

NEOLITH-s parasite experiment preparation

Reports on Neolith project (Sato prepared)

http://be.nucl.ap.titech.ac.jp/~satou/docs/neutron_detector/neut_det.html

2025.04.16

As of 2025.06.06

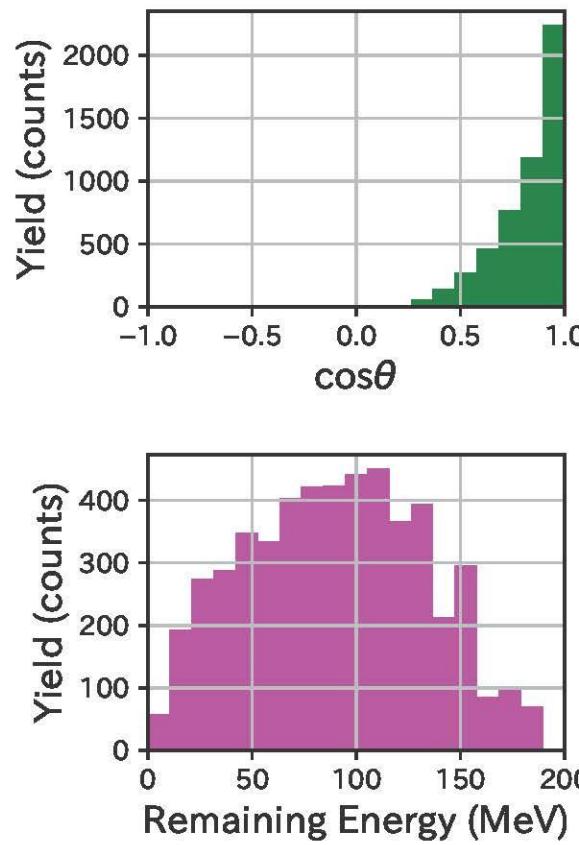
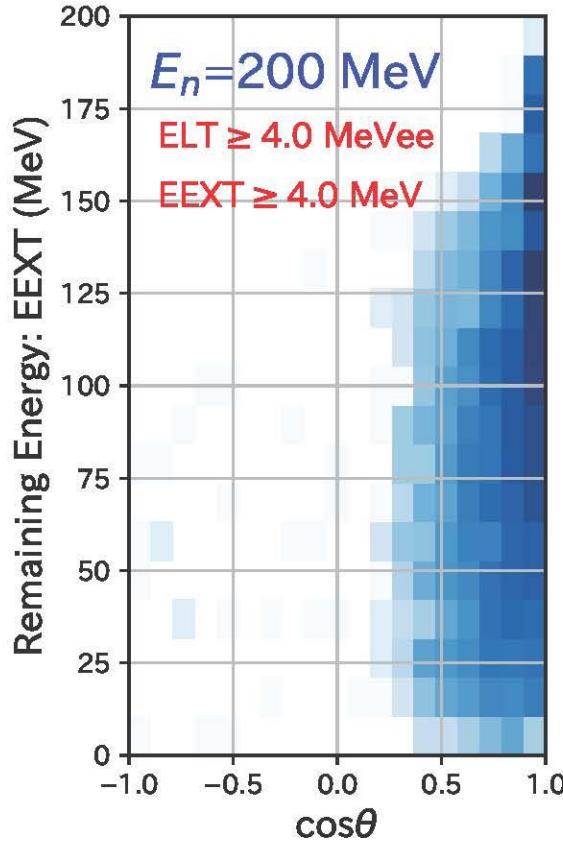
Experimental outline

- Date : End of June~early July(June 29~July 4) → 6/26~7/1
- Purpose : Examine the response of Neolith-s (second prototype) on the incidence of high energy neutrons
- Carry out the measurement as a parasite experiment of the Kubota experiment at the samurai installation of RIBF
 - Place the setup downstream of the beam dump

Response evaluation of Neolith-s for the incidence of high-energy neutrons by using simulation codes

←to be confirmed by the measurement

- Ex. Charged particles escaping the scint. boundary

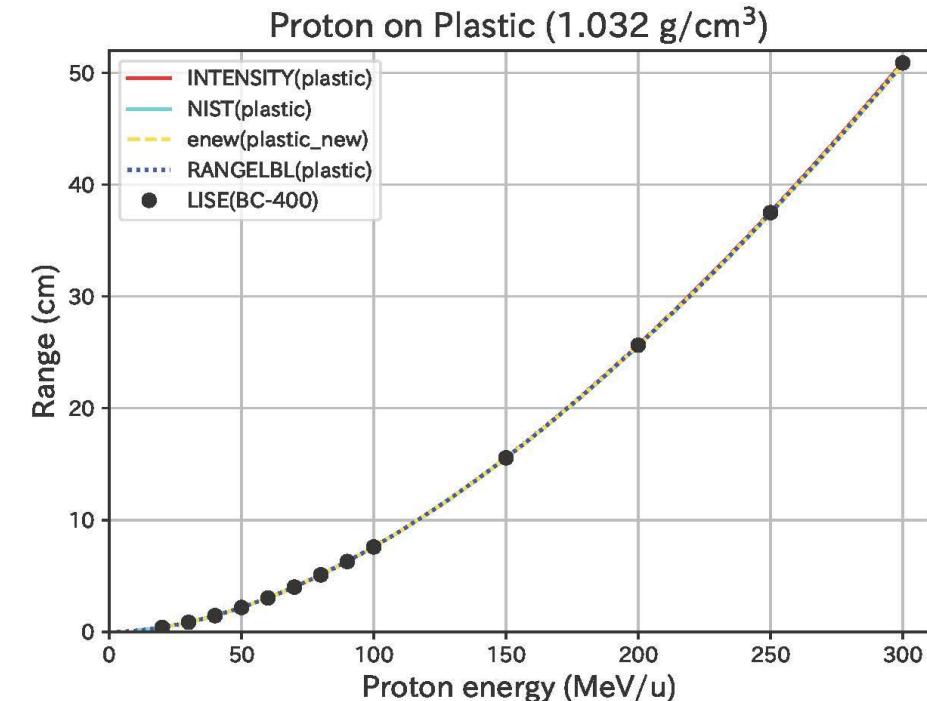


Code: CECIL

Scintillator thickness: 15 cm

Document:

http://be.nucl.ap.titech.ac.jp/~satou/docs/neutron_detector/neut2024_ed.pdf

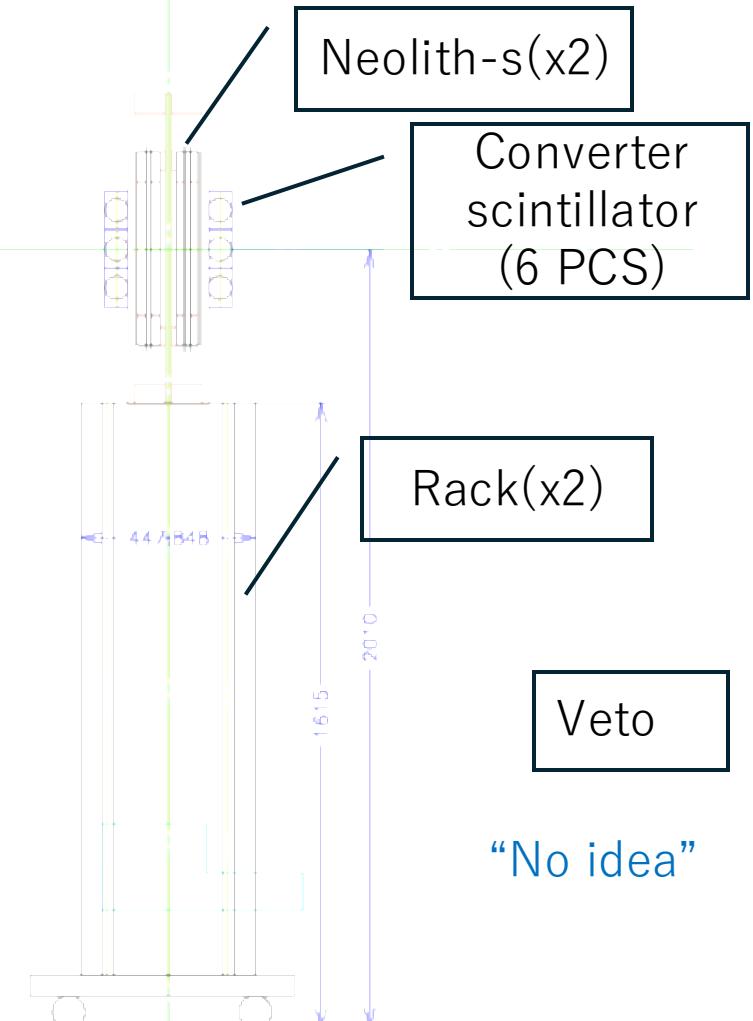
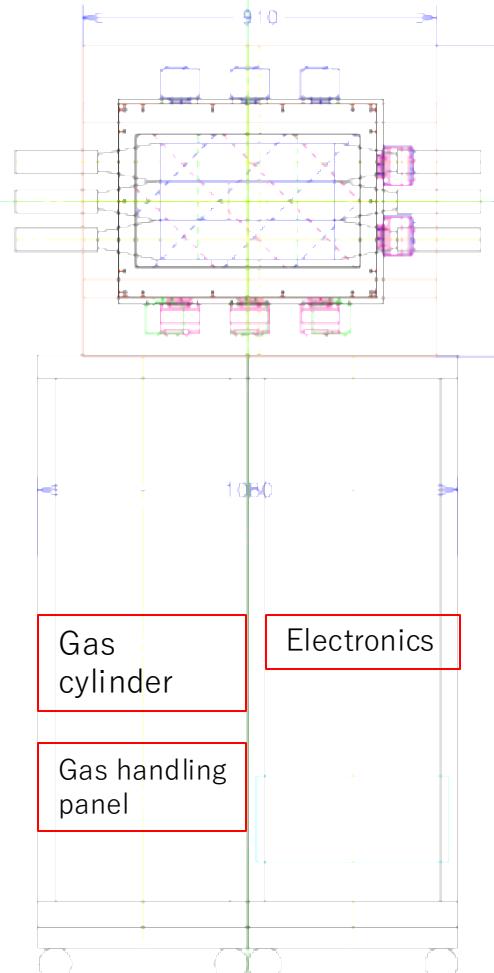


Setup outline

Rack (x2)	lead ox-30u →DIY	
Neolith-s (x2)	Sensitive area 577x342 mm ²	#ch=16x1 3x2=461
Converter scintillator (x6)	450(L)x100(W) x60(D) mm ³ 3本x2 Sensitive area 450x300 mm ²	#ch=2x6=12
Veto [(x7)]	Larger than 600x360 mm ²	[#ch=2x7=14]

By T. Kobayashi
2025.03.17/21

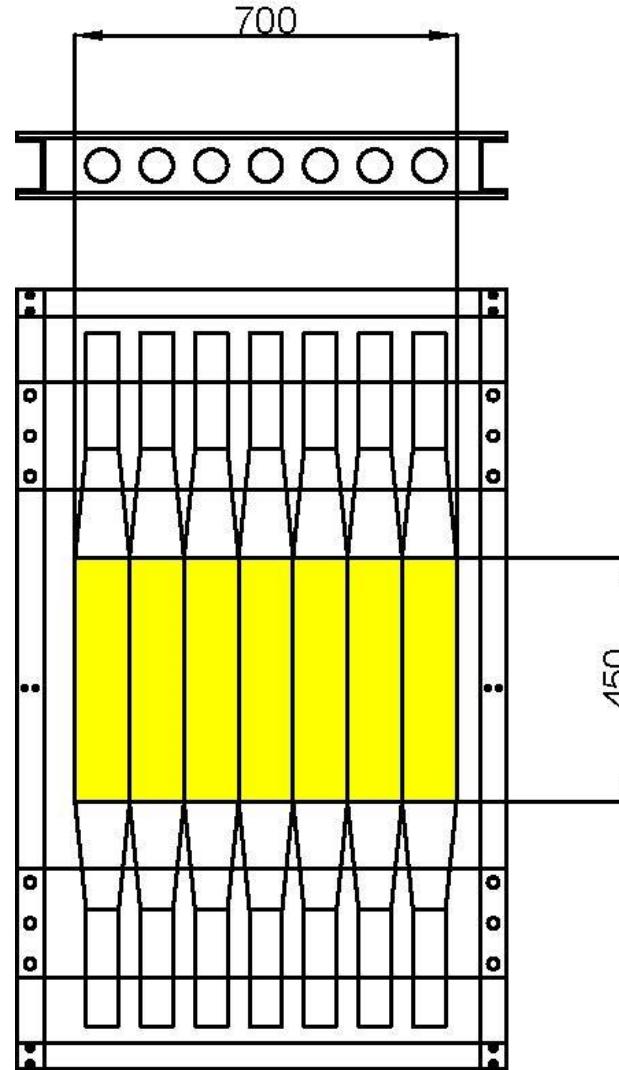
※ Emphasis is placed on
ease of setup transfer



Veto counter candidates

- A 2007 model of HOD designed at TITech Nakamura-lab.
Consisting of 7 plastic scintillators with a thickness of 5 mm
- 1 cm-thick former RIPS HOD (if placed not normally to the beam, the passage of charged particles through the gap can be avoided.)
 - Needing tests: light protection, gain adjust etc.

By Makimura



※ Adjacent plastics can be repositioned so that they overlap each other by 2 mm. This is necessary to eliminate the slip-through of charged particles and to provide a veto function.

※ Fulfilling the required sensitive area of more than 600x360 mm².

2007 HOD specification document:

http://be.nucl.ap.titech.ac.jp/~satou/docs/neutron_detector/hodo_sasae_buhin.pdf

Things to do (design)

■ Veto frame support

- Divert HOD manufactured by TITech in 2007, consisting of seven 5 mm-thick scintillators.
- Adjacent scintillators can be arranged so that they have 2 mm-wide overlap regions (confirmed in **2025.04.14**).
- Sensitive area becomes $45 \times 688 \text{cm}^2$

□ NEOLITH-s support (including the support of the converter scintillators)

- Base will be provided by Lead OX-30U racks (proposed by T.Kobayashi) → Base is MISUMI DIY frame; detector stage (Kobayashi design) will arrive after 6/11, scint stage will be a wooden one.
- ~~HIMAC CATANA base is another choice~~

■ Gas handling panel (design & manufacturing) → Flow meter needs two months for delivery; prepare for the next chance.

Things to do (purchase)

Necessary amount of BNC · SHV cables

- Enough 6 m BNC cables from Nebula stock [2024.05.01](#). 16 SHV cables (5 m) have been secured at Nakamura-lab [2024.05.13](#). No need to secure cables for Veto.

Data transfer flat cables ~~(6~8 m)~~ ([26+4=30](#) PSC, 4 m)

- MISUMI, fusion splicing (融着), crimping operation by ourselves → 13 pcs purchased for test [2025.05.07](#). 17 pcs purchased in [2025.05.03](#).

Pre-amp power cables ~~(6~8 m)~~ ([26+4=30](#) PSC, 4 m)

- Crimping operation by ourselves, existing 26 PSC are all 4 m; replace 10 of them with shielded ones. Add 12 PCS by [2025.05.30](#).

V1190 adapter (16chx2→32ch) (16 PSC, including those for reference signals)

- Asking quotation [2025.04.16](#).
- Make ourselves, twenty P50E-068S-EA connectors & one TPFLEX-N 17P-7 reel purchased [2025.05.12](#). Fabrication completed in [2025.05.28](#).

Lead OX-30U rack, 2 PSC (One exists in the room 109) → Parts purchased via

MISUMI, assembling finished in [2025.05.23](#).

10L P20 gasx1

- Asking quotation [2025.05.08](#) Suzuki shokan. Quotation price: ¥44,000. Make a purchase request to Otsu-san in [2025.05.14](#). To arrive at RIKEN on [2025.06.17](#). Use ISCT regulator.

Things to do (operation)

- ✓ Securing photo-multiplier tubes (PMTs) (13 PSC as of **2025.04.14**)
- ✓ Finding out a veto counter candidate (**2025.04.14**)
- ✓ Veto scintillator signal test (14ch) (done **2025.04.14**)
- ✓ Attaching 12 PMTs to the 6 PSC of the converter scintillators (using optical grease), signal test. → **Use optical cement.**
 - Black sheet may have holes; light shielding reinforcement is required.
- ✓ Reattachment of veto scintillators (HOD-1D & -3D) that have been unglued (using optical cement). Additional repair of 2D&4D done **2025.05.01**.
- ✓ Evaluating the power consumption
 - By Sisir-kun: for the ISCT setup (7.31 A), the RIKEN setup (8.37 A)

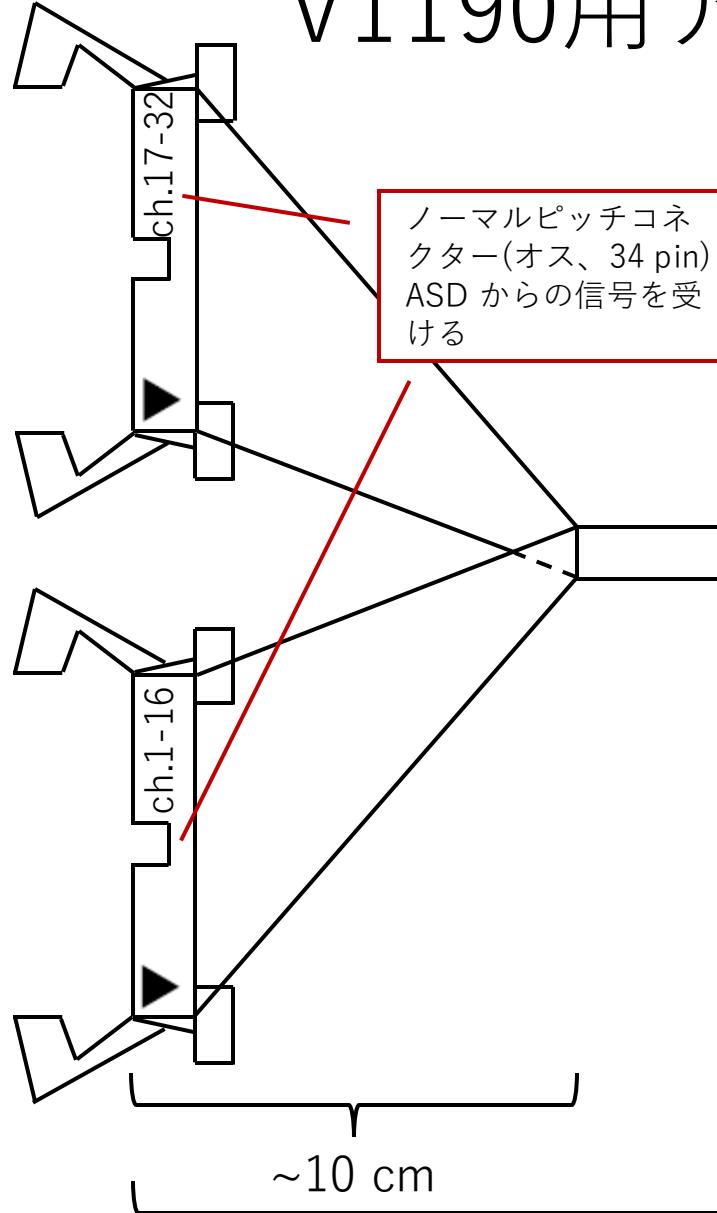
Things to do (operation, continuation)

- Dr. Kondo is in charge of creating the detection efficiency monitoring software
 - Efficiency measurement data, in the ridf format, taken with the ArCH₄(10%) gas at ISCT was shipped to him **2024.04.16**
- Beam trajectory calculations(Hanai)
- Consider the usage of QTC (charge to time converter) for better estimation of the deposited charges inside the converter scintillators (**We want to know the ToT-Charge correlation, Deploy as discriminator**) → 4413 for Discri? Then charge may not be measured.
- Build a remote control environment for iseg's high-voltage power supply
- Evaluation of Neolith's responses (upon incidence of neutrons) using simulation codes
- Comparison of the Y resolution between 8 mm wide and 10 mm wide cathodes (**Cathode exchange: 8→10 mm, start cosmic ray run 2025.04.24**)
- Electronics modules collection and trigger circuit assembly

Things to do (operation, continuation)

- Keep accommodation in advance (let Ohno-san know the price) → Deal with it oneself → take care of the 3 days (forward) shift in the machine time
- Make timeline 2025.05.30
- Secure HV modules (as early as possible, find a fluke 5 kV, 50 mA power supply) → would be ready 2025.05.01
- Newcomers can work as temporary visitors (in May, but until 24H before beam irradiation, an MT starts from 5/11)
- Take efficiency curves of Neolith-s at samurai using cosmic rays 2025.05.13
 - cf.) ISCT&Samurai efficiency results
- Take efficiency curves at twice as large a threshold

V1190用アダプターケーブル (2x16ch→32ch)

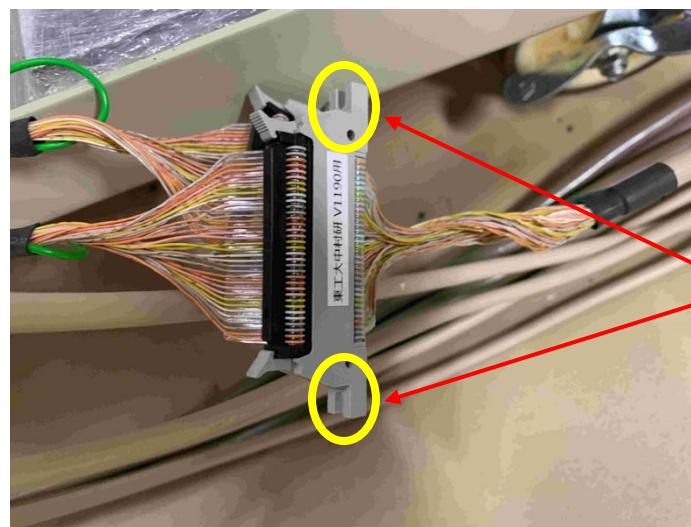


ケーブル : UL20276-SB(MA)-28AWG-34P

本数 : 10 本

※34ピン側コネクターは3Mオスコネクター（パネル取り付け用の構造のあるもの）、それ以外の仕様はCAEN Model A967 Cable Adapterに準じる

ハーフピッチ
コネクター(68 pin)
CAEN V1190 TDC
の入力部に接続

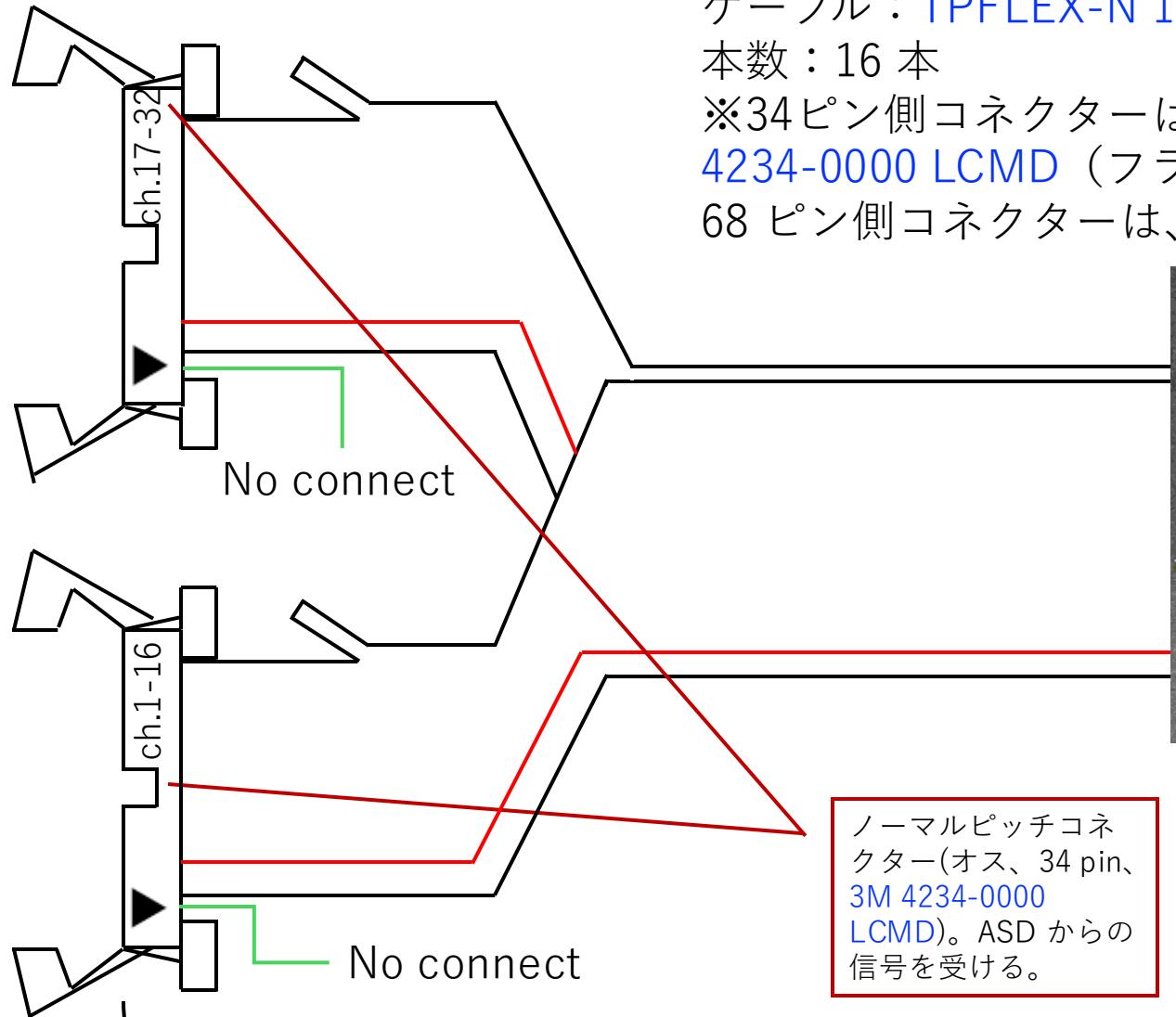


パネル取り付け用
の構造

~5 cm

100 cm

V1190用アダプターケーブル(V2) (2x16ch→32ch)

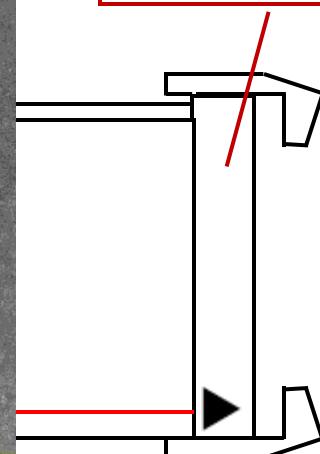
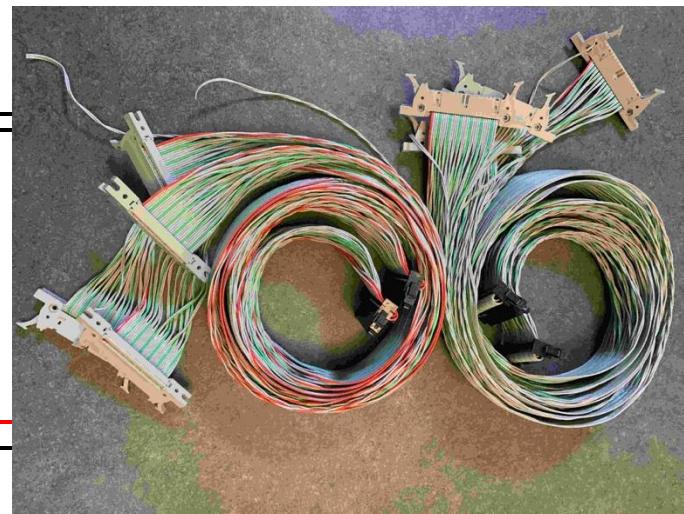


ケーブル : TPFLEX-N 17P-7/0.127-250 20591

本数 : 16 本

※34ピン側コネクターは 3M オスコネクター : 3M
4234-0000 LCMD (フランジ付、クリップ付) 、
68 ピン側コネクターは、3M-P50E-068S-EA。

ハーフピッチ
コネクター(68 pin、
3M-P50E-068S-EA)。
V1190 に接続。



ノーマルピッチコネクター(オス、34 pin、
3M 4234-0000 LCMD)。ASD からの
信号を受ける。

100 cm

※ To match the channel numbers in both the ASD and V1190 connector sides, shift by a pair (one channel) is introduced at the 3M 4234-0000 LCMD connector.

Data transfer flat cable

- MISUMI FNA20276-1.27FF-17P-4-1E 13 PCS (adjacent leads are spliced) purchased. Additional 17 PCS purchased.



Length : 4 m
Splicing : both ends
Shield lead : one side
price : 3064 yen (1 piece)

NEOLITH-s パラサイト実験準備

中村研究室
佐藤

シンプル ガント チャート (Vertex42.com)

<https://www.vertex42.com/ExcelTemplates/simple-gantt-chart.htm>