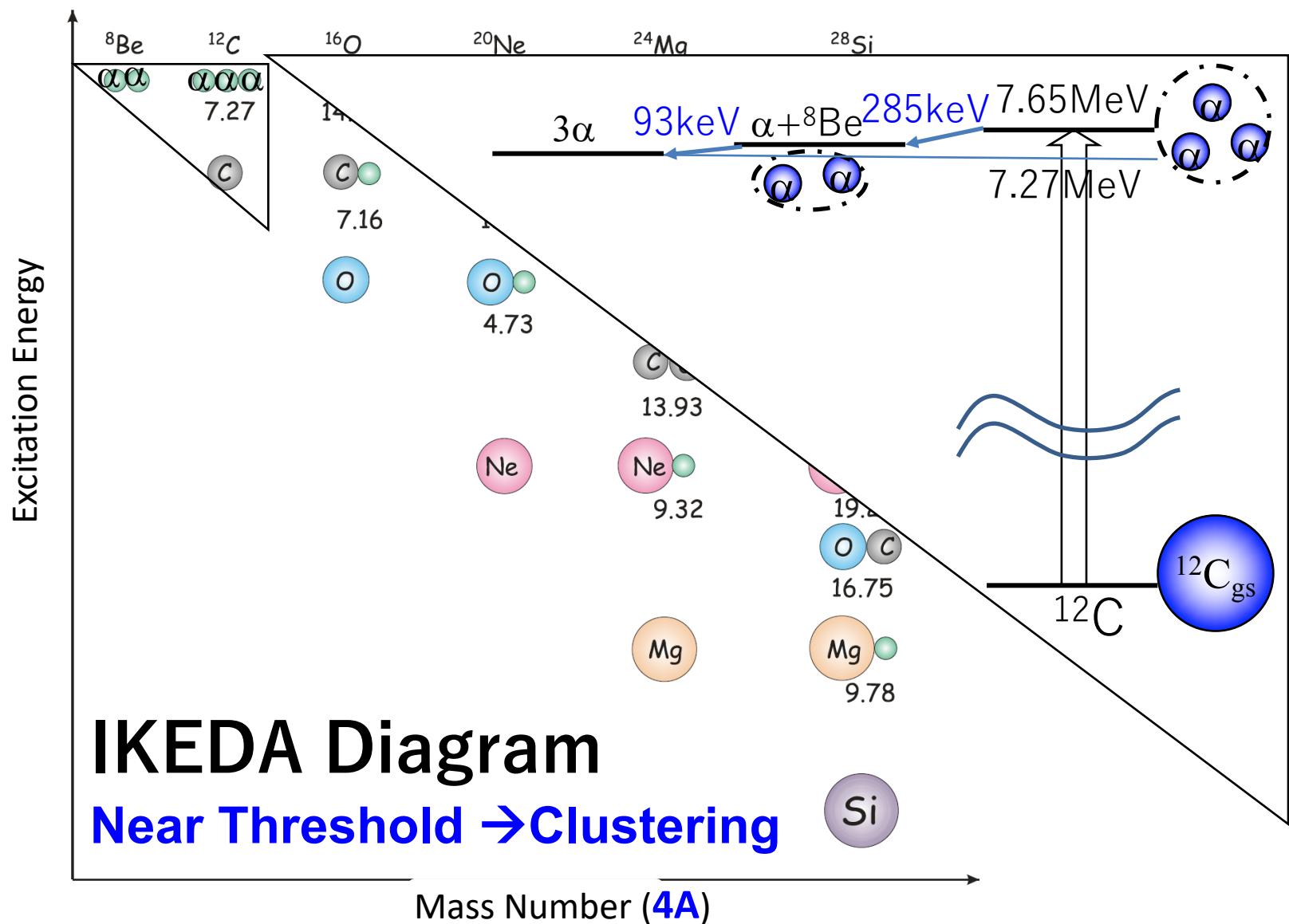
Int. Symposium on Clustering as a window on the hierarchical structure of quantum systems (CLUSHIQ2020) Jan. 23-24, 2020, Beppu, Japan

Contents

- Multi-neutron clusters
- Recent Experiments on barely unbound
2n/3n/4n emitters --- ^{26}O , ^{27}O , ^{28}O
- Near-future experiment on multi-neutron
cluster--- ^{10}He
- Summary

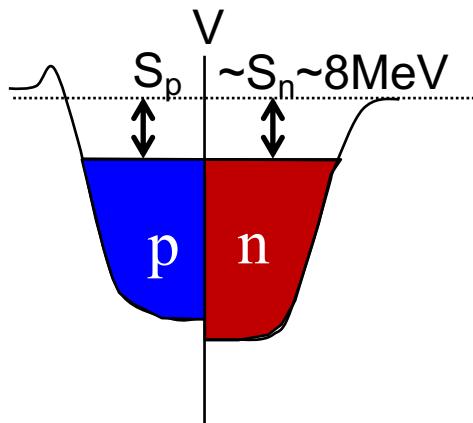
α -Cluster

K.Ikeda, N.Takigawa, H.Horiuchi,Prog.Theo.Phys.Suppl.464.(1968).
M.Freer, Rep. Prog. Phys. 70, 2149 (2007).

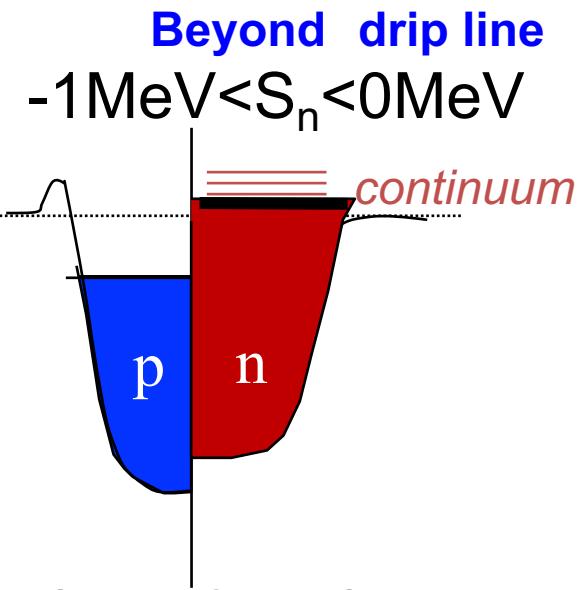
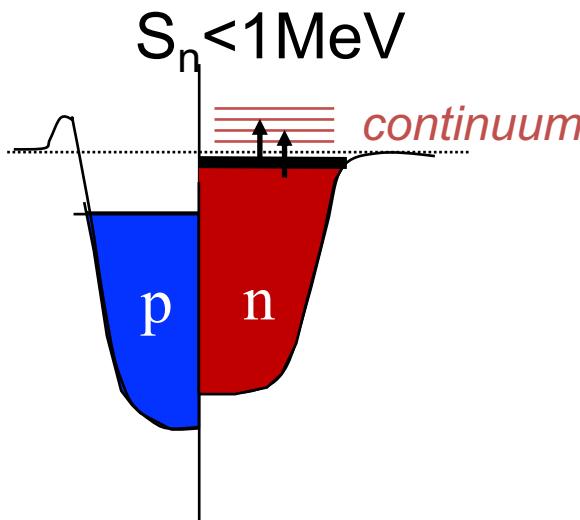


Multi-neutron cluster near drip line?

Stable Nuclei

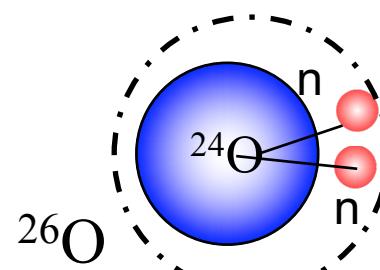
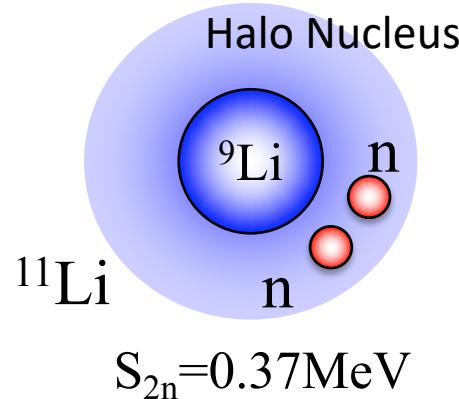


Neutron-rich Nuclei



Weakly Bound/Unbound Nuclei

Threshold → Clustering

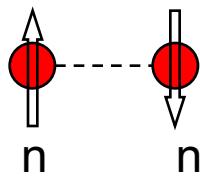


$$S_{2n} = -0.018(5) \text{ MeV}$$

Kondo, TN et al., PRL116,102503(2016).

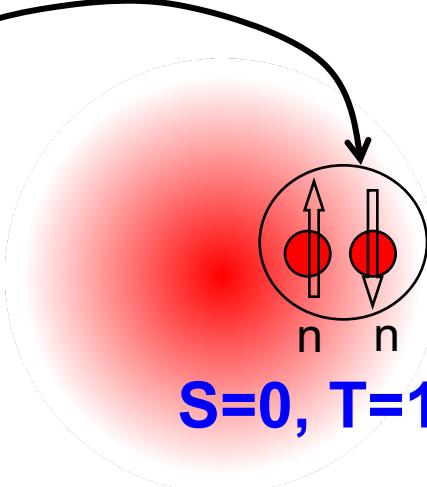
Dineutron?

*What happens if “two neutrons” are **on the surface** of a nucleus?*



Unbound
 $a = -18.7 \text{ fm}$

s-wave scattering length



A.B.Migdal

Strongly correlated “dineutron”
Sov.J.Nucl.Phys.238(1973).

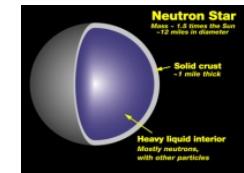
Dineutron:

@ **Low-dense** Neutron skin/halo?
/Inner crust of Neutron star?

M.Matsuo

PRC73,044309(2006).

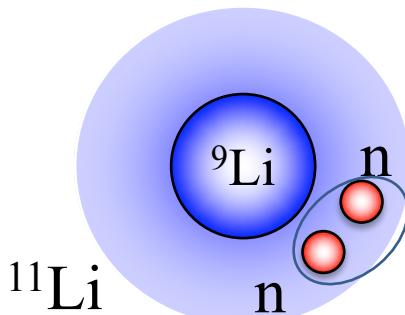
A.Gezerlis, J.Carlson,
PRC81,025803(2010)



neutron-star

Possible dineutron site

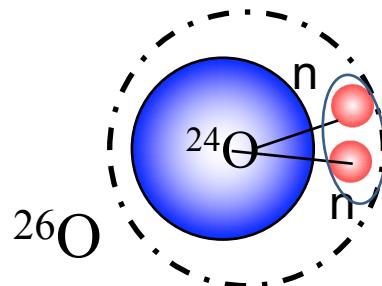
2n Halo Nuclei?



$S_{2n} = 0.37 \text{ MeV}$

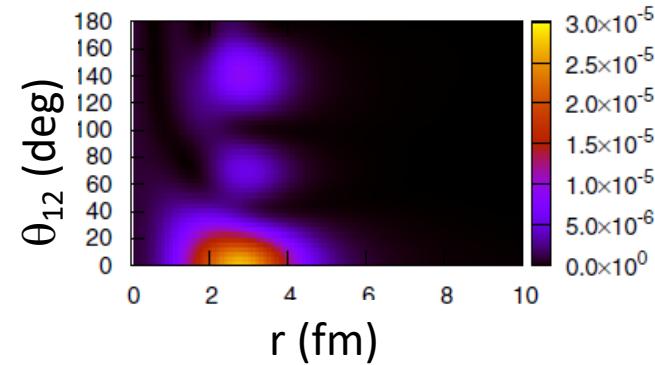
T.Nakamura PRL96, 252502 (2006).

2n weakly-unbound nuclei?



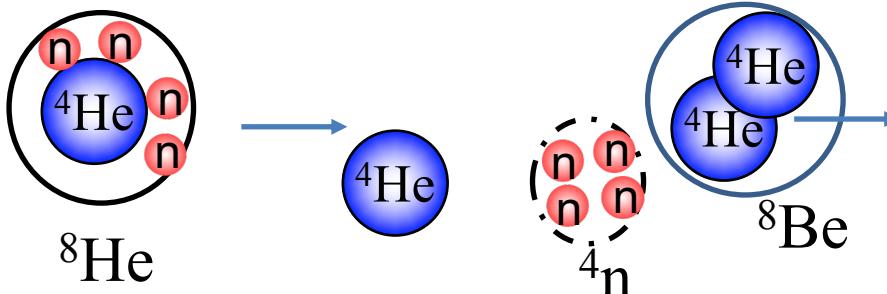
$S_{2n} = -0.018(5) \text{ MeV}$

Kondo, TN et al., PRL116,102503(2016).

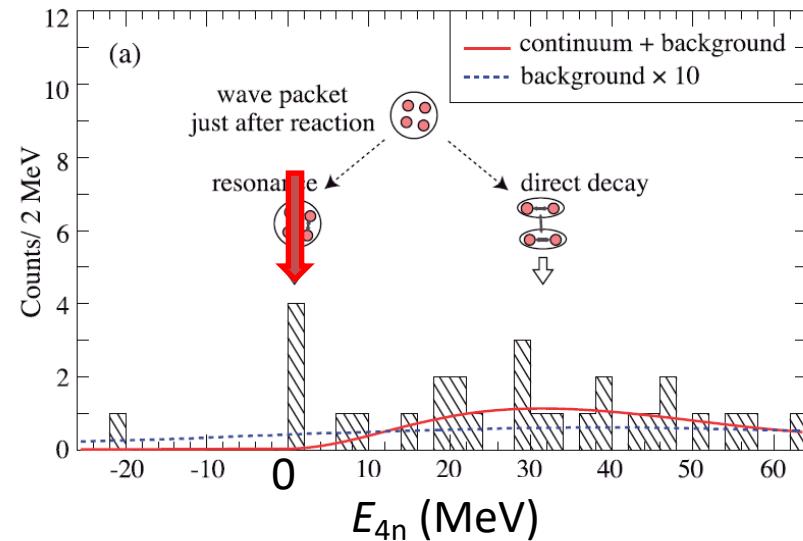


Hagino, Sagawa,
PRC93,034330(2016)

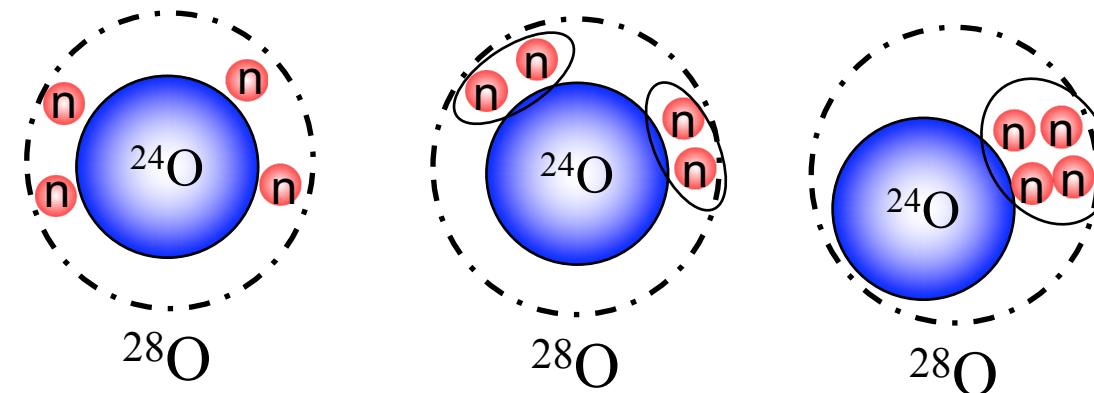
Tetra-neutron?



K.Kisamori et al., PRL116, 052501 (2016).



What happens if “four neutrons” are *on the surface of a nucleus*?



Non-correlated?

Double-dineutrons?

Tetra-neutron droplet?

What happens if “N neutrons” are *on the surface of a nucleus*?

Multi-neutron cluster inside a nucleus?

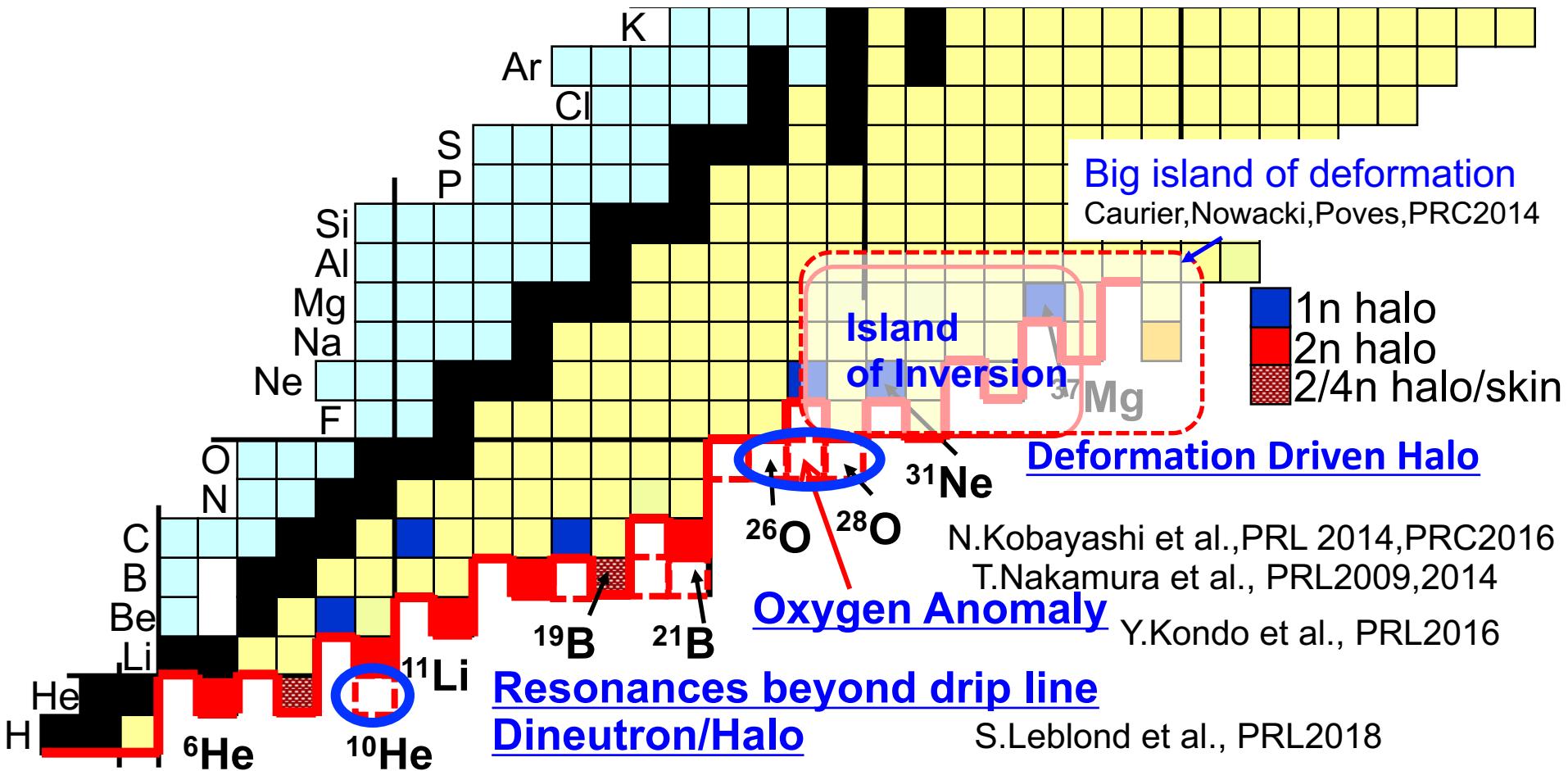
Evolution Towards the Stability Limit

Drip Line (*Weakly Bound, -Unbound Nuclei, halo, dineutron, cluster*)



Shell Evolution (*New/Lost Magic Number, Deformation, Shape Coexistence*)

Cluster Formation

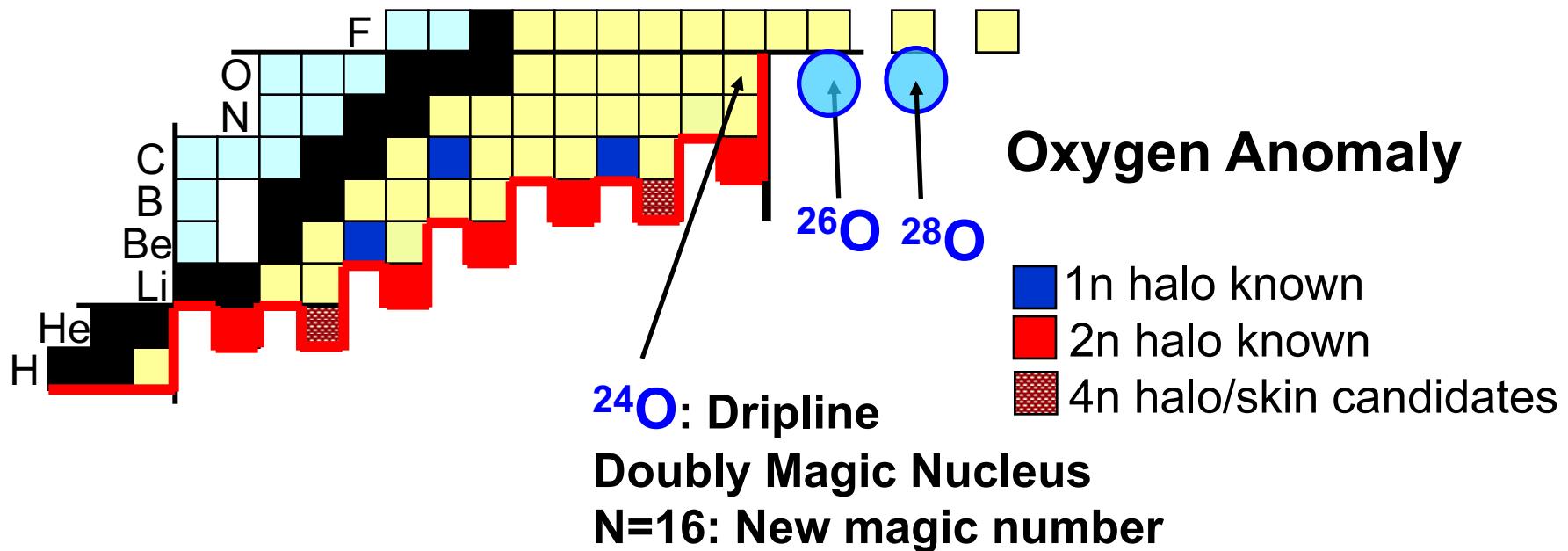


Recent Experiments on barely unbound 2n/3n/4n emitters

--- ^{26}O , ^{27}O , ^{28}O

Yosuke Kondo, TN
& SAMURAI Collaboration

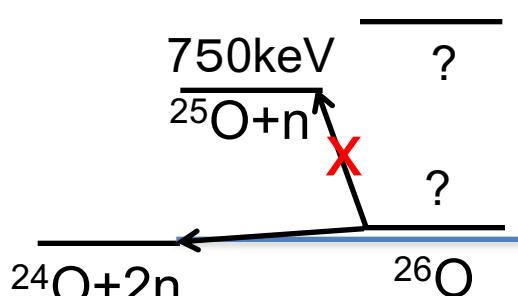
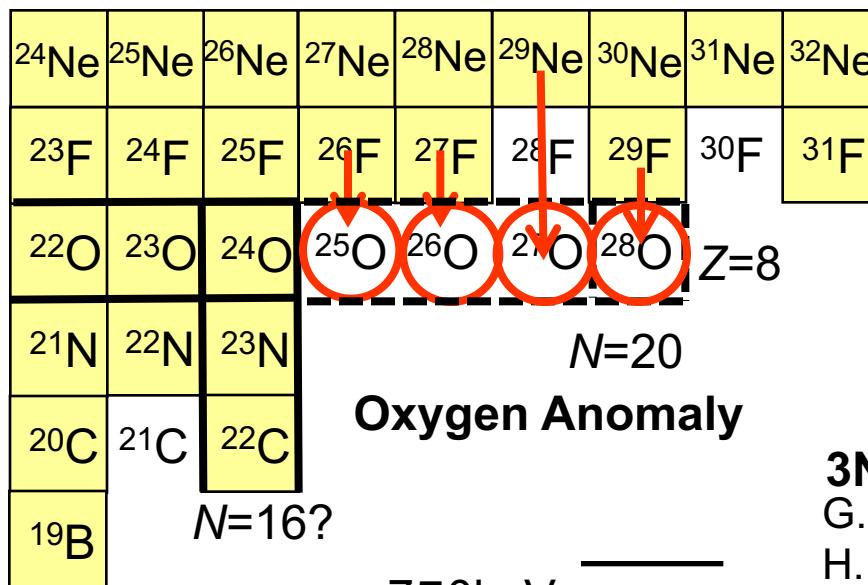
Y. Kondo, TN et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 102503, (2016).



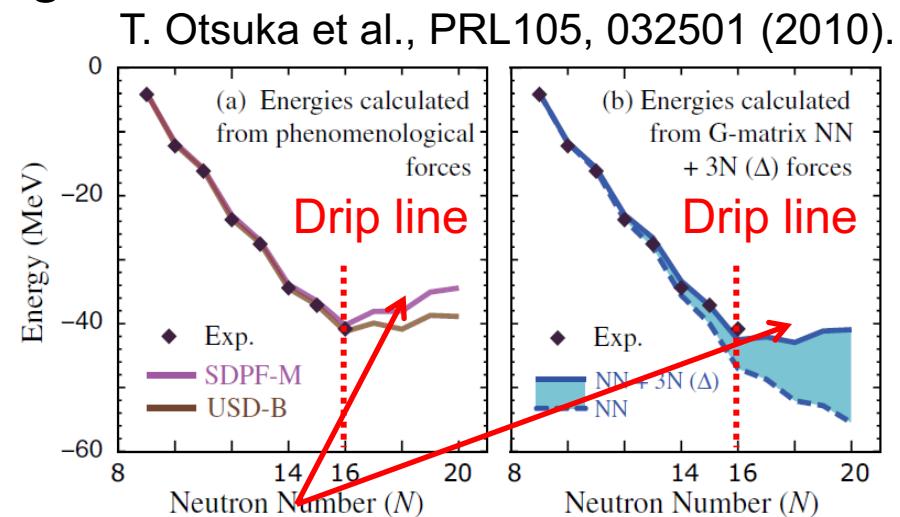
Spectroscopy of $^{25-28}\text{O}$ —beyond the neutron drip line

Spokesperson Yosuke Kondo

Experimental study of unbound oxygen isotopes
towards the possible double magic nucleus ^{28}O



E. Lunderberg et al. PRL108, 142503 (2012)
C. Caesar et al. PRC88, 034313 (2013).



3N force: significant at $N>16$

G. Hagen et al., PRL108, 242501(2012).

H. Hergert et al., PRL110, 242501(2013).

S.K.Bogner et al., PRL113, 142501(2014).

Continuum Effect:

A.Volya, V.Zelevinski, PRL94,052501(2005).

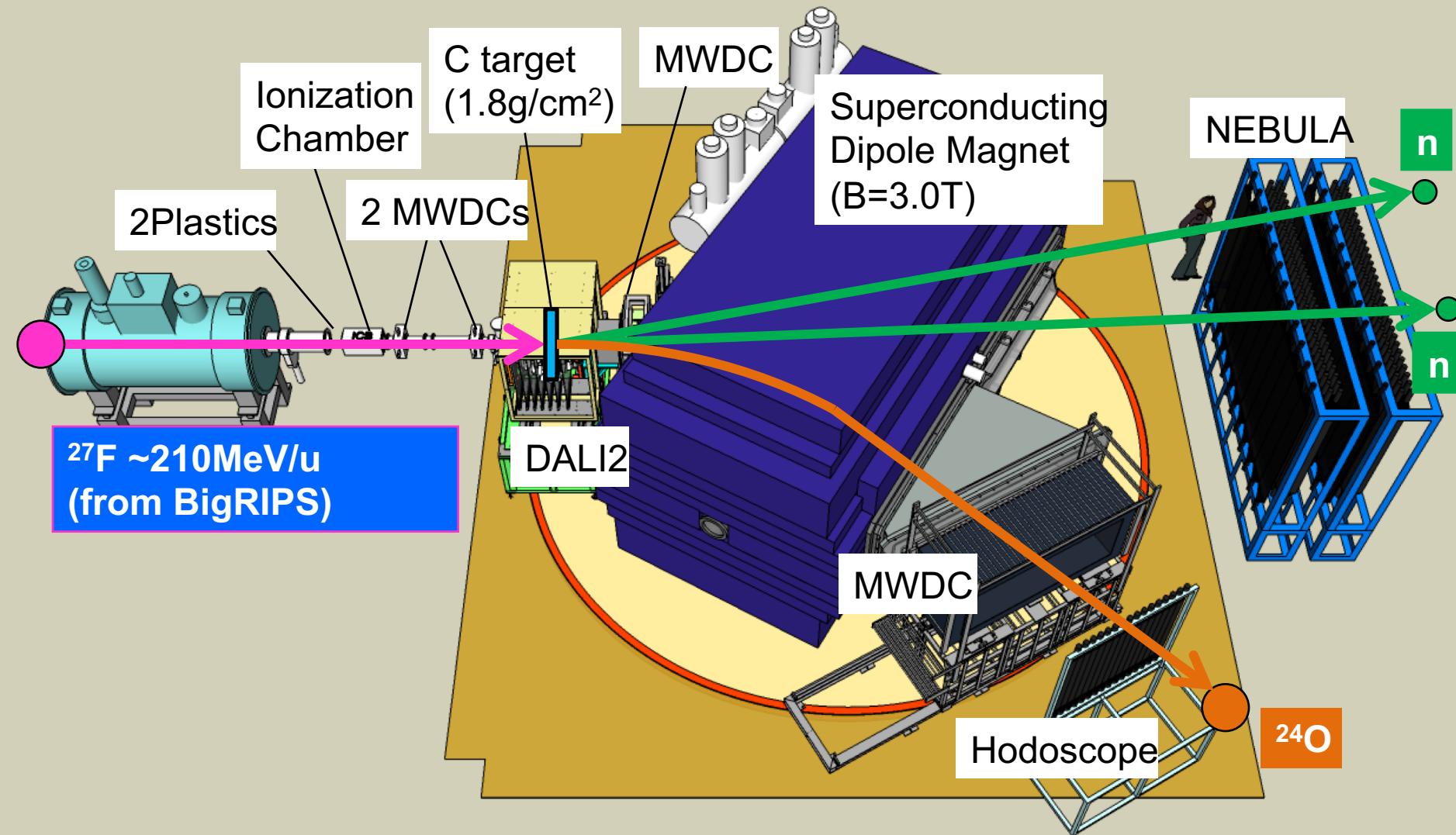
K. Tsukiyama, T. Otsuka, PTEP2015, 093D01 (2015).

nn correlations:

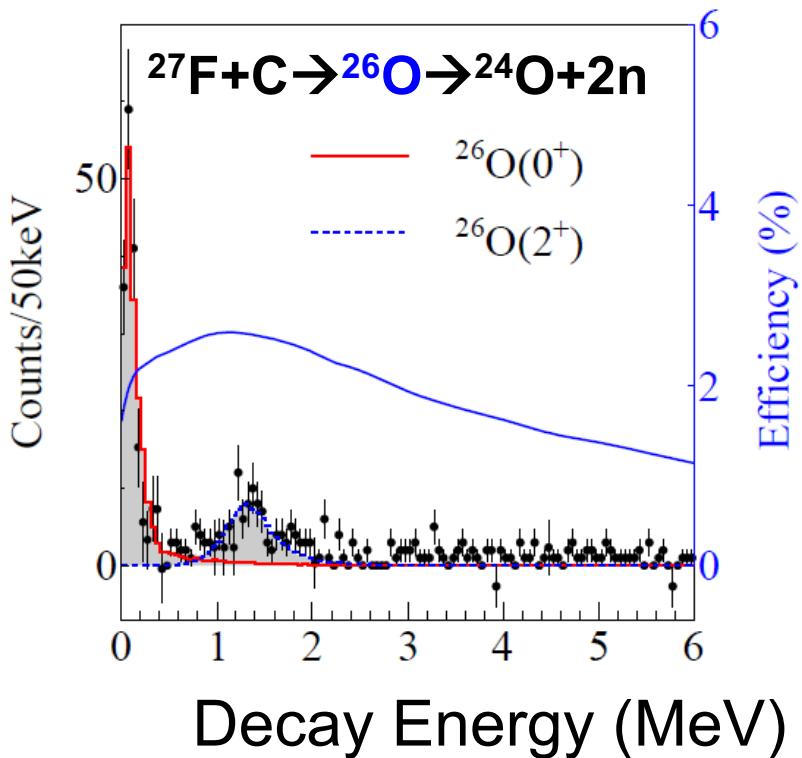
L.V. Grigorenko et al., PRL111,042501(2013).

K. Hagino, H. Sagawa PRC89,014331(2014).

Experimental Setup at SAMURAI at RIBF



Results of ^{26}O



Ground state (0^+)

5 times higher statistics than previous study

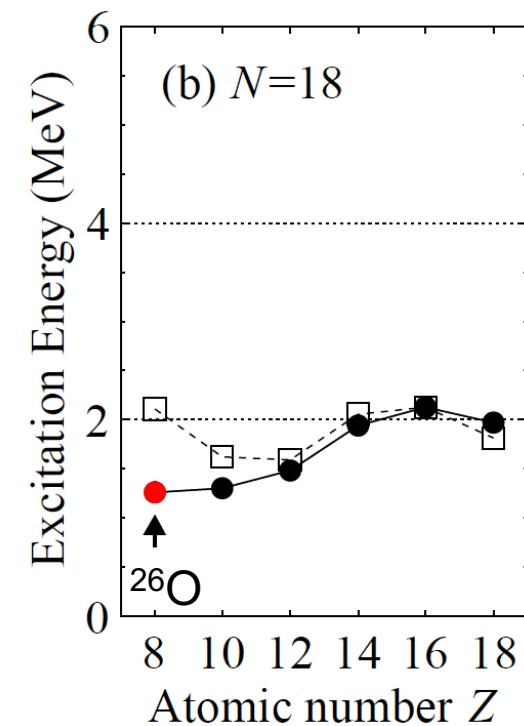
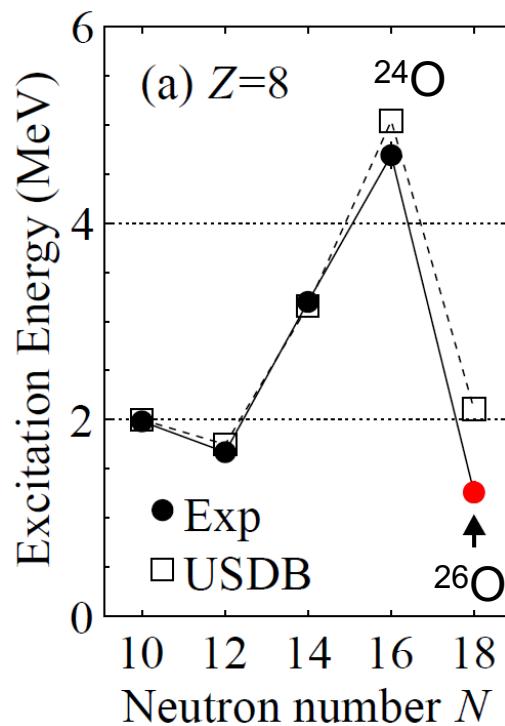
$18 \pm 3(\text{stat}) \pm 4(\text{syst})\text{keV}$

Finite value is determined for the first time

1st excited state (2^+)

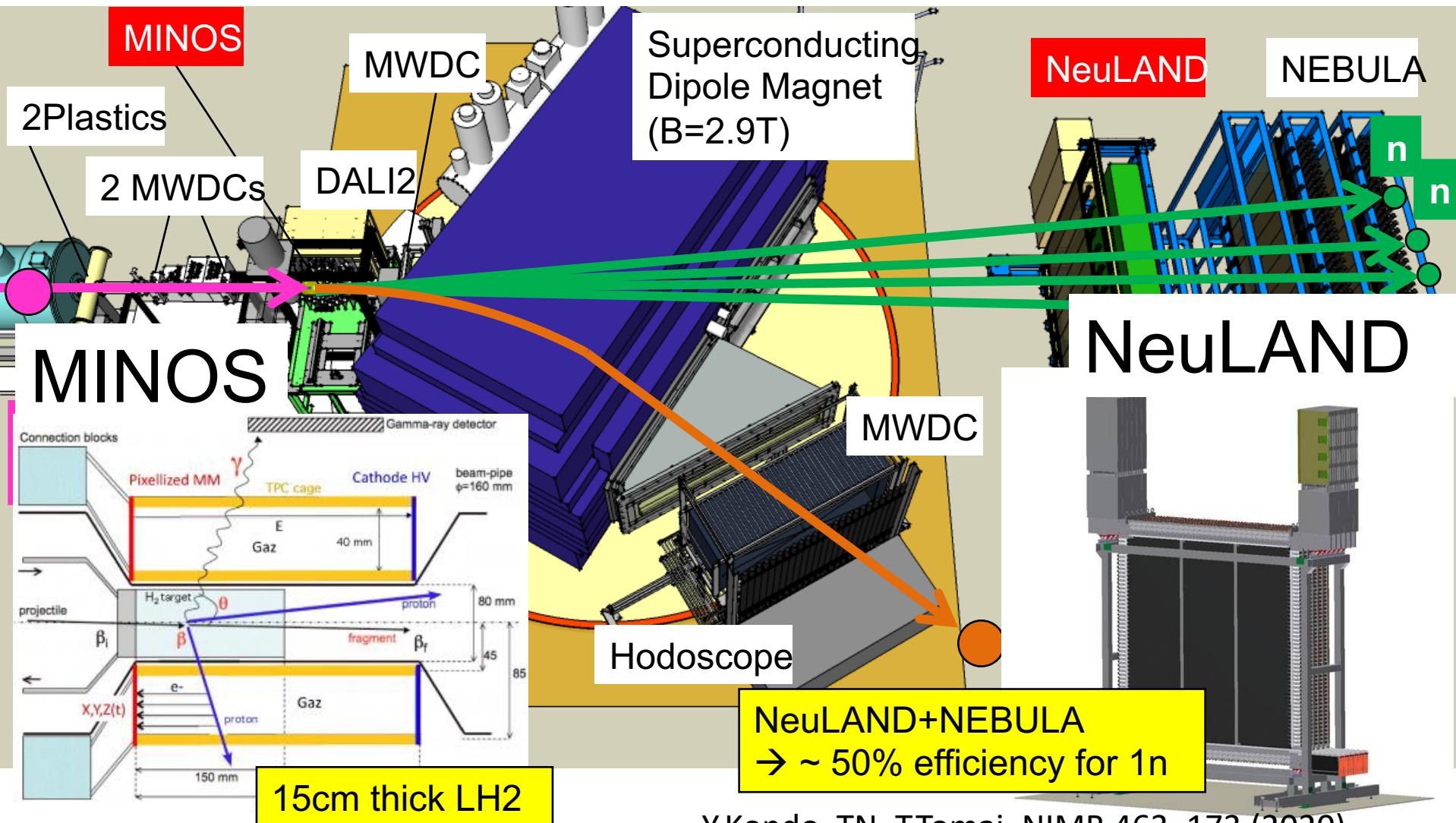
Observed for the first time

$1.28^{+0.11}_{-0.08}\text{MeV}$

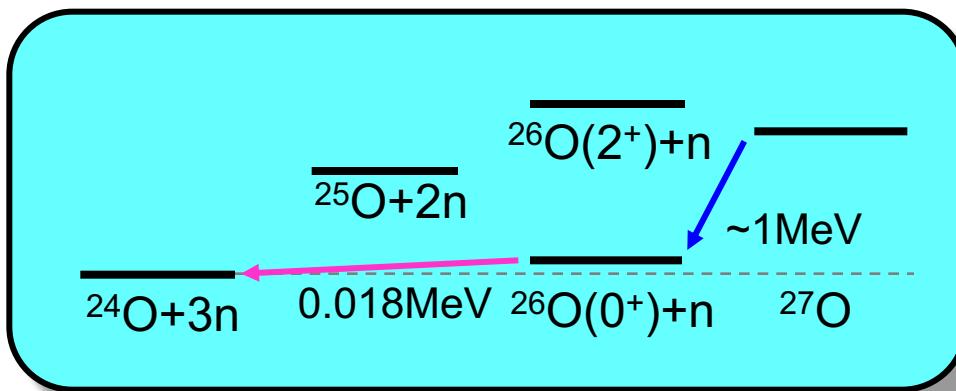
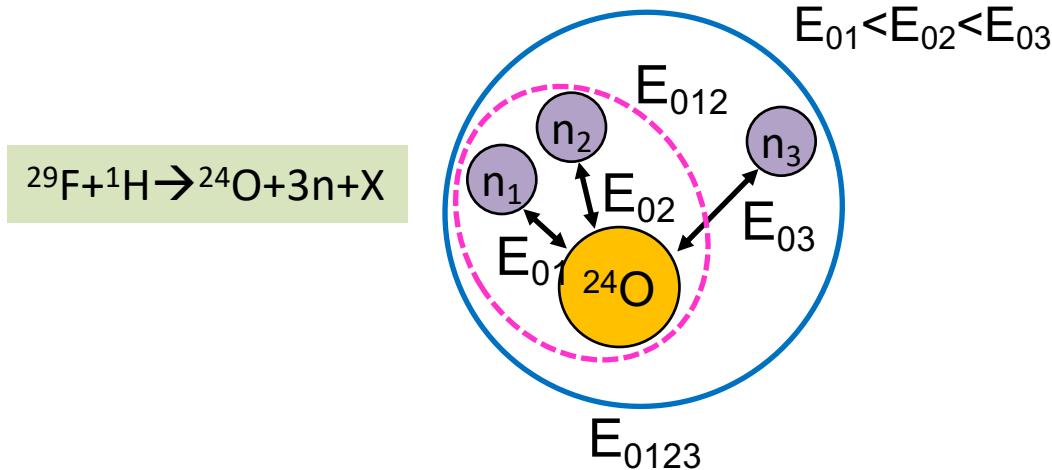


$N=16$ shell closure (^{24}O) is confirmed
 USDB cannot describe 2^+ energy at ^{26}O
 → effects of
pf shell?, continuum?
2n Correlations?, 3N force?

^{28}O measurement @ RIBF-SAMURAI



Decay energy spectrum($^{24}\text{O}+3\text{n}$ coincidence)



Theoretical predictions towards ^{28}O

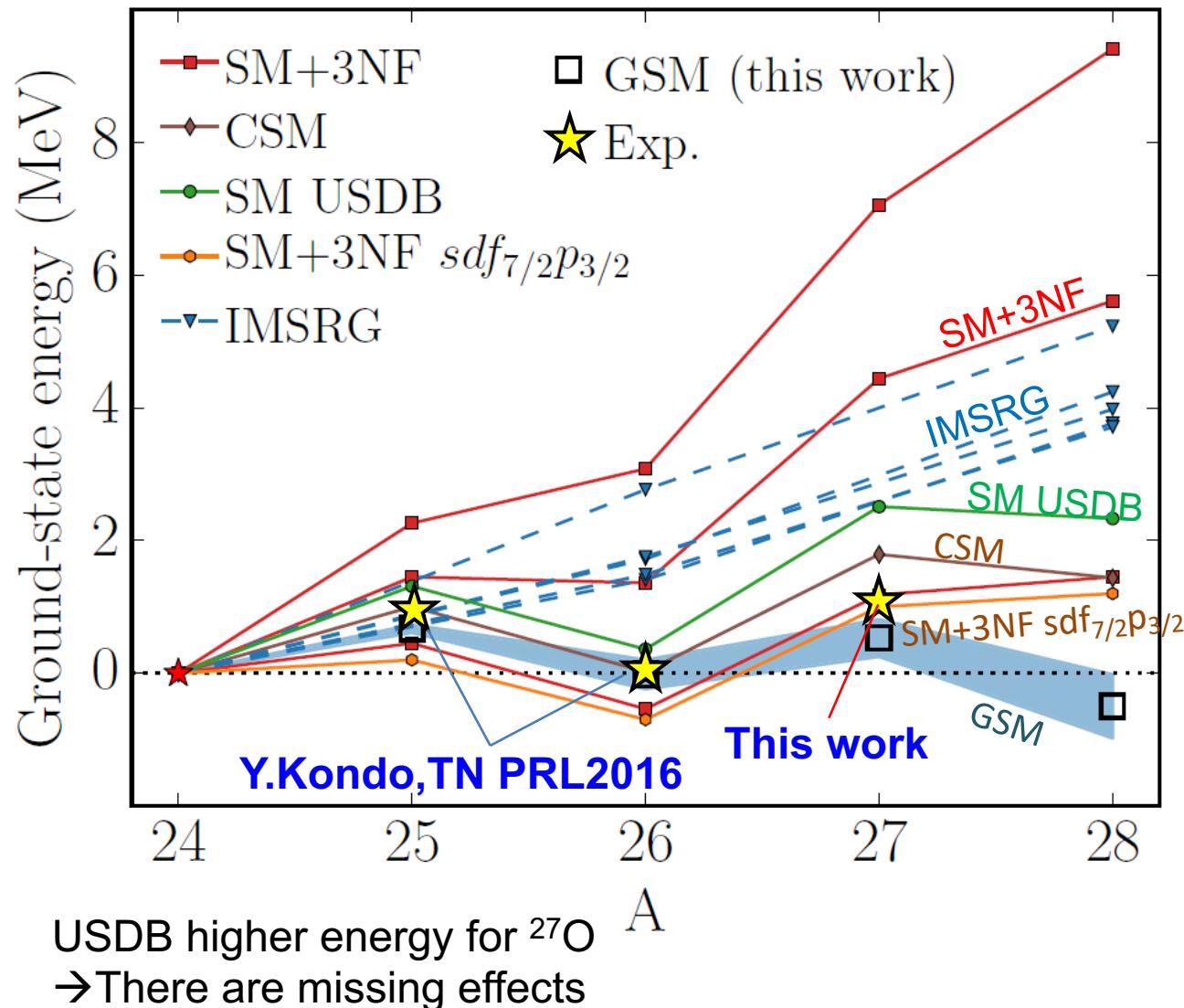


Fig. from K. Fossez et al.,
PRC 96, 024308 (2017)

SM USDB: B. A. Brown, Int. J. Mod. Phys. E26, 1740003 (2017)

SM+3NF: T. Otsuka et al., PRL105, 032501 (2010)

SM+3NF $sdf_{7/2}p_{3/2}$:

CSM: A. Volya et al., PRL94, 052501 (2005), A. Volya et al., PRC74, 064314, (2006)

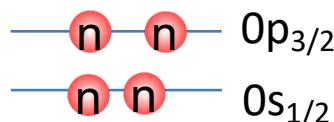
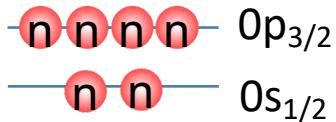
IMSRG: V. Lapoux et al., PRL117, 052501, (2016), H. Hergert

Multi-neutron cluster experiment in the near future

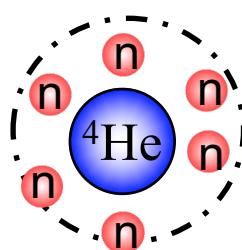
- 6n cluster in ^{10}He ?

Hexa-neutron?

6n is more stable than 4n ?

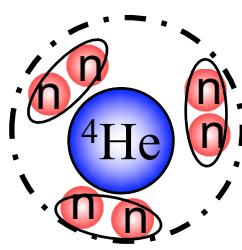


What happens if “six neutrons” are on the surface of a nucleus?



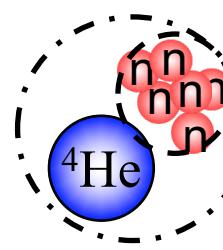
^{10}He

Non-correlated?



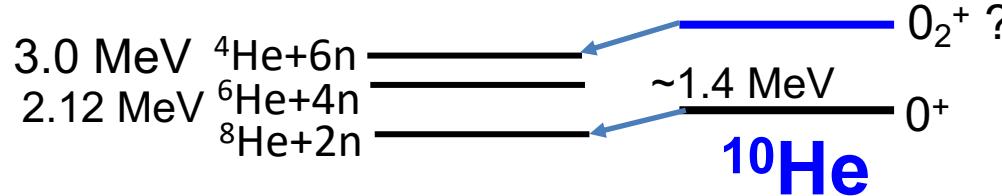
^{10}He

Triple-dineutrons?



^{10}He

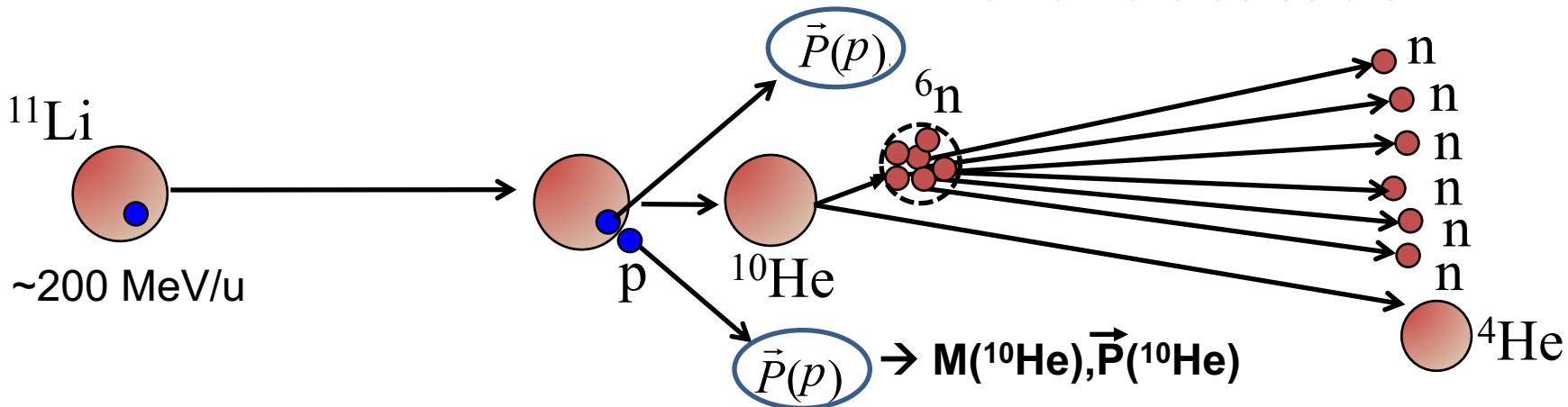
Hexa-neutron droplet?



Experimental Method : (p,2p) missing mass method



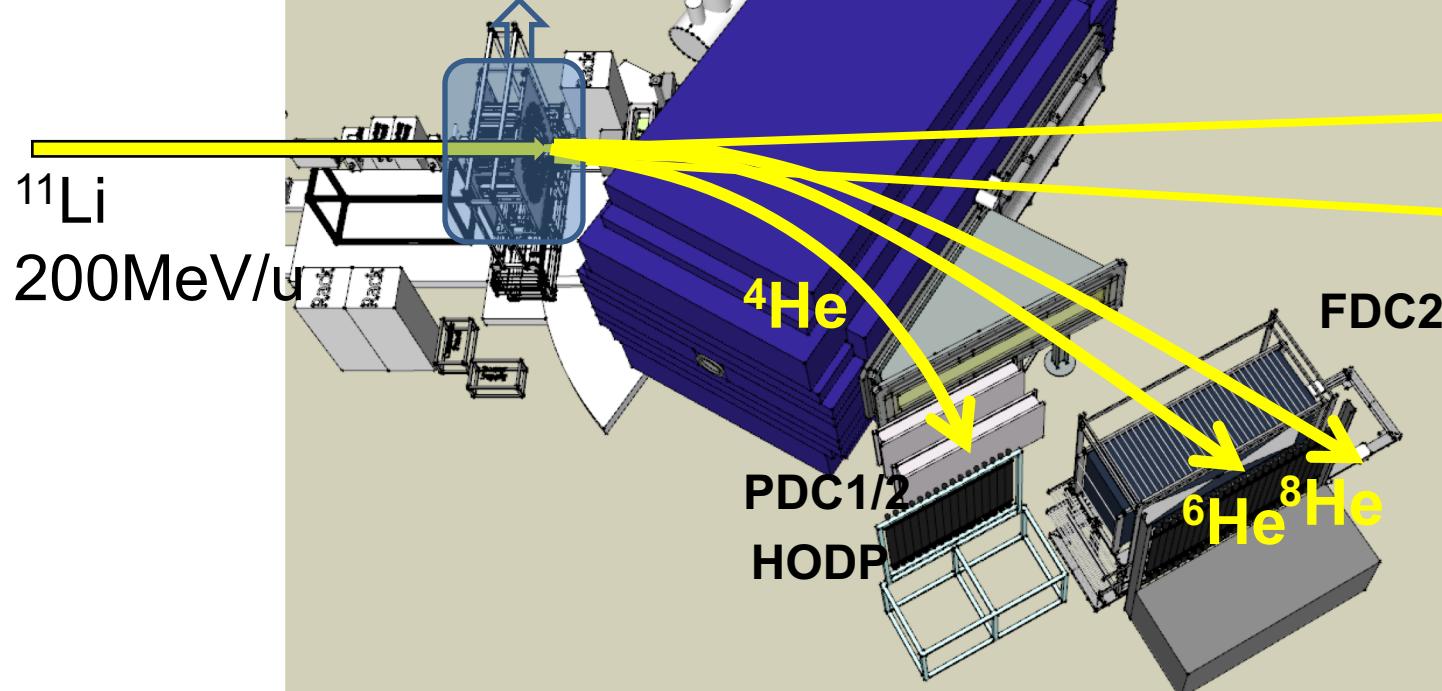
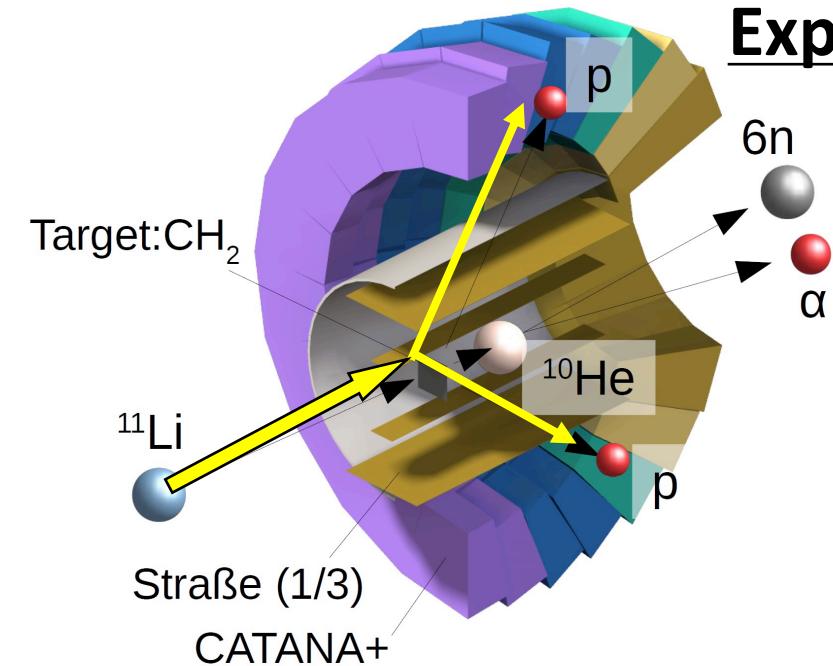
+ tagging $^4\text{He}, ^6\text{He}, ^8\text{He}$, and nn
at forward detectors



Missing Mass Method:

- + Need to measure “only” projectile and two recoil protons
 - + Absolute Excitation Energy (E_x) directly obtained
(Wide E_x range, Flat acceptance curve for E_x , No need of γ, n coin.)
 - + States with high-neutron multiplicities (eg. $6n$ emitter) accessible
 - Worse energy resolution (1-2MeV) for a given target thickness
- Compared to Invariant mass spectroscopy

Experimental Setup



Collaboration with TUD (A. Obertelli et al.)

Summary and Outlook

- ✓ Key Questions
 - Multi-neutron clusters on the surface of weakly bound/unbound nuclei?
- ✓ Spectroscopy of Super-heavy Oxygen → Barely Unbound 2n emitter ^{26}O

Y. Kondo, TN et al., PRL 116, 102503 (2016).

→ $^{26}\text{O}(0^+_{\text{gs}})$: Very weakly unbound 2n states → Correlation? Continuum?

$^{26}\text{O}(2^+)$: Found for the first time at $E_{\text{rel}}=1.28(11)$ MeV → Shell Evolution?

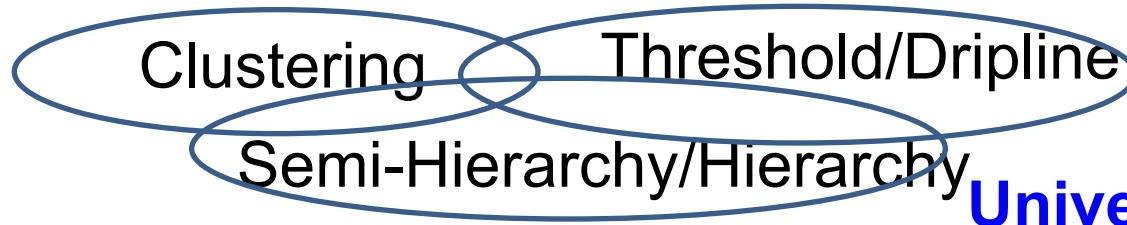
→ $^{27,28}\text{O}$: Experiment Successfully Done: Preliminary Results

^{27}O : $E(^{24}\text{O}+3\text{n}) \sim 1.1$ MeV, Sequential decay through $^{26}\text{O}(\text{gs}, 0^+)$

^{28}O : Observed: To be shown soon

Near Future: Variety of spectroscopies along n-drip line

4n, 6n... states? → $^4\text{n}, ^6\text{n}...$ cluster?



$^{11}\text{Li}(\text{p}, 2\text{p})^{10}\text{He}$ exp.
Approved at RIBF

Universality?

Day-one(S02,S03,S04) Collaboration—

^{19}B , $^{20,21}\text{B}$, ^{21}C , ^{22}C , $^{25,26}\text{O}$, ...

Tokyo Institute of Technology: Y.Kondo, T.Nakamura, N.Kobayashi, R.Tanaka, R.Minakata, S.Ogoshi, S.Nishi, D.Kanno, T.Nakashima, J. Tsubota, A. Saito,

K.J.Cook, A.Kurihara, Y.Yoshitome, H.Miki

LPC CAEN: N.A.Orr, J.G.Gibelin, F.Delaunay, F.M.Marques, N.L.Achouri, S.Leblond, Q. Deshayes

Tohoku University : T.Koabayashi, K.Takahashi, K.Muto

RIKEN: K.Yoneda, T.Motobayashi ,H.Otsu, T.Isobe, H.Baba,H.Sato, Y.Shimizu, J.Lee, P.Doornenbal, S.Takeuchi, N.Inabe, N.Fukuda, D.Kameda, H.Suzuki, H.Takeda, T.Kubo

Seoul National University: Y.Satou, S.Kim, J.W.Hwang

Kyoto University : T.Murakami, N.Nakatsuka

GSI : Y.Togano

Univ. of York: A.G.Tuff

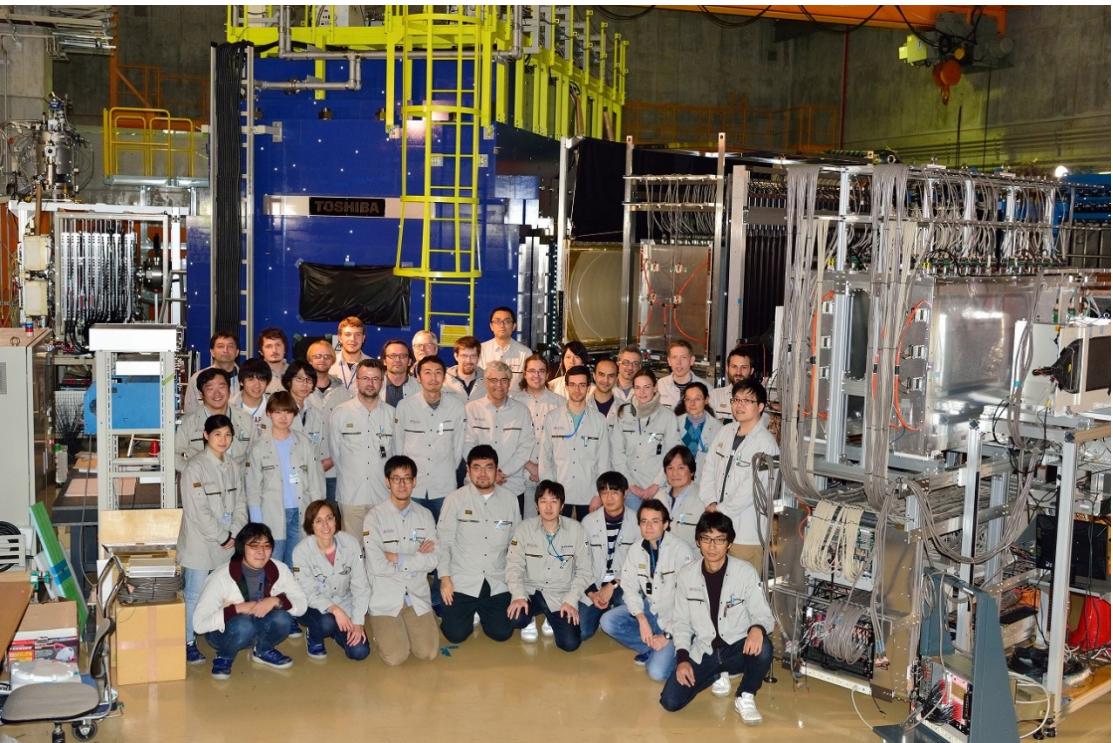
GANIL: A.Navin

Technische Universit“at Darmstadt: T.Aumann

Rikkyo Univeristy: D.Murai

Universit‘e Paris-Sud, IN2P3-CNRS: M.Vandebrueck

SAMURAI21 collaboration—^{27,28}O



Y.Kondo, T.Nakamura, N.L.Achouri, H.Al Falou, L.Atar, T.Aumann, H.Baba, K.Boretzky, C.Caesar, D.Calvet, H.Chae, N.Chiga, A.Corsi, H.L.Crawford, F.Delaunay, A.Delbart, Q.Deshayes, Zs.Dombrádi, C.Douma, Z.Elekes, P.Fallon, I.Gašparić, J.-M.Gheller, J.Gibelin, A.Gillibert, M.N.Harakeh, A.Hirayama, C.R.Hoffman, M.Holl, A.Horvat, Á.Horváth, J.W.Hwang, T.Isobe, J.Kahlbow, N.Kalantar-Nayestanaki, S.Kawase, S.Kim, K.Kisamori, T.Kobayashi, D.Körper, S.Koyama, I.Kuti, V.Lapoux, S.Lindberg, F.M.Marqués, S.Masuoka, J.Mayer, K.Miki, T.Murakami, M.A.Najafi, K.Nakano, N.Nakatsuka, T.Nilsson, A.Obertelli, F.de Oliveira Santos, N.A.Orr, H.Otsu, T.Ozaki, V.Panin, S.Paschalidis, A.Revel, D.Rossi, A.T.Saito, T.Saito, M.Sasano, H.Sato, Y.Satou, H.Scheit, F.Schindler, P.Schrock, M.Shikata, Y.Shimizu, H.Simon, D.Sohler, O.Sorlin, L.Stuhl, S.Takeuchi, M.Tanaka, M.Thoennessen, H.Törnqvist, Y.Togano, T.Tomai, J.Tscheuschner, J.Tsubota, T.Uesaka, H.Wang, M.Yasuda, Z.Yang, K.Yoneda

Tokyo Tech, Argonne, ATOMKI, CEA Saclay, Chalmers, CNS, Cologne, Eotvos, GANIL, GSI, IBS, KVI-CART, Kyoto Univ., Kyushu Univ., LBNL, Lebanese-French University of Technology and Applied Science, LPC-CAEN, MSU, Osaka Univ., RIKEN, Ruđer Bošković Institute, SNU, Tohoku Univ., TU Darmstadt, Univ. of Tokyo

88 Participants (+few analysis)
25 Institutes