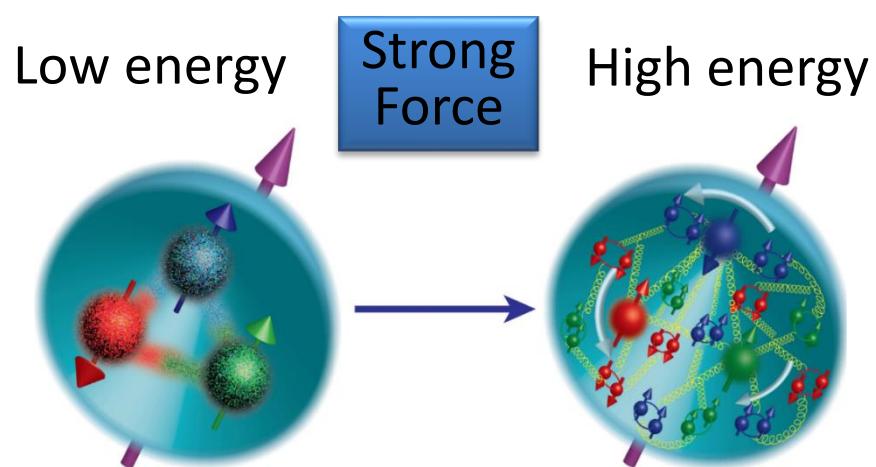
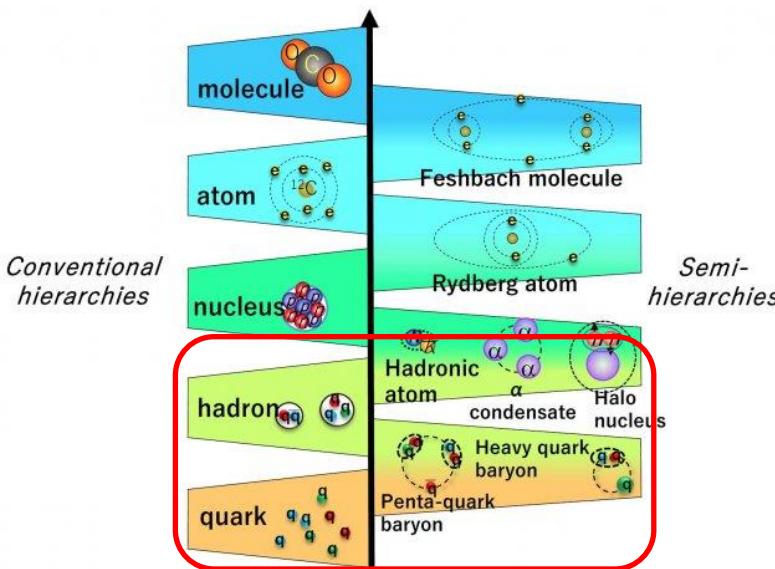


Study of inner structure of hadrons within partonic view

第8回クラスター階層領域研究会

2023/2/10
富田 夏希 (京都大学)

Partonic view of hadrons



Partons = Quarks,
Antiquarks, Gluons

Hadron degree
of freedom

Spin

Constituent quark spin

Mass

Chiral (Splitting)

Partonic view

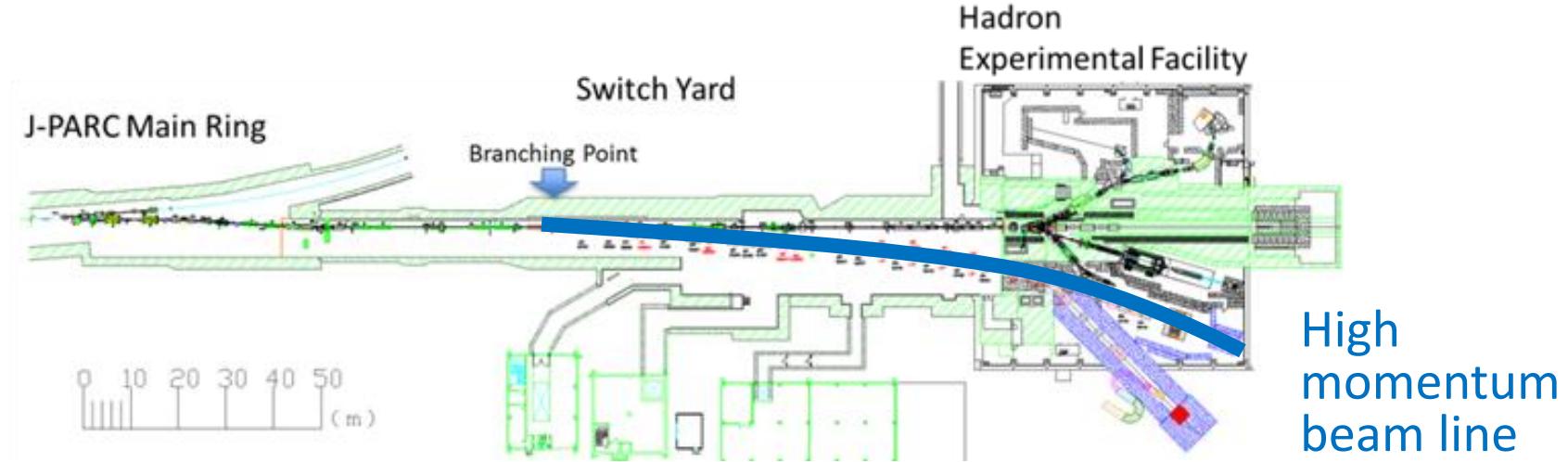
Quark spin (30%) + Gluon spin +
Quark/Gluon Orbital Angular Momentum

Quark Higgs mass (1%) + Quark/Gluon
Energy, Trace anomaly, Quark condensate

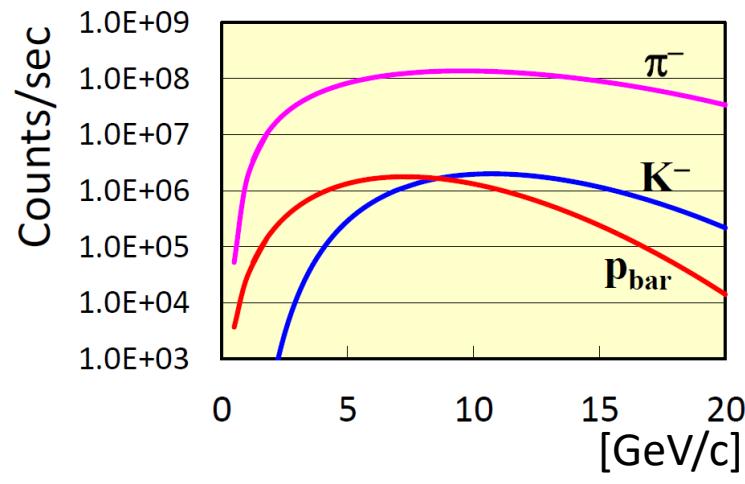
Need high energy to probe

J-PARC high-momentum beamline

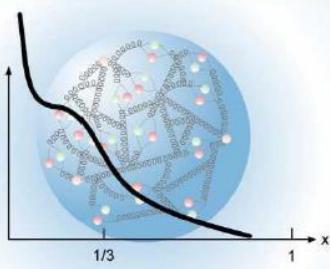
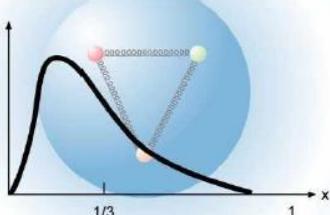
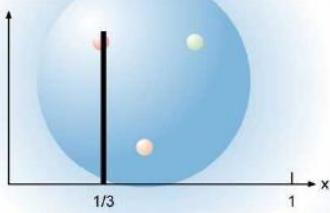
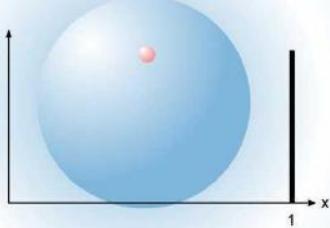
High momentum beam (30 GeV/c) is now available in J-PARC



- 2020~ : primary proton beam (30 GeV/c)
E16 experiment (Φ meson in nucleus)
- 2024? : Study of secondary beam (P93)
- 202? : High intensity negative secondary beam



Parton distribution function



Parton = Quark + Antiquark + Gluon

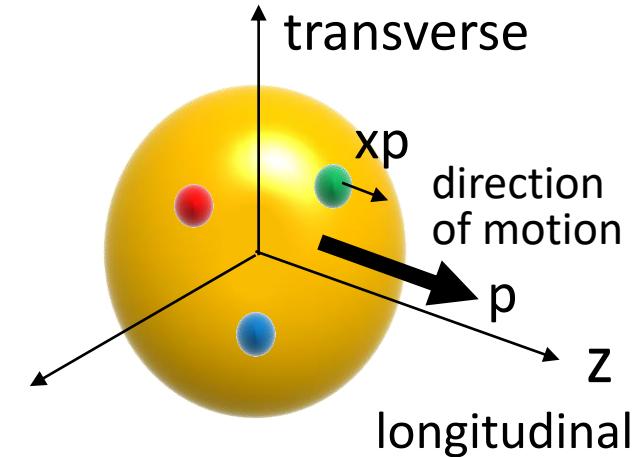
As a function of x

x : Longitudinal
momentum fraction
carried by the parton

Q^2

$f(x)$: Parton Distribution Function

Longitudinal distribution of partons (1-dimention)



Depends on

Q^2 : Energy scale of the reaction

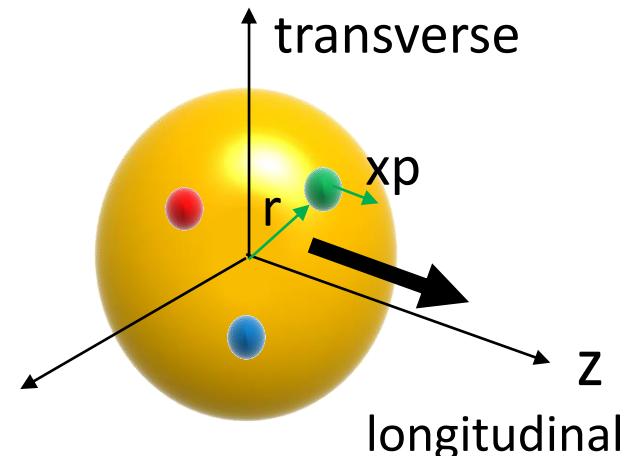
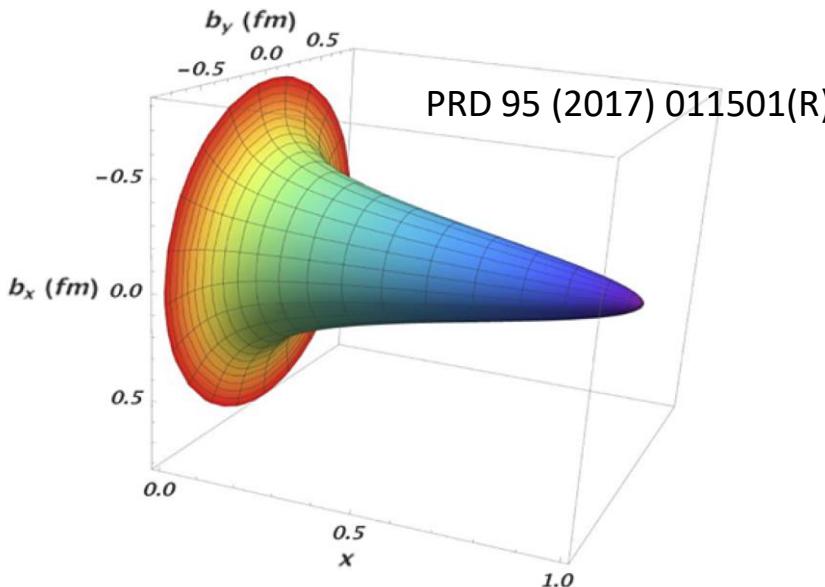
Small $Q^2 \Rightarrow$ large scale probe

Large $Q^2 \Rightarrow$ small scale probe

Nucleon 3-D structure

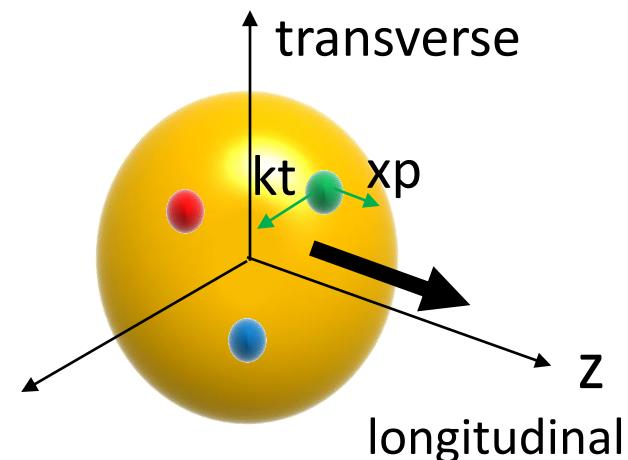
Generalized Parton Distributions (GPDs)

- **Transverse position** of partons & longitudinal momentum



Transverse Momentum Dependent Parton Distributions (TMDs)

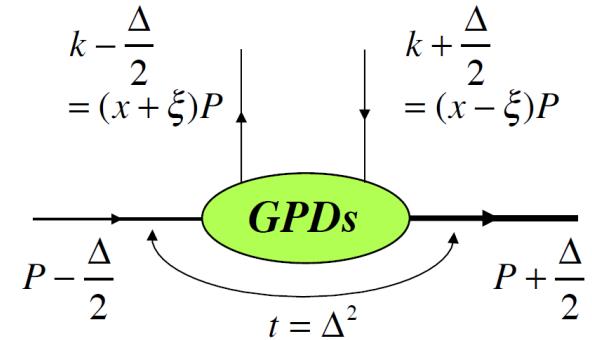
- **Transverse momentum** of partons & longitudinal momentum



Generalized Parton Distributions

$$\int \frac{dy^-}{4\pi} e^{ixp^+y^-} \langle p' | \bar{q}(-y/2) \gamma^+ q(y/2) | p \rangle_{y^+=\vec{y}_\perp=0} \\ = \frac{1}{2P^+} \bar{u}(p') \left[H^q(x, \xi, t) \gamma^+ + E^q(x, \xi, t) \frac{i\sigma^{+\alpha} \Delta_\alpha}{2m_N} \right] u(p),$$

$$\int \frac{dy^-}{4\pi} e^{ixp^+y^-} \langle p' | \bar{q}(-y/2) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 q(y/2) | p \rangle_{y^+=\vec{y}_\perp=0} \\ = \frac{1}{2P^+} \bar{u}(p') \left[\tilde{H}^q(x, \xi, t) \gamma^+ \gamma_5 + \tilde{E}^q(x, \xi, t) \frac{\gamma_5 \Delta^+}{2m_N} \right] u(p).$$



- x : Bjorken variable
- ξ : Skewness
- t : Momentum transfer



Origin of nucleon
Spin
Mass

- Quark Orbital Angular Momentum
- Gravitational Form Factor



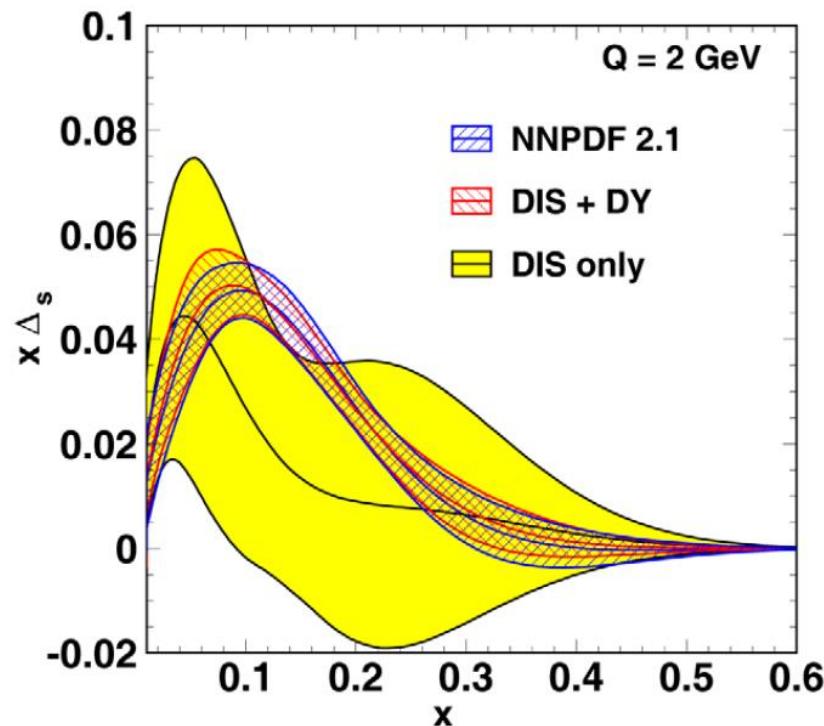
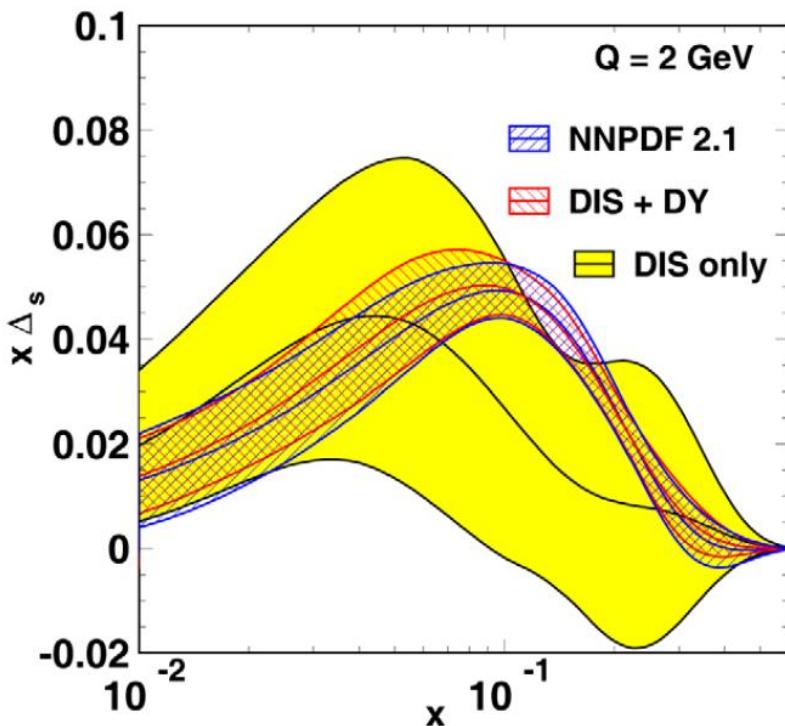
Global Analysis

- Deep Inelastic Scattering ($eN, \mu N$) → Electron Ion Collider
- $p + p \rightarrow p + \pi^+ + n$
- $\pi^- + p \rightarrow \mu^+ + \mu^- + n$ (Exclusive Drell-Yan) → J-PARC high momentum beamline₆

Example of global analysis

$$\Delta_s(x) = \bar{d}(x) - \bar{u}(x)$$

- DIS (Deep Inelastic Scattering)
- DY (Drell-Yan)



Rep. Prog. Phys. 76 (2013) 046201

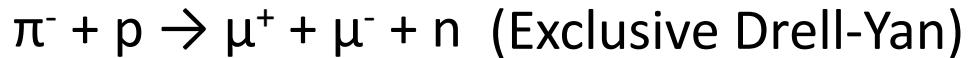
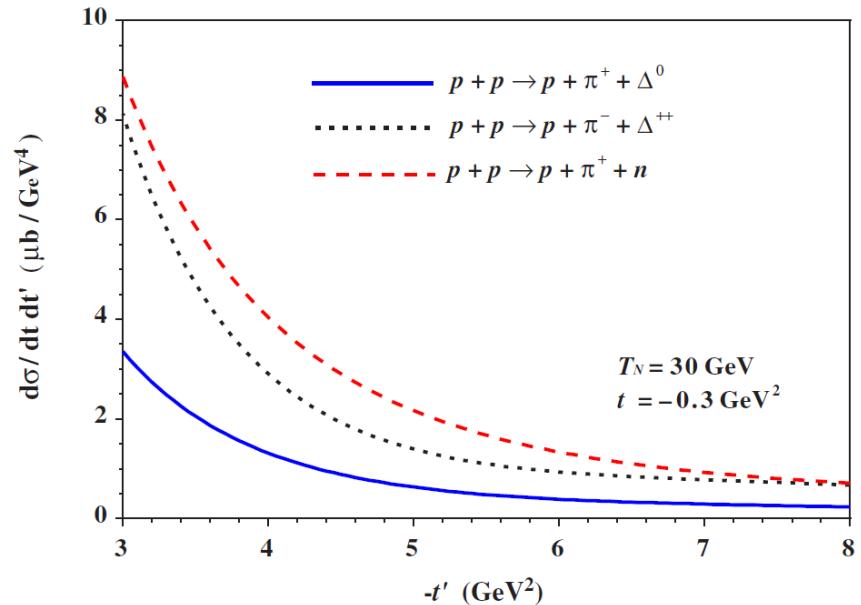
- Cover wide x, ξ, t range with different measurements

GPDs measurements at J-PARC



- Large cross section
- High momentum p beam is now available

S. Kumano et al., PRD 80 074003 (2009)



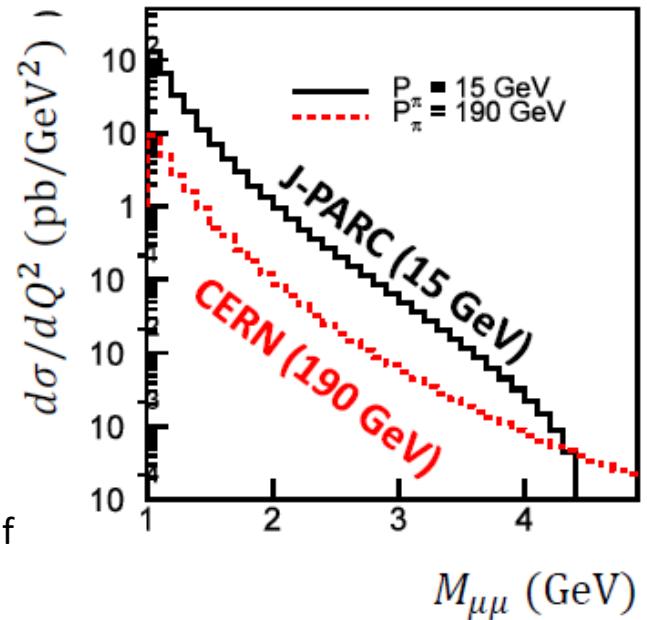
- 10-20 GeV/c beam is suited

E.R. Berger et al., PLB 523 (2001) 265

T. Sawada et al., PRD 93 (2016) 114034

LoI (W.C. Chang et al.)

https://j-parc.jp/researcher/Hadron/en/pac_1901/pdf/LoI_2019-07.pdf



Drell-Yan measurement



- Small cross section ($\sim \text{pb}$) \Leftrightarrow Large hadron background ($\sim \text{mb}$)

Ordinarily experimental set up

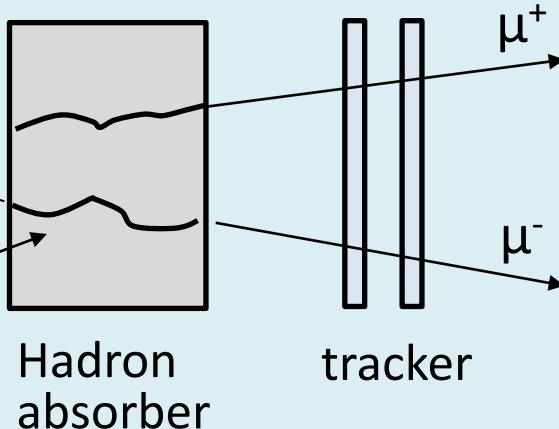
High intensity
hadron beam

target

Multiple
scattering



(CERN)
(Fermilab)



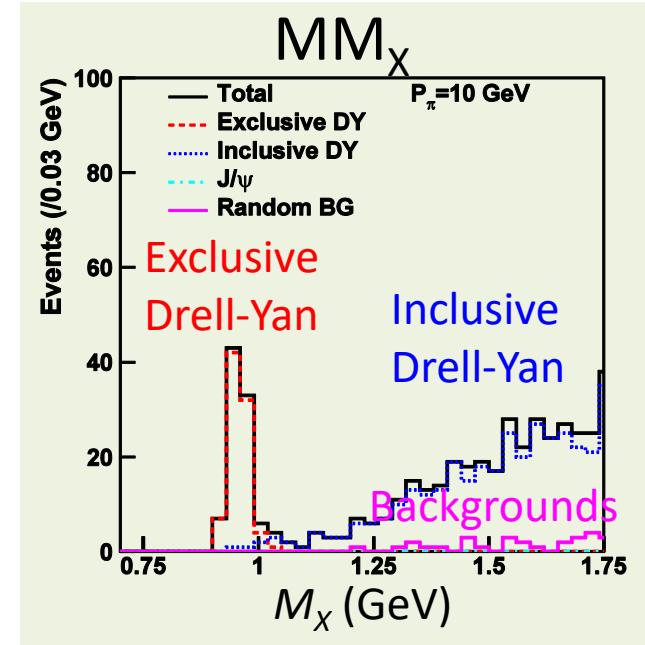
Bad momentum resolution



Cannot separate

Inclusive Drell-Yan $\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* X \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- X$

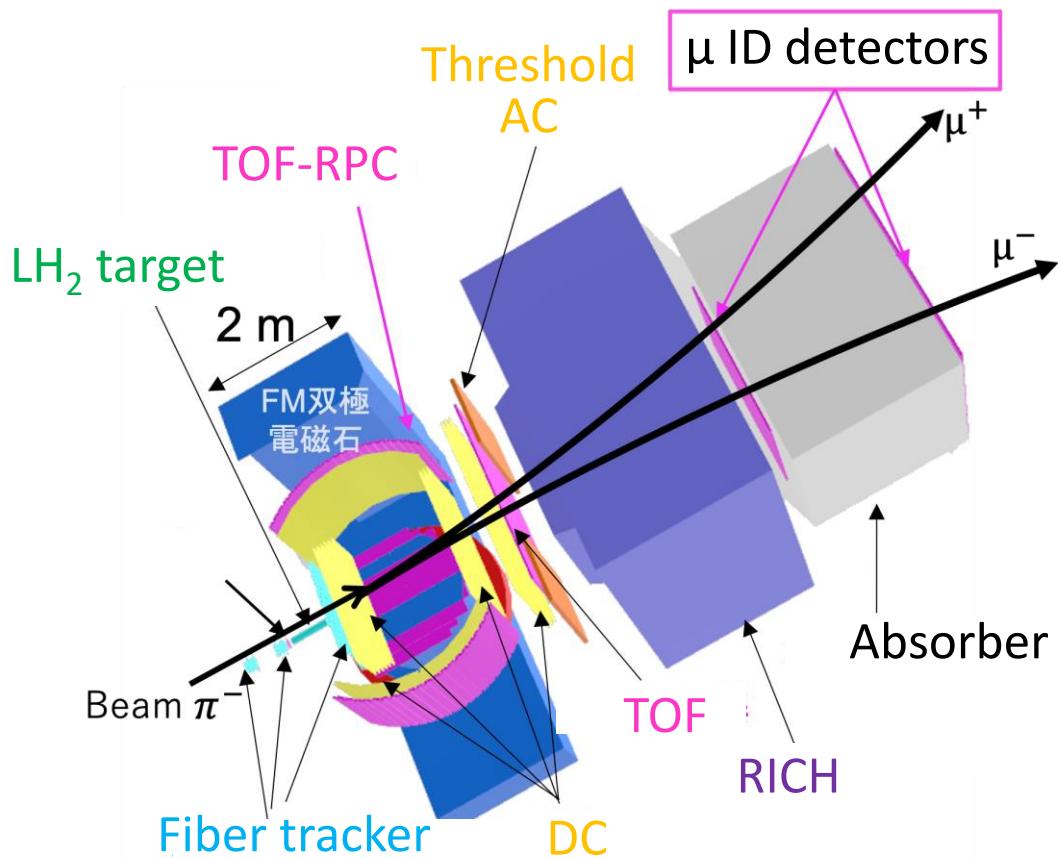
Exclusive Drell-Yan $\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$



- High rate, good momentum resolution spectrometer

: E50 spectrometer

E50 spectrometer

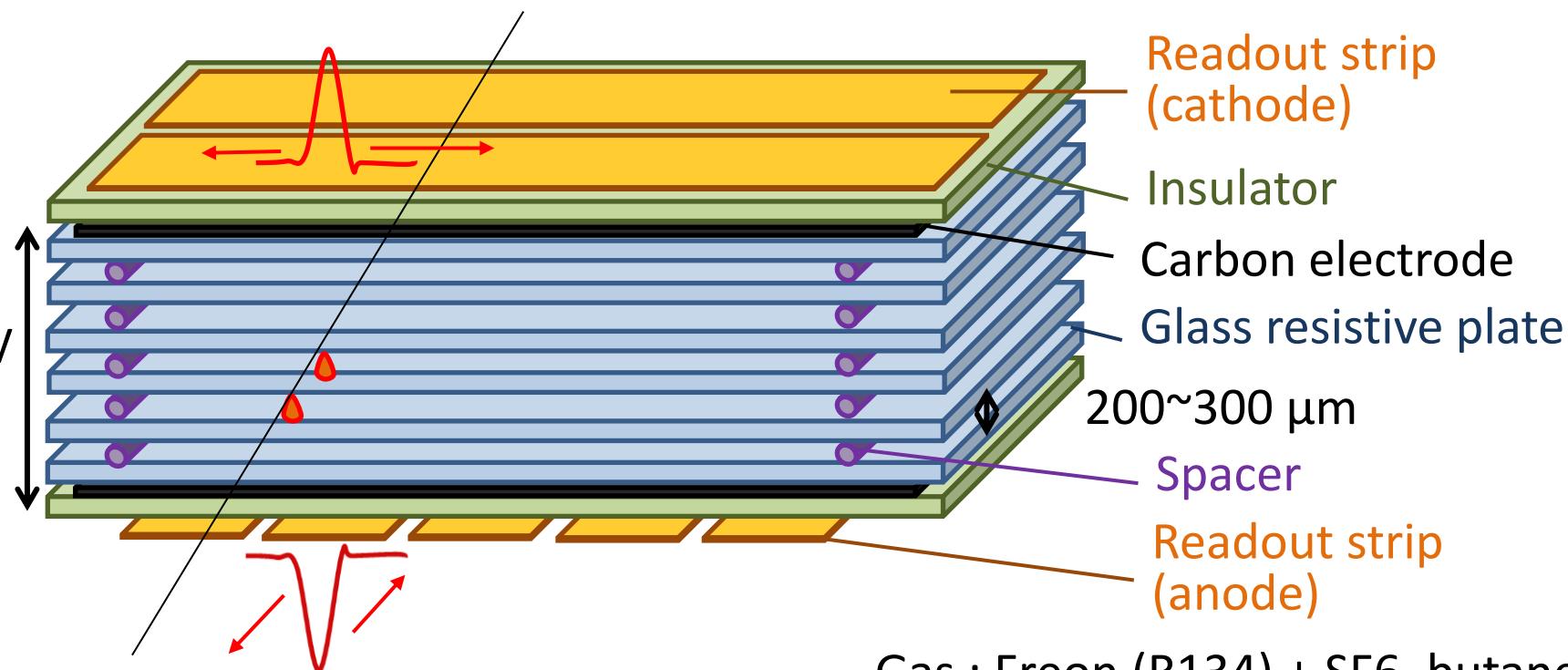


- Spectrometer :
計画研究A02
- Additional μ detector :
公募研究

- Reduction of combinatorial BG of μ from π/K decay
- Good position resolution :
 ~ 1 mm (upstream)
 ~ 5 cm (downstream)
- Good timing resolution
- Large area :
 2.4×1.8 m 2 (upstream)
 3.5×2.5 m 2 (downstream)

Multi-gap Resistive Plate Chamber based Tracker
(Common development with TOF-RPC)

Multi-gap Resistive Plate Chamber (MRPC)



Gas : Freon (R134) + SF₆, butane

- Resistive Plate -> Avoid discharge
- Small gap -> Good time resolution
- Multi gap -> High efficiency, better time resolution

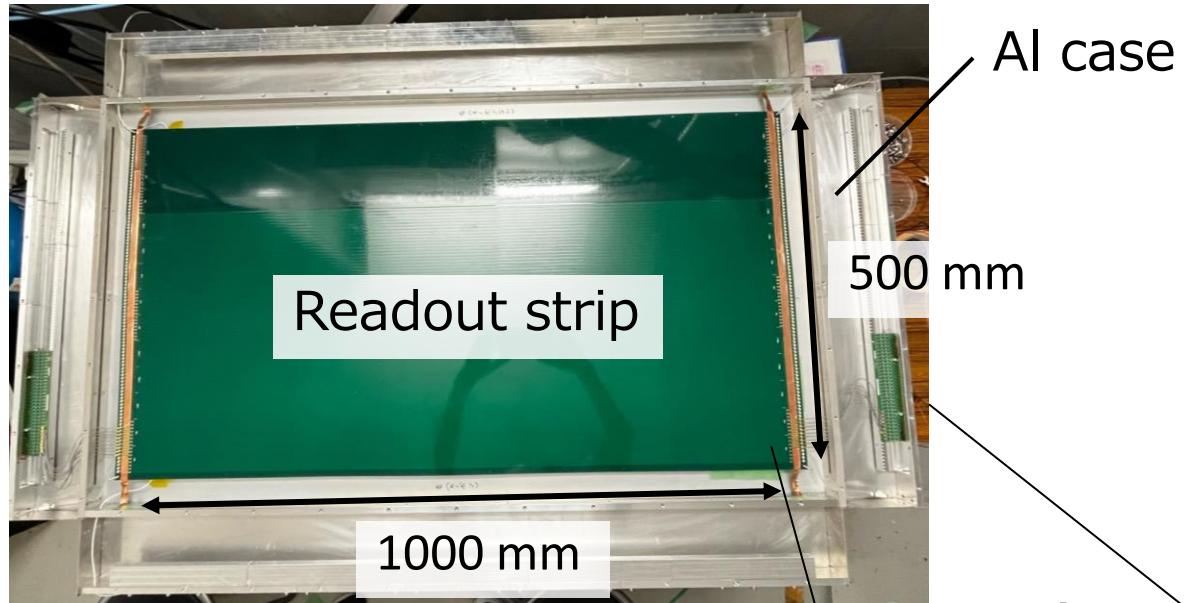
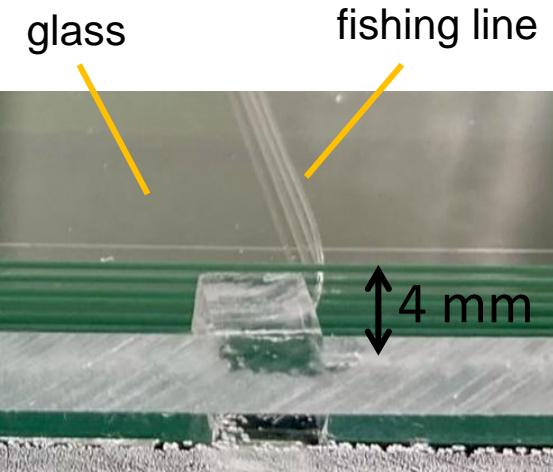
Has been used mainly for TOF

- Narrow strip pitch -> Good position resolution
Ability to measure both timing & position by a single detector

TOF-tracker

⇒ Aim to build the 1st practical TOF-tracker

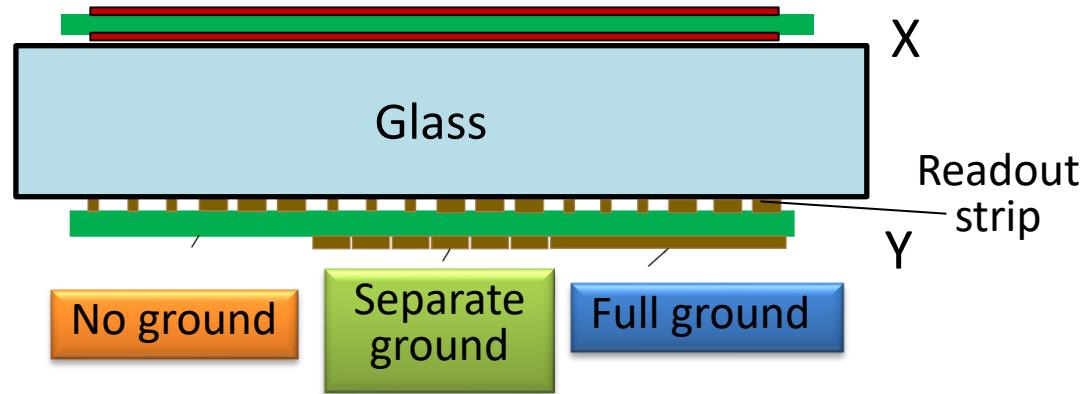
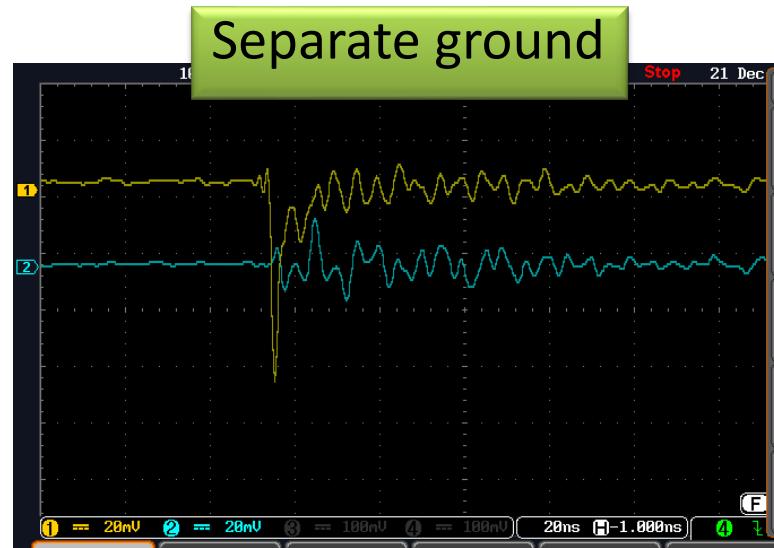
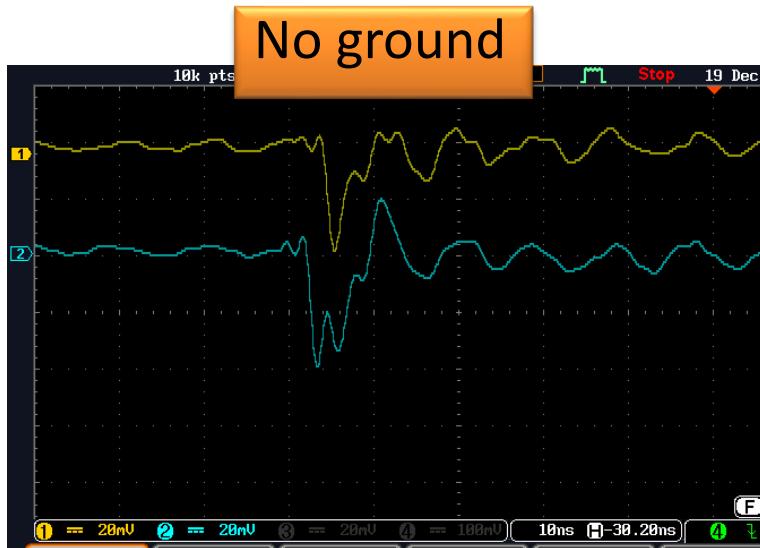
Prototype detector



- Readout strips
 - 5 mm pitch X, Y strips
 - Different strip width (1~4 mm)/ground configurations
- New gas tight system
- Carbon electrode
 - Discontinued
 - Test of alternatives...
- Amp (Developed in Academia Sinica in Taiwan)
 - Oscillations because of high gain (x600)
 - Development of low gain amp

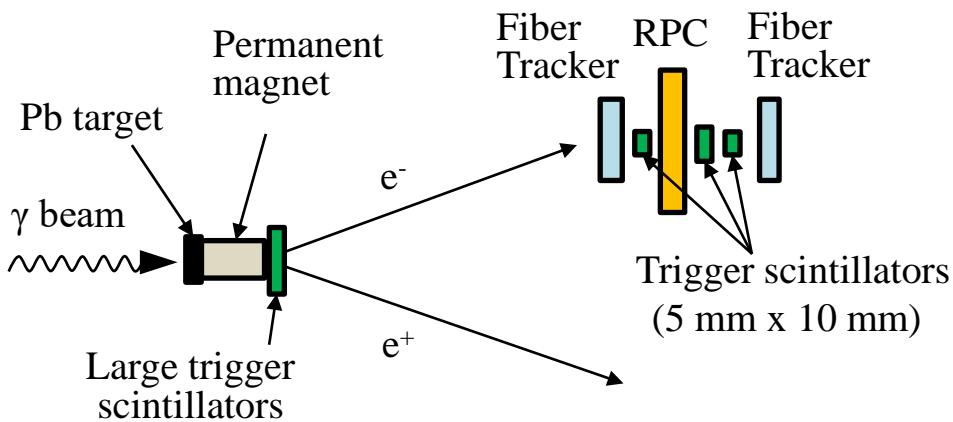


Strip geometry

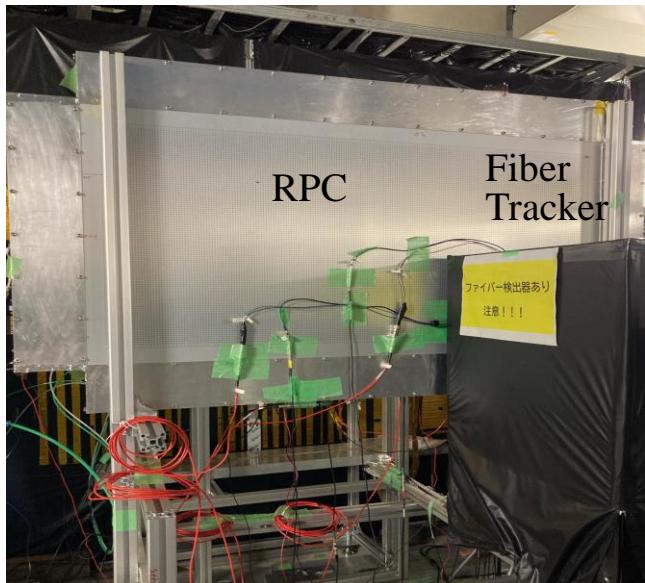


Full ground is the best

Beam test @ LEPS2 beam line



- 2022/7
 - Time resolution : ~ 100 ps
 - Position resolution : could not be evaluated because of multiple scattering of low momentum beam
 - Suffered from amp noise



- 2023/2/10-
 - Beam test with a new magnet
 - New low gain amp

Summary

- Study hadrons in partonic view using high momentum beam @ J-PARC
- Measurement of Generalize Parton Distributions
 - Contribution of Quark Angular Orbital Momentum to proton spin
 - Gravitational Form Factor
- 1st measurement of exclusive Drell-Yan process : $\pi^- p \rightarrow \gamma^* n \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^- n$
- Prototype μ ID detector based on multi-gap resistive plate chamber
- Beam test from tomorrow
- Graduate thesis, Master thesis (R. Uda, F. Hayashi (Osaka univ.))
- JPS meeting (2022/3, 2022/9, 2023/3)
- RPC2022 workshop (2022/9), proceedings in NIMA
- CLUSHIQ2022 (2022/10)