



X-ray spectroscopy of Ξ^- atom in J-PARC S-2S experiment

2020/9/24

T. O. Yamamoto

JAEA

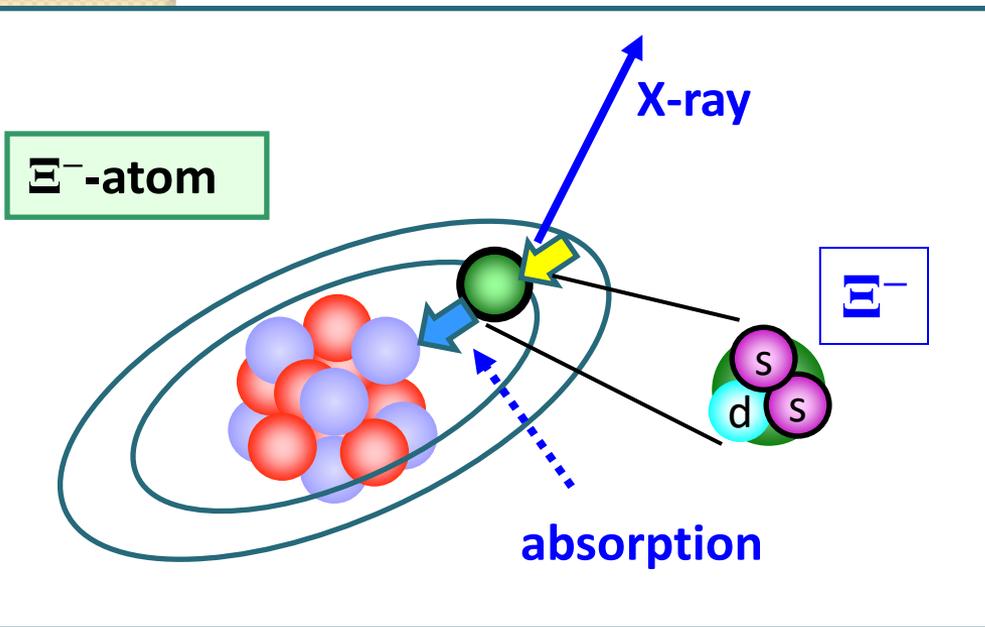
Contents

- **X-ray spectroscopy of Ξ^- atom**
 - **First try in J-PARC E07**
 - **Coming measurement in J-PARC E03**
 - **Future measurement with S-2S experiment**
- **Summary**

X-ray spectroscopy of Ξ^- -atom

We are aiming for **world first measurement of X ray from Ξ^- -atom**

→ Information on the ΞA optical potential



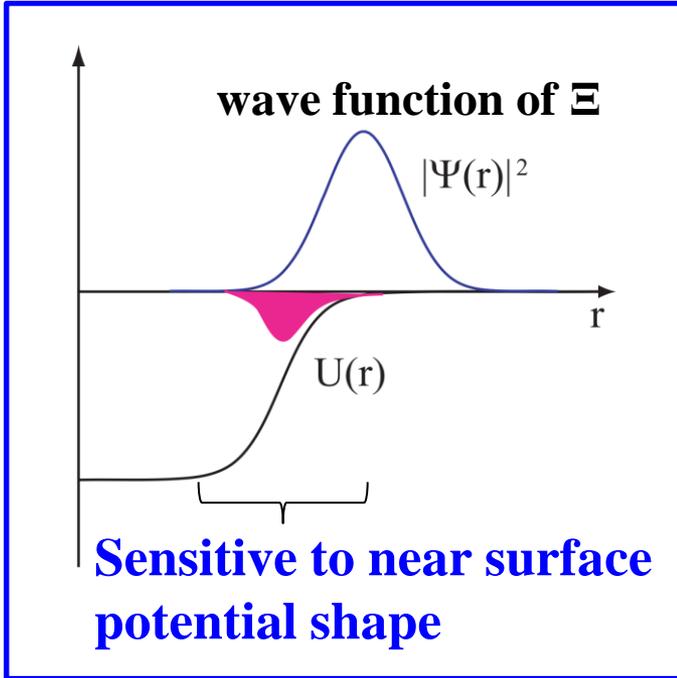
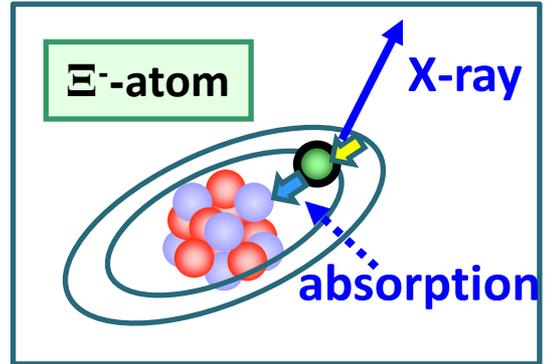
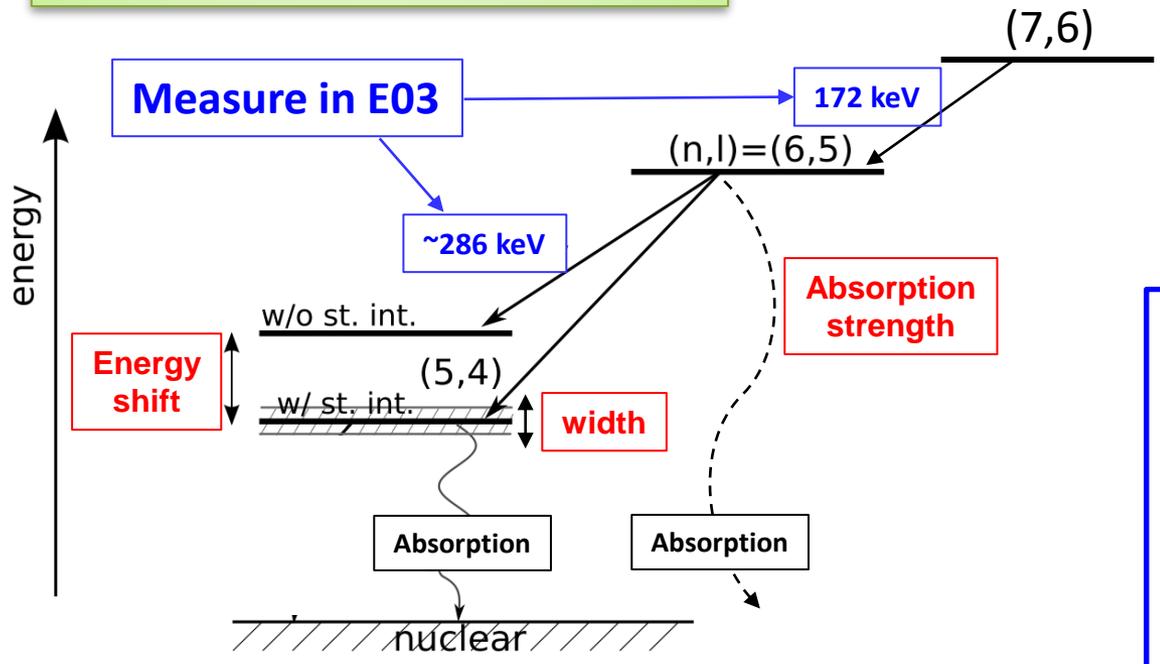
- Information on (effective) ΞN interaction
large baryon mixing?
(small $\Delta M(\Xi N - \Lambda N) = 28$ MeV)
(but, weak imaginary strength was predicted by lattice QCD calc.)
- ΞA interaction and its A dependence
Role of Ξ^- in neutron star?

Establishment of experimental method in the J-PARC E03 (Fe- Ξ^- atom)

→ Systematic measurement (over wide mass range) in future

X-ray spectroscopy of Ξ^- -atom

Level scheme of Fe- Ξ^- atom



Measurement of **energy shift** and **width**
 → Ξ^- -A real and imaginary term (near surface)

This method has been successfully applied for negative charged particles (π^- , K^- , \bar{p} , Σ^-)

Sensitive to near surface potential shape

Physics motivation

- Valuable information on ΞN (effective) interaction

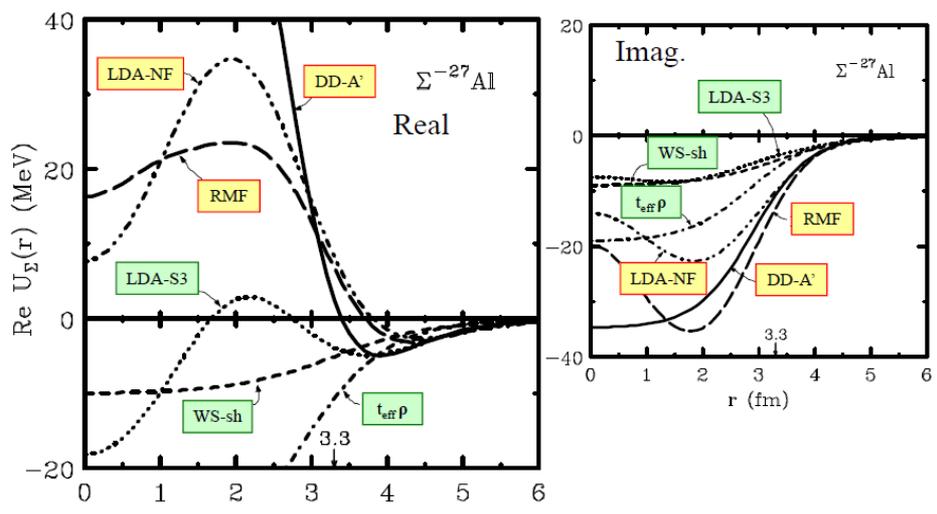
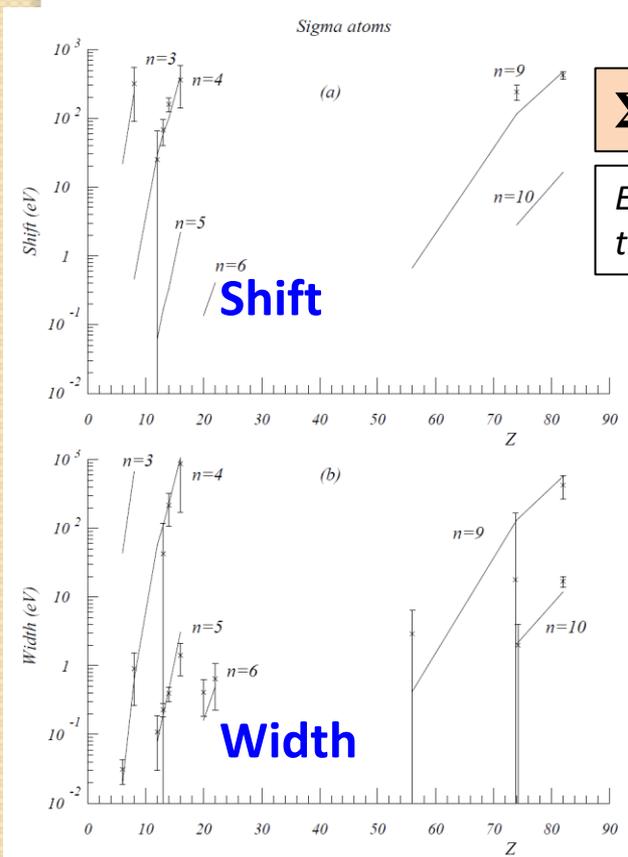
Need systematic X-ray measurement over wide mass range

→ Potential shape, mass dependence

as in the case of Σ^- atom data

Σ^- atom data

*E. Friedman, A. Gal
the International School of Physics Enrico Fermi (2007)*



Physics motivation

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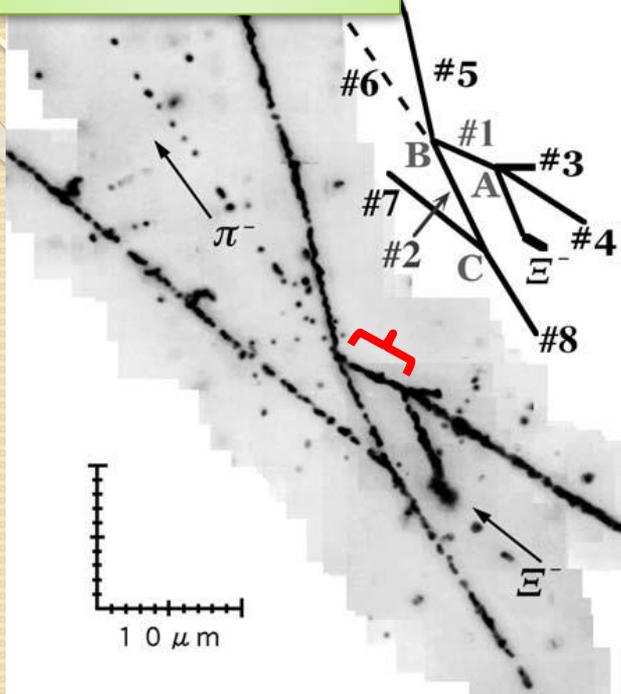
Our strategy for Ξ^- -atom

No Ξ^- -atom data so far

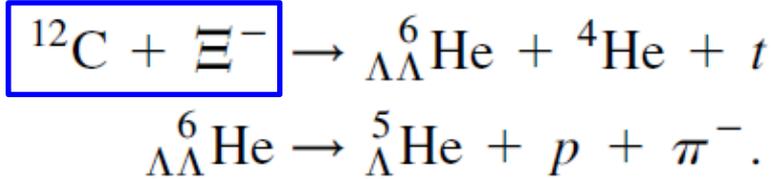
- A ↓
- C (Z=6)-atom : First try in J-PARC E07(-2017)
+ future measurement (also other p-shell...)
 - Fe (Z=26)-atom : Coming J-PARC E03 (2021.1)
 - Br (Z=35)-atom : } First try in J-PARC E07(-2017)
 - Ag (Z=47)-atom : }
 - Pb (Z=82)-atom : PANDA

Impact on emulsion data

NAGARA event



Stopped Ξ^- s form Ξ -atoms before reaction



$$B_{\Lambda\Lambda} = 6.91 \pm 0.16 \text{ MeV}$$

H. Takahashi et al,
Phys. Rev. Lett. 87 (2001) 212502.

obtained from analysis of
both **production** and decay point

Depends on B_{Ξ} of C Ξ^- -atom [$B_{\Xi} = 0.13 \text{ MeV}$]
(energy center and error)

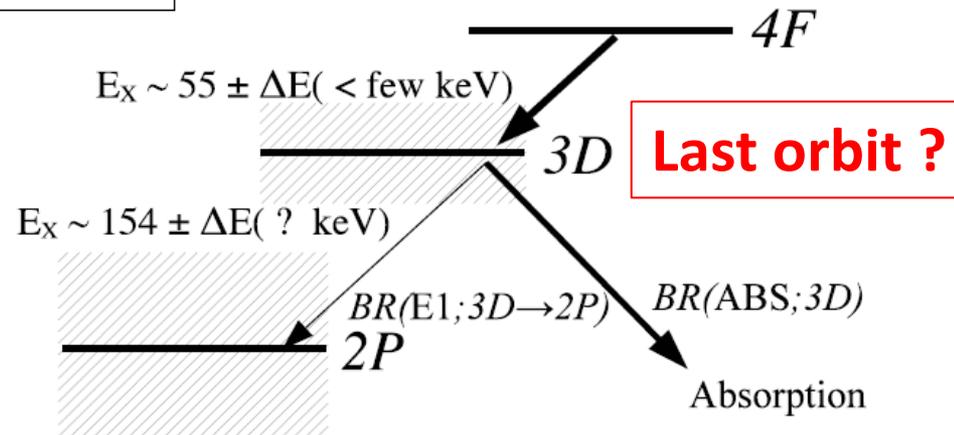
Ξ^- C atom

M. Fujita, *Doctoral Thesis, Tohoku Univ.* (2019)

Theoretical prediction:
3D absorption is dominant

C. J. Batty, E. Friedman, and A. Gal
Phys. Rev. C 59, 295 (2001)

X-ray data will support $B_{\Lambda\Lambda}$ analysis



Our first try in J-PARC E07

M. Fujita

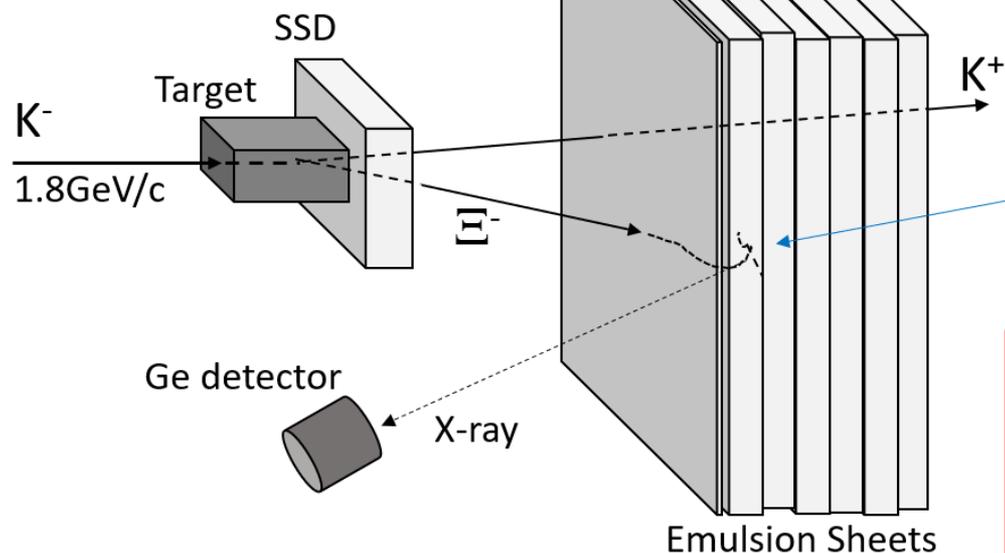
Doctoral Thesis, Tohoku Univ. (2019)

Experimental study of double hypernuclei

at J-PARC

Done in 2016-2017

Emulsion
(H,C,N,O, Br and Ag)



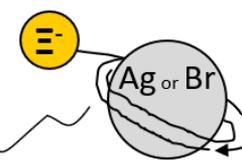
$\Lambda\Lambda$ hypernucleus



Ξ hypernucleus

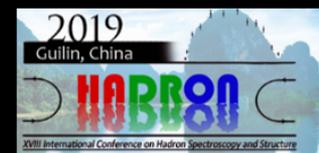


X-ray from Ξ^- atom



Junya Yoshida (Advanced Science Research Center, JAEA)

On behalf of J-PARC E07 Collaboration



Our first try in J-PARC E07

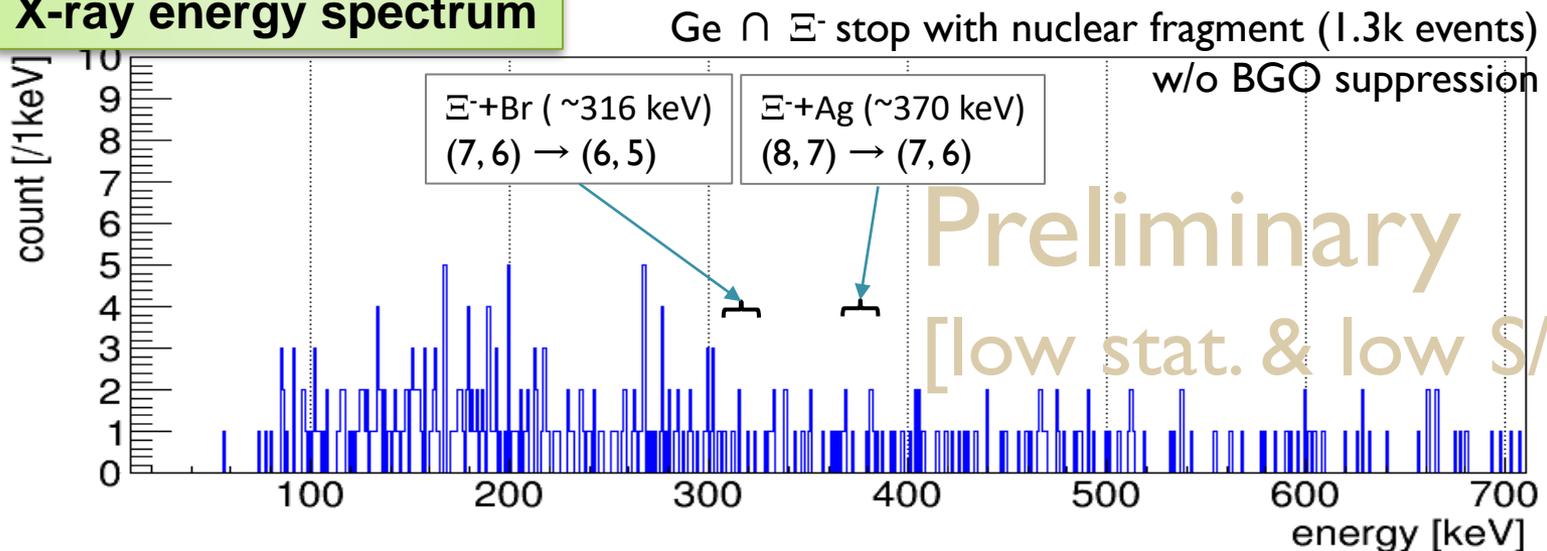
For Ag- and Br-atom

Measurement (1) : **Emulsion combined analysis**

- **S/N ratio** ○ [we can tag Ξ^- stop in emulsion]
- **Yield rate** ×
 - Low stop prob. (long flight, low density)
 - Mixture target (H, C, N, O, Br and Ag)
 - Not optimum setup for X-ray detector

J. Yoshida and M. Fujita
HADRON 2019

X-ray energy spectrum



Expected # of event
= 10-20 (for Ag) w/ full stat.

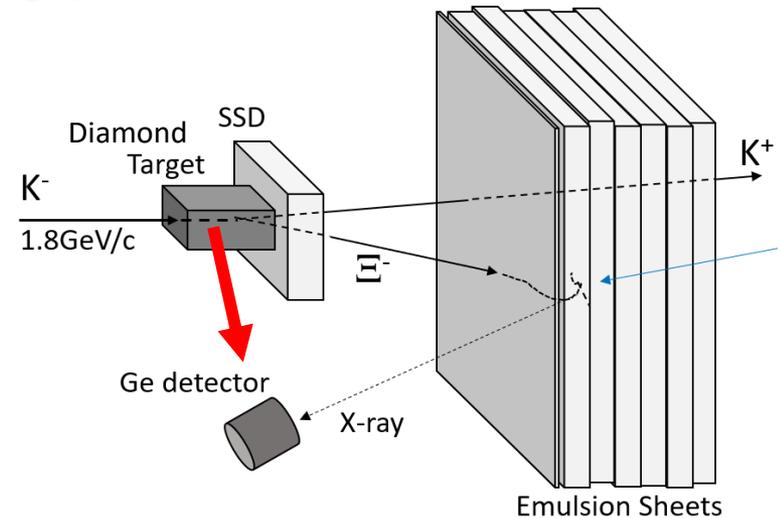
Emulsion analysis is on going to search
“special” event (not for just Ξ^- stopped event)
→ Not enough analyzed Ξ stop event (20-30%) so far

Our first try in J-PARC E07

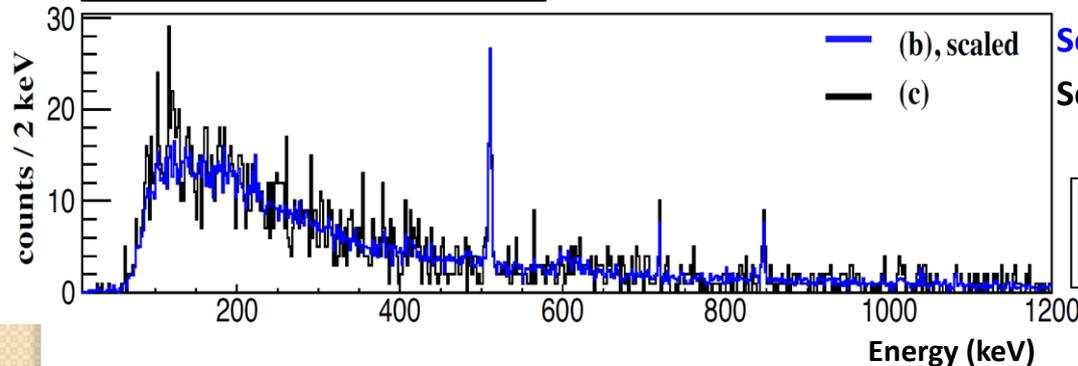
For C-atom

Measurement (2) : w/o emulsion info.

- **S/N ratio** Δ [we can reject only SSD hit event]
- **Yield rate** Δ
- **Low stop probability (low density)**
- **Not optimum setup for X-ray detector**



Result (Full statistics)



Select Ξ stop like

Select low momentum Ξ stop like

M. Fujita

Doctoral Thesis, Tohoku Univ. (2019)

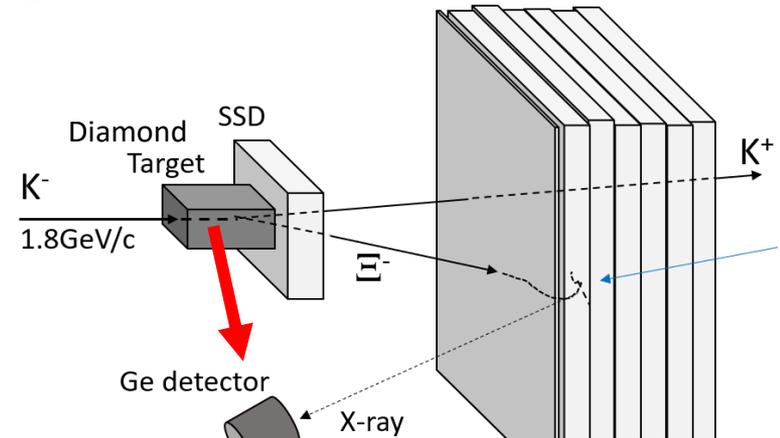
Unfortunately, no significant peak was observed...

Our first try in J-PARC E07

For C-atom

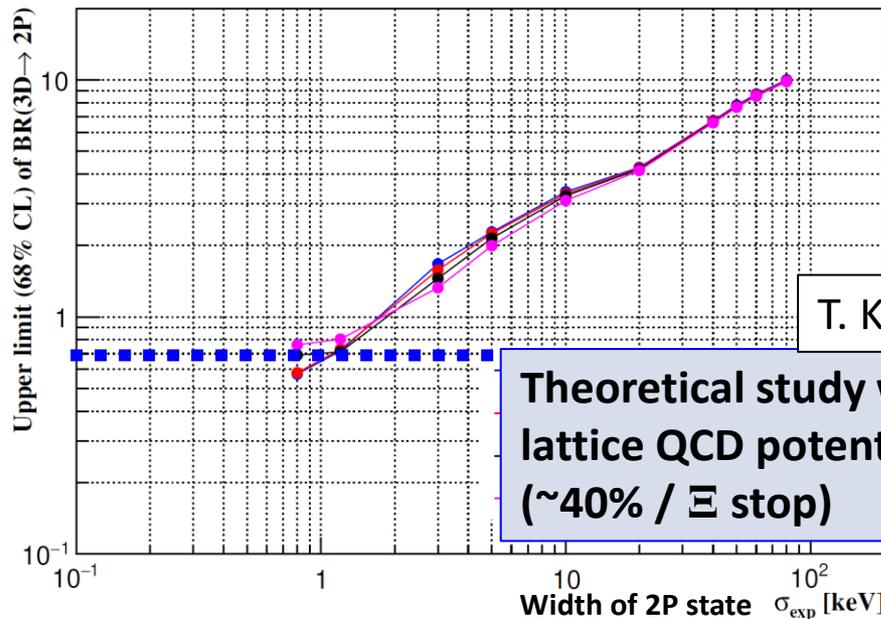
Measurement (2) : **w/o emulsion info.**

- **S/N ratio** Δ [we can reject only SSD hit event]
- **Yield rate** Δ
 - Low stop probability (low density)
 - Not optimum setup for X-ray detector



Upper limit for BR(3D→2P)

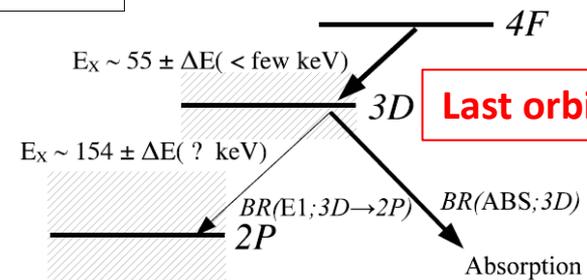
M. Fujita, Doctoral Thesis, Tohoku Univ. (2019)



T. Koike

Theoretical study with lattice QCD potential (~40% / Ξ stop)

Ξ^- C atom

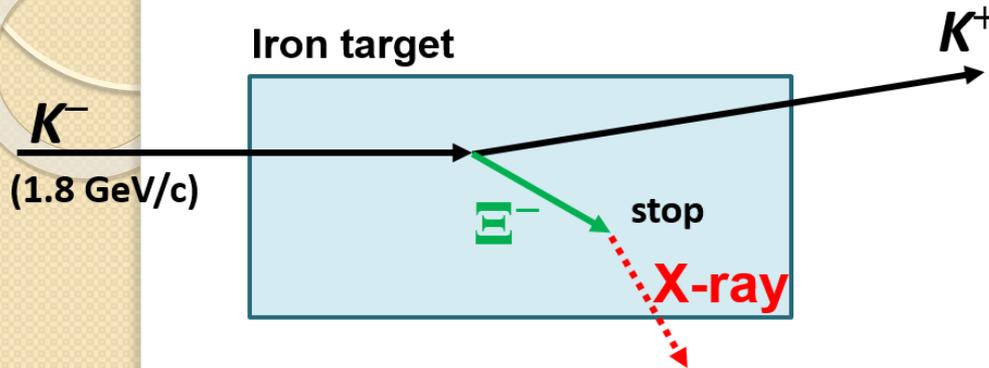


We achieved upper limit close to theoretical prediction

We will retry the measurement for C-atom

Coming measurement [J-PARC E03]

We are aiming for world first measurement of X ray from Ξ^- -atom



Feature of the measurement:

- **S/N ratio** Δ
[we can not tag Ξ^- stop, but high stopping prob.]
- **Yield rate** \bigcirc
 - High stop probability
 - Optimum detector setup

Advantage of Fe target

[Technical reason]

Enough dense ($\sim 7.9 \text{ g/cm}^3$) for higher stopping probability of Ξ^-

[Physics reason]

Absorption strength (and width) reported in theoretical case study is suitable for our measurement

Calculated by T. Koike

(5,4) state : $\Delta E \sim \Gamma \sim 4 \text{ keV}$ [W.S. shape potential of $-24-3i \text{ MeV}$]

Recent Lattice & ChiralEFT calc.
Shows $< 1/10$ smaller imaginary strength

E03 1st expected result

for not full accelerator intensity

< 1st phase > 10% statistics

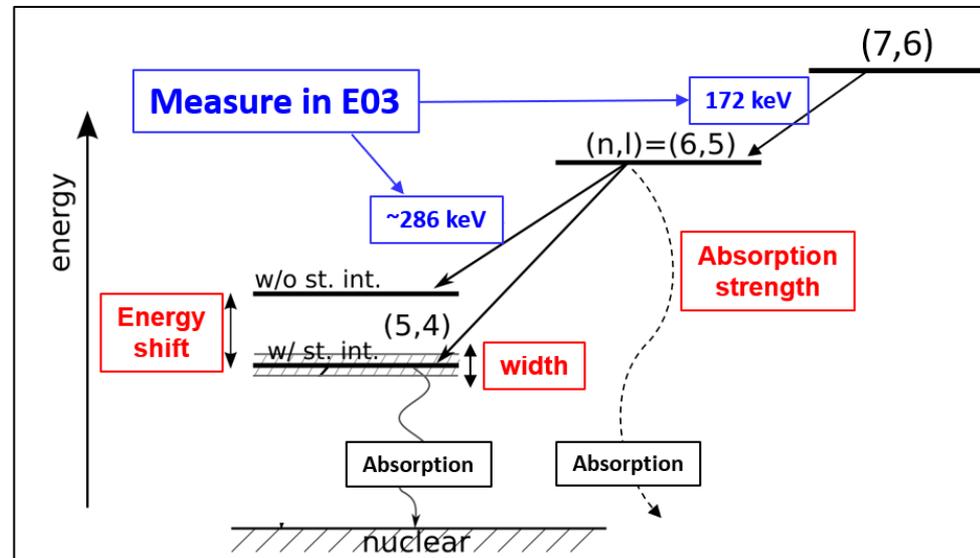
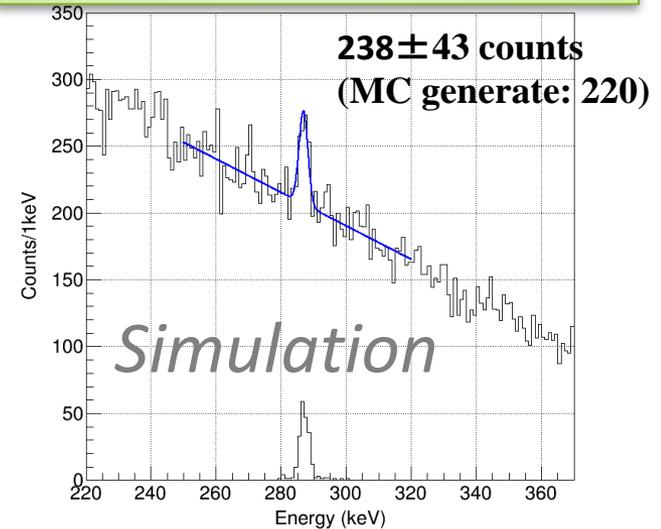
- (7→6) transition will be seen
→ “World first measurement”
- (6→5) finite shift & width (if $\Gamma < 1$ keV)
- information of absorption strength from (6→5)/(7→6)

< 2nd phase > 100% statistics

- (6→5) shift & width
(if $\Gamma \sim 4$ keV)

Data taking of 1st phase
will be done in 2021.1

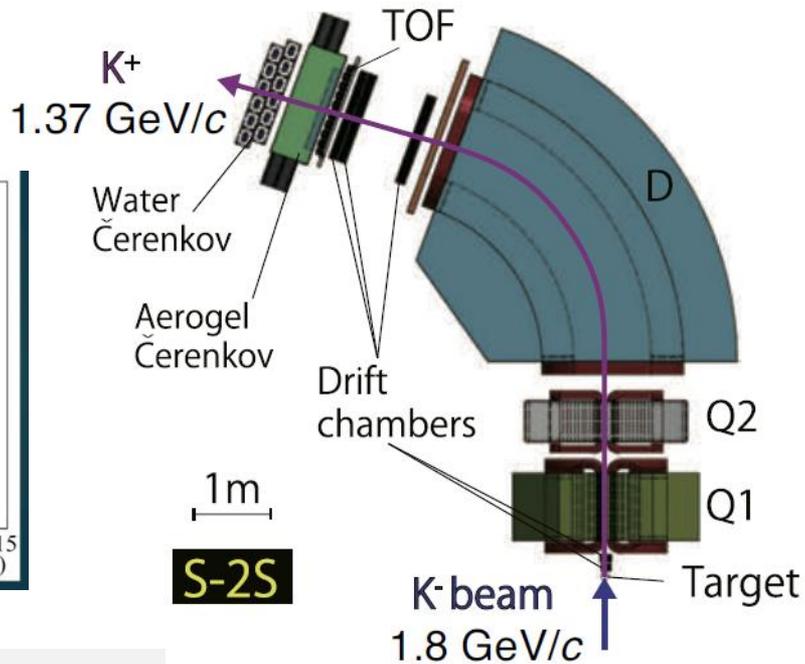
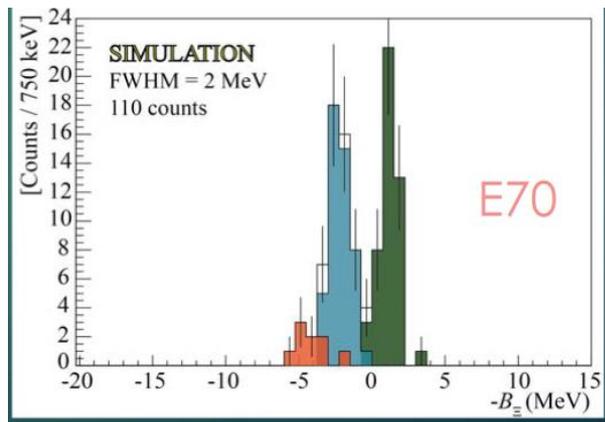
Expected X-ray energy spectrum
for (6→5) transition [width=1 keV]



Near future measurement with S-2S

High resolution Ξ^- hypernuclear spectroscopy with the same reaction.

T. Nagae,
J-PARC PAC (2019)



Systematic measurement will be performed:

Target = ^{12}C (E70), ^7Li (E75), etc. in future?

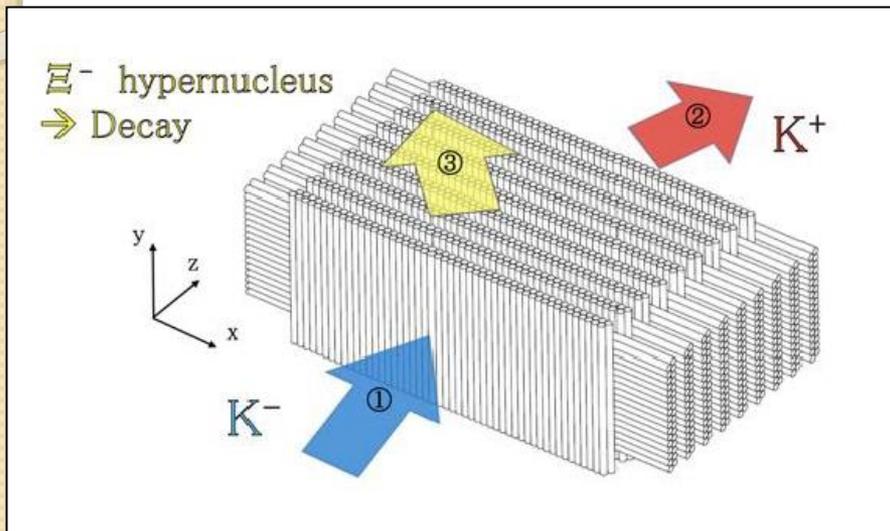
Byproduct

Chance for X-ray measurement in parallel

	S-2S
Magnet Configuration	QQD
Acceptance [msr]	55
Magnetic field [T]	1.5
Resolution [FWHM]	5.5×10^{-4}
Bending angle [deg]	70

Active fiber target [E70]

First target for S-2S experiment: ^{12}C
(E70 physics run in 2022-2023)



Active fiber target for energy loss correction

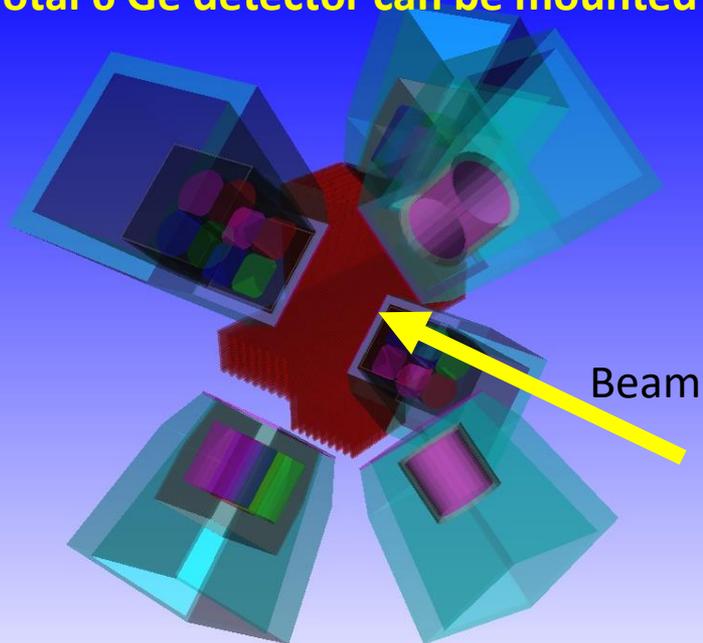
**Merit for
X-ray measurement**

Feature of the X-ray measurement:

- S/N ratio ○ [we can tag Ξ^- stop]
- Yield rate ×
 - Very low stop probability (low density)
 - Smaller acceptance of S-2S

Second try for C-atom measurement

Total 6 Ge detector can be mounted



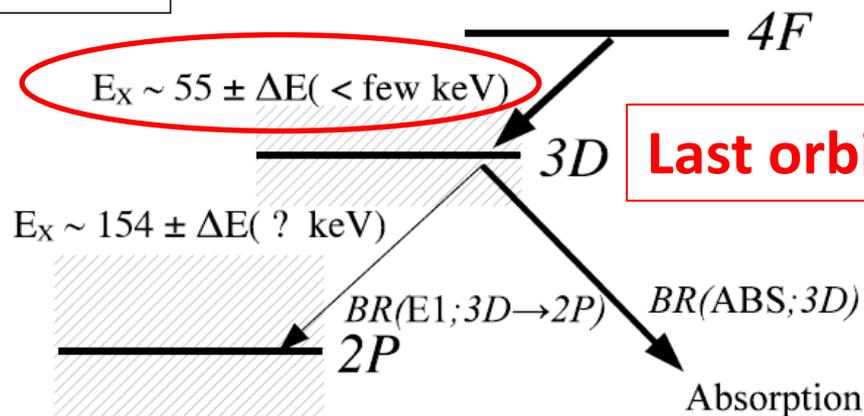
Assumption for yield estimation:

- 30% X-ray yield / Ξ stop
[lower than QCD based calc. (~40%)]
- ~1 month beamtime for E70

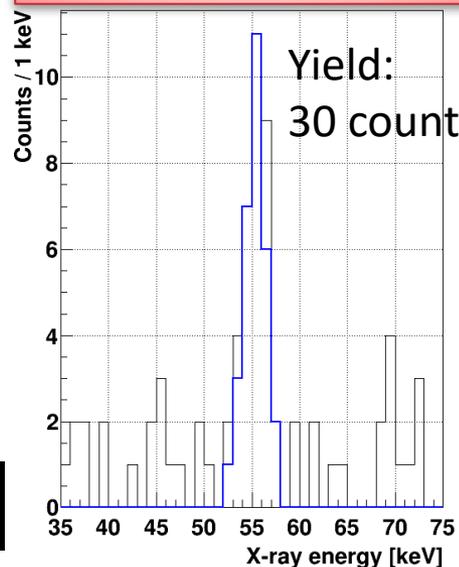
We have chance to observe X ray

Ξ^- C atom

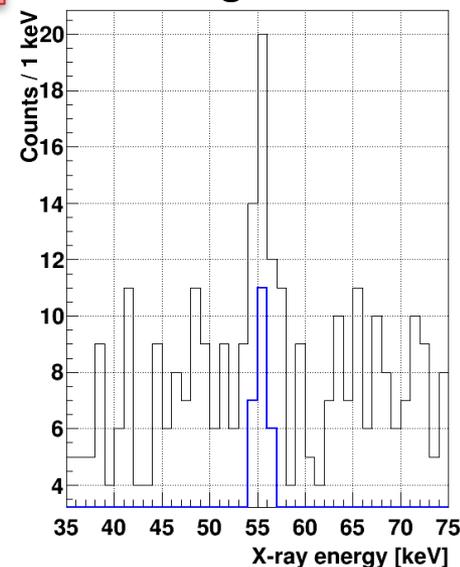
M. Fujita, Doctoral Thesis, Tohoku Univ. (2019)



Expected spectrum



High B.G. case



Summary

We are aiming for

world first measurement of X ray from Ξ^- -atom

→ Information on the Ξ A optical potential

➤ **First try in J-PARC E07**

Br, Ag-atom w/ emulsion analysis

C-atom w/o emulsion analysis

➤ **Coming measurement in J-PARC E03**

Fe-atom w/ optimum condition

➤ **Future measurement with S-2S experiment**

C-atom w/ active target [second try]

and more...

We will start systematic measurement in future